



2023-24 Tentative District Budget First Public Hearing August 1, 2023

Dr. Peter B. Licata Superintendent of Schools

600 Southeast Third Avenue Fort Lauderdale, FL 33301

browardschools.com

Educating Today's Students to Succeed in Tomorrow's World

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BROWARD COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOLS

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for excellence in the preparation and issuance of its budget for the Fiscal Year 2022–2023.

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/ John Hutchison President

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July 01, 2022

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Executive Director

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

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Dr. Peter B. Licata Superintendent of Schools

School Board Members:

Broward County Public Schools (BCPS) is committed to its mission of educating all students to reach their highest potential. During a year of tremendous change and transition for BCPS, providing students with a world-class education to best prepare them for their futures remains the District's unwavering focus.

As your new Superintendent, I am committed to ensuring our schools provide outstanding studentcentered, teacher-supported and principal-led learning experiences. My driving philosophy is "Every 1 Counts." No matter where a student resides in Broward County, he or she deserves access to the same high-quality instruction, facilities and resources. Our collective goal is to move this District to higher levels of achievement and earn an "A" rating from the state.

There is a strong foundation in place, which we will continue to enhance and improve. Over the past year, the District implemented numerous academic initiatives aligned with the District's Strategic Plan's goals for proficiency in Early Literacy, Algebra and Science, as well as College and Career Readiness.

Most recently, this included the 2023 Summer Experience, which offered a full range of academic programs for eligible students in pre-K – 12th grade based on need. The Summer Experience was hosted at 52 school sites and ran for 22 instructional days from June through July 2023. It focused on targeted academic needs, course recovery and graduation requirements, as well as Extended School Year for Exceptional Education and support for English Language Learners. Approximately 12,000 BCPS students participated.

The District also offered numerous extended learning opportunities throughout the 2022-23 school year. These programs aimed to support students' individual academic needs with tutoring programs available after school, on Saturdays, and during winter and spring breaks.

The 2022-23 school year also included the launch of the state's new Florida Assessment of Student Thinking (FAST), which is modeled after Florida's new educational standards called the Benchmarks for Excellent Student Thinking (B.E.S.T.). Students take FAST three times a year, marking a major shift from the former Florida Standards Assessment that was taken only once a year in the spring.



Transmittal Letter District Budget 2023-24 Page 2 of 3

To prepare for this transition, District staff worked closely with school leadership to provide training, professional development and assistance with understanding how the results reflect students' learning. Schools utilized data from the first two FAST administrations to make real-time adjustments in interventions and/or enrichments for students prior to the third and final assessment in the spring of 2023.

Overall, the FAST results showed BCPS students made significant progress and outperformed the state in the majority of tested areas. District staff continues to analyze the results and will use the information to best meet the needs of our District's diverse learners. Staff is also reviewing results from End of Course exams, and – as data becomes available – performance scores from Advanced Placement, International Baccalaureate and Cambridge AICE courses. These areas are included in the state's College and Career Acceleration component data, which has a direct impact on the grade our District earns from the Florida Department of Education. This is an area where we have opportunities for improvement.

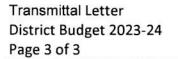
In addition to academics, ensuring safe and secure learning and working environments is always a top priority. As we prepare for the upcoming school year, we remain vigilant in our adherence to established safety and security protocols, and we will continue to introduce additional layers of protection for schools, as determined to be appropriate. In 2022-23, this included the use of handheld metal detectors for random screenings during the school day and changing to plain language emergency protocols to ensure all communications are clearly understood by students and staff, as well as first responders.

For our school facilities, a major area of focus is the District's SMART capital bond program. More than 200 projects are now in construction, 80 projects are in construction closeout, and, following the 2020 schedule reset, more than 40 projects are ahead of schedule. The School Choice Enhancement Program is forecasted to be completed before the start of the 2023-24 school year. We understand the importance of this work to our community – and our responsibility for ensuring the best possible learning environments for our students.

These are just some of the notable accomplishments over the past year. In developing the budget for the fiscal year 2023-24, the School Board held seven workshops. Below are a few highlights from the 2023-24 recommended budget:

- Continues to hold harmless the funding for class size compliance despite continued reduction in funding by the State of Florida.
- Funds the equivalent of 154 teaching positions to assist students in accelerating their learning through American Rescue Plan (ARP) funding. 148 of which are allocated directly to schools and 6 positions in the Regional Offices.
- Maintains the investment for air quality improvement projects through the use of ARP funding.





 The District and School Board were also honored with the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting and with the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award from the Government Finance Officers Association, as well as it has been recognized with the Meritorious Budget Award and the Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting from the Association of School Business Officials International.

In addition to these highlights, the budget ensures fiscal stability and attempts to manage the impact of the ARP funding cliff. Like most large Districts across the nation and the state of Florida, Broward County Public Schools has continued to see declines in enrollment since the pandemic. In addition, the District also saw an increase in the number of students choosing other educational options provided by the States Family Empowerment Scholarship option.

With the School Board's support and direction; effective District leadership; dedicated teachers, administrators and staff; and community support – BCPS is continuing its tradition of excellence in education and is well on its way to becoming an "A" rated school district. The proposed budget supports our shared values and priorities, as together, we remain true to the District's vision of educating today's students to succeed in tomorrow's world.

Sincerely,

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Dr. Peter B. Licata Superintendent Broward County Public Schools



BROWARD COUNTY

Broward County

In 1915, Broward County was founded by the Florida Legislature and named after the former Governor Napoleon Bonaparte Broward, who campaigned to drain the Everglades for agriculture and residential development.

Broward is geographically located in southeast Florida. The county's 31 municipalities occupy only 35 percent of the total 1,225 square miles of the county, as the largest portion is the 797 square miles of the protected wetlands of the Florida Everglades Wildlife Management Area. Broward has 266 miles of canals and is bordered by 24 miles of white sandy beaches hugging the Atlantic coast.



Population

Broward County is the second-most populated county in the state of Florida, with over 2 million residents according to the most recent United States census data. Broward is one of the most ethnically diverse counties in the entire country. As of the 2020 census, 35.51 percent are White, 30.18 percent are Hispanic, 27.63 percent are Black or African American, 2.25 percent are two or more races, 3.55 percent are Asian, while 0.88 percent account for all other races, including Native American and Pacific Islander. The median age for Broward County is 49.5 years, with 21.3 percent under the age of 18, 20.9 percent from 18 to 34 years, 41.2 percent from 35 to 64 years, 9.5 percent from 65 to 74 years, and 7.1 percent are 75 years of age or older.

Economy

Broward County continues to recover from the economic impact of the pandemic, as reflected by the April 2023 unemployment rate of 2.3 percent per the United States Federal Reserve. Broward had the second highest annual job growth compared to all metro areas in the state; however, Education and Health Services continue to experience a decline in jobs.

In April 2023, the Consumer Price Index (CPI) for Broward increased nine percent over the last twelve months, the largest twelve-month change since August 1982. Broward County home prices increased by 9 percent compared to June 2022; the median price of a home in Broward is currently \$400,834.

Broward County Public Schools (BCPS)

In 1899, the first two public schools opened in what would become Broward County. The first teacher was Ivy Cromartie, who later married one of Florida's most notable pioneers, Frank Stranahan. Broward County Public Schools was officially established in 1915, along with the newly formed county.

BCPS is the first fully accredited school system since 1962, and today is the sixth largest school system in the United States and the second largest in the state of Florida. BCPS is the first district in the United States to receive the Cambridge District of the Year award, and Florida's first school district to earn



accreditation from Cognia (formerly AdvancED).

On July 11, 2023, BCPS welcomed Dr. Peter B. Licata as the District's new Superintendent of schools. The School Board selected Dr. Licata to lead the nation's sixth largest school district on June 14, 2023, following a national search for a transformational leader.

Dr. Licata's experience in Educational and Global Leadership will be useful in collaborating with stakeholders, creating partnerships, and focusing on preparing students and making their education a priority.



BROWARD COUNTY



Innovation Zone

BCPS utilizes an Innovation Zone concept that groups schools together in a collaborative effort to provide better educational opportunities for students. In molding the Innovation Zone concept, the main priority requires all facets of the educational environment be addressed. Schools are organized in a feeder pattern, or community-centered concept, to promote a smooth, constant base of support. Each Innovation Zone consists of a cluster of schools that includes a high school, middle schools, elementary schools, and centers. The zones divide the District into 28 representative, responsive, and manageable geographic areas, while maintaining the importance and influence that a large school district demands.

Educational Levels Offered

BCPS serves students from infants through adults. In addition to the various educational programs offered to kindergarten through 12th grade students, prekindergarten services include programs for babies of teen parents who are progressing toward achieving high school diplomas, programs for special education infants and toddlers below the age of three, programs for three and four-year-old disabled students, and programs for eligible low income, at-risk students. Additionally, a Voluntary Pre-Kindergarten (VPK) program is offered for four-year-old students to give them an accelerated beginning to their education.



In addition to services provided for children, Broward County Public Schools offers programs for adults to learn the necessary skills to enter the workforce or increase opportunities for advancement in current positions. Adult students from foreign countries have the opportunity to learn communication skills through our English for Speakers of Other Languages (ESOL) programs, and all citizens can take feesupported courses to increase personal development in various subjects such as computers, photography and personal financial planning.

There are 237 District-Managed school locations in Broward County offering a wealth of educational opportunities which includes 137 elementary, 36 middle, 29 high, 6 multi-level, 2 virtual schools as well as 3 technical colleges, 7 Pre-K sites and 17 additional instructional sites. In addition, the District provides adult education at 21 community schools at existing school facilities throughout Broward County. For the 2023-24 school year there are currently 88 charter schools in Broward County.

ENROLLMENT

2022-23 Benchmark Enrollmen Pre-Kindergarten to Grade 12	t
Pre-Kindergarten	5,353
Elementary (K - 5)	83,280
Middle (6 - 8)	43,655
High (9 - 12)	68,708
Centers	3,725
District-Managed Schools	204,721
Charter Schools	49,663
Total 2022-23 Benchmark	254,384

Note: Figures include non-Exceptional Student Education (ESE) Pre-K students who are not part of the FTE counts or calculations and charter school students.

Enrollment Projections

To forecast enrollment at District schools, the Demographics & Enrollment Planning (DEP) Department uses a geographically based cohort survival model, similar to the one used by the Florida Department of Education (FLDOE) for its enrollment projections and by the United States Census Bureau for its population projections. A baseline kindergarten group, or cohort, is first calculated based on birth data obtained from The Bureau of Vital Statistics. The model then uses an "aging" concept that moves the cohort of students into the future and increases or decreases their numbers by attrition rates calculated from the three previous years' enrollment trends by grade. The resulting projection



is then modified to reflect the impact of confounding variables such as trends in residential development, students' school choice options, placement of PreK, ESE clusters, the opening and closing of charter schools, and natural disasters, which can cause sudden changes in student enrollment.

According to the DEP Department's Five-Year Student Enrollment Projections memorandum, overall enrollment at district-managed schools decreased by 3,254 students from 2021-22 to 2022-23 and is projected to continue the trend of annual decline through 2027-28. While the overall population in Broward County is projected to increase through 2045 and beyond, district-managed school enrollment will continue to be negatively impacted by the proliferation of school choice options, such as charter schools and the Family Empowerment Scholarship (FES) program, as well as the increase in state-managed virtual school options. From 2023-24 to 2007-28, overall enrollment in district-managed schools is projected to decrease by more than 5,200 students, with the total enrollment below 196,000.

District-Managed School Enrollment from 2021-22 to 2022-23 and Five-Year Projected Enrollment

Enrollment			Projected Benchmark Enrollment				
Districtwide Summary	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24	2024-25	2025-26	2026-27	2027-28
Total PK	4,771	5,353	5,353	5,353	5,353	5,353	5,353
Total K-5	84,111	83,280	81,425	81,323	81,231	81,264	81,313
Total 6-8	45,691	43,655	42,633	41,712	41,027	40,370	39,909
Total 9-12	69,959	68,708	67,638	66,842	66,309	65,580	65,211
PK-12 Subtotal	204,532	200,996	197,049	195,230	193,920	192,567	191,786
Total Centers	3,443	3,725	3,725	3,725	3,725	3,725	3,725
District Total	207,975	204,721	200,774	198,955	197,645	196,292	195,511

ENROLLMENT

For charter schools, the DEP Department employs a method that identifies the historical trend in the proportion of charter school enrollment to total District enrollment and carries that trend out over the five-year projection period to back-calculate anticipated charter school enrollment from projected District school enrollment. The resulting charter school enrollment projection is then distributed by elementary, middle, and high school levels in their entirety but is not disaggregated for individual schools. From 2021-22 to 2002-23, charter school enrollment increased by 1,617 students and is expected to continue the increasing trend. Within the next five years, overall enrollment at charter schools is predicted to increase by 4,157 students, from 49,663 students in 2022-23 to 53,820 students in 2027-28.

	Enro	llment	Projected Benchmark Enrollment							
Charters Summary	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24	2024-25	2025-26	2026-27	2027-28			
Elementary	25,178	25,601	25,947	26,396	26,845	27,295	27,744			
Middle	13,555	14,169	14,360	14,609	14,858	15,407	15,355			
High	9,313	9,893	10,027	10,200	10,374	10,548	10,721			
Total Charters	48,046	49,663	50,334	51,206	52,077	52,949	53,820			

Charter School Enrollment from 2021-22 to 2022-23 and Five-Year Projected Enrollment

STRATEGIC PLAN



STUDENTS FIRST



GOALS

Early Literacy Proficiency

The percent of grade 3 students who demonstrate grade-level performance or above on the state English Language Arts (ELA) assessment will grow from 52% in June 2022 to 65% by June 2027.

Algebra Proficiency The percent of students who met the Algebra graduation testing requirement by the end of grade 9 will grow from 53% in June 2022 to 63% by June 2027.

Science Proficiency

The percent of grade 8 students who demonstrate grade-level performance or above on the Florida Statewide Science Assessment or Biology EOC will grow from 47% in June 2022 to 55% by June 2027.

College & Career Readiness

The percent of graduates who earned any combination of two from the following list: College credit on an AP exam, IB exam, AICE exam, or dual enrollment course; Industry certification; CTACE internship; will grow from 41% in June 2022 to 51% by June 2027.

2022 - 2027 STRATEGIC PLAN

The School Board of Broward County, Florida has adopted a student outcomes-focused approach to governing to improve what students know and can do with the knowledge and skills Broward County Public Schools provides to succeed in the future.

GUARDRAILS

Safety

The Superintendent may not allow a breach of safety policies and procedures that result in an increase in threatening or unsafe circumstances for students and staff.

Equity

The Superintendent may not allow resources to be allocated without firm evidence of their equitable distribution.

School Support

The Superintendent may not allow classrooms in C, D, F or Unsatisfactory rated schools to go without essential material and human resources.

Accountability

The Superintendent may not allow the District to operate without an accountability system for policy implementation that includes expectations, evaluation, transparency and continuous improvement.

Wellness Support

The Superintendent may not make decisions without ensuring students and staff are connected with necessary wellness resources.



The School Board of Broward County, Rorida, prohibits any policy or procedure which results in discrimination on the basis of age, color, disability, gender identity, gender The control cours of brance course, notice, promote any porce of procedure within resum in decrimination on the basis of age, coice, cleaning, gender lighting, gender lister, gender lighting, gender lighting, g

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DISTRICT PROFILE

District Profile



FIRST fully accredited school system in Florida since 1962







SIXTH largest school system in the US



FIRST Cambridge District Award in the United States

OUR MISSION

BROWARD COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOLS is committed to EDUCATING all STUDENTS to reach their Highest Potential

EDUCATING today's students to **SUCCEED** in tomorrow's **WORLD**

OUR VISION

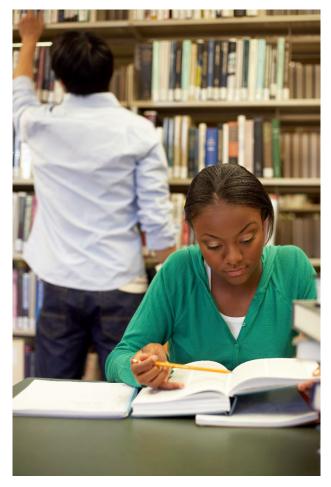
Florida's FIRST school district to earn accreditation from Cognia (formerly *AdvancED*), a global leader in advancing education excellence.

- BCPS enrollment is approximately 254,384 students in 237 District-Managed schools and 88 charter schools. The award-winning Broward Virtual School offers full and part-time enrollment for Grades K-12. In addition, over 110,000 adult students are serviced in the District's 3 technical colleges and 21 community schools.
- BCPS career and technical education students at Broward Technical Colleges once again ranked number one in the state of Florida. For school 2022-23, students at Atlantic Technical College, McFatter Technical College and Sheridan Technical College outperformed their counterparts in the state of Florida by earning the highest number of industry certifications for the seventh consecutive year. BCPS offers over 50 Career, Technical, Adult and Community Educational (CTACE) programs in middle and high schools.
- BCPS serves a diverse population of students that speak 153 different languages from 183 countries. Approximately 32,000 students receive services through the District's English Language Learners (ELL) program.
- BCPS Federal Graduation Rate for the 2021-22 school year is 87.2 percent, which includes traditional high schools, centers, and charter schools. The graduation rate for traditional BCPS District high schools is 93.9 percent, excluding centers and charter schools.
- Fifteen BCPS schools were awarded the 2022-23 Magnet School of Distinction, which is a top merit award and is only awarded to a select group of magnet schools. An additional five BCPS schools received the 2022-23 Magnet Schools of Excellence Merit Award.
- BCPS offers one of the largest debate programs in the nation, providing approximately 15,000 students with the skillsets to reach their highest potential. The BCPS Debate Initiative is available in all BCPS middle and high schools and continues to expand to all elementary schools and centers.

SCHOOL AND STUDENT PERFORMANCE

School and Student Performance Background Information

All fifty states have designed and implemented a state accountability system that can be used to assess the success of individual school personnel to ensure students meet state-determined standards. Florida's A+ Plan for Education law was signed into effect in 1999. This initiative holds schools accountable by annually issuing them a letter grade of A through F, with A being the highest grade.



The Florida Department of Education (FDOE) revised the school grade calculation as of the 2014-15 school year. The intent of the revision was to simplify the school grade formula and refocus on student outcomes to align with the 2015 Florida Statutes, specifically F.S. 1008.22. The revised formula focuses on achievement, learning gains, acceleration, and graduation rate.

Additional changes included a more rigorous method of calculating learning gains, a requirement for schools to test 95 percent of their students to receive a school grade, and the creation of a new scale for assigning school grades. This change decompressed the range between grades so that there is a minimum of five percentage points between each grade.

Achievement is based on the percent of students who achieve on-grade-level scores, defined as level 3 or higher, on the standardized tests. These tests include English Language Arts (ELA) in grades 3-10 and Mathematics in grades 3-8, the State Standardized Assessment for Science in grades 5 and 8, and Endof-Course exams for Algebra I, Biology, Civics, Geometry, and US History.



SCHOOL AND STUDENT PERFORMANCE

School year 2022-23 marks the first year for Florida Assessment of Student Thinking (FAST). The FAST replaces the FSA in ELA and Math. The FAST is based on Florida's newest standards, Benchmark for Excellent Student Thinking (B.E.S.T.) an adaptive performance-based test. The FAST differs from the FSA in that it is administered three times each year as a progress monitoring tool (PM1, PM2, and PM3) with PM3 results used for Accountability purposes. The Science tests and EOCs remain unchanged except Algebra 1 and Geometry are now aligned to the B.E.S.T. standards. The 2022-23 school year will also be the baseline year for school grades under the new testing requirements. School and district grades will be informational. School and district grades will not include learning gains and schools will not be subject to sanctions or penalties. School and district grades will not be released until winter of 2023 according to FDOE.

Student Performance

School grades for the 2021-22 school year are shown below.

			202	1-22 Sch	iool Gra	ades				
	Α		В		С		D			F
	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%
Elementary	61	37%	48	29 %	44	27%	8	5%	3	2%
Middle	12	27%	11	24%	21	47%	1	2%	0	0%
High	14	35%	6	15%	19	48%	1	2%	0	0%
Combination	18	55%	6	18%	9	27%	0	0%	0	0%
Total	105	37%	71	25%	93	33%	10	4%	3	1%

Student Performance: Test Scores

FAST English Language Arts 2022-23

	(Percentage Level 3 and above by grade level)								
3^{rd} 4^{th} 5^{th} 6^{th} 7^{th} 8^{th} 9^{th} 10^{th}									
Florida	50	58	54	47	47	47	48	50	
Broward	53	61	56	50	49	49	49	49	

	FAST Math 2022-23									
(Percentage Level 3 and above by grade level)										
	3 rd 4 th 5 th 6 th 7 th 8 th									
Florida	Florida 59 61 55 54 48 55									
Broward		62	65	58	54	51	46			

Statewide Science Assessment 2022-23

(Percentage Level 3 and above by grade level)						
Grade	5 th	8 th				
Florida	51%	44%				
Broward	46%	38%				

End of Course Exams (EOC) 2022-23

	(Percentage Level 3 and above by course)							
	Algebra I	Biology	Civics	Geometry	U.S. History			
Florida	53	63	66	49	62			
Broward	51	62	64	47	61			

DISTRICT BUDGET

2023-24 District Budget

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The BCPS budget is a detailed operating plan that identifies estimated expenditures in relation to estimated revenues. The budget reflects the School Board's priorities and represents a process through which policy decisions are made, implemented, and controlled. Funding for schools is derived from three main sources of funding – federal, state, and local. The Fiscal Year, which is the same as the School Year, begins on July 1 and ends the following June 30th.



For the twenty-eighth consecutive year, BCPS received the Meritorious Budget Award from the Association of School Business Officials International (ASBO) for its 2022-23 annual budget. In order to receive this award, a governmental unit must publish a budget document that meets program criteria as a policy document, an operations guide, a financial plan, and a communications device. The award represents a significant achievement by the District and reflects the commitment of the School Board and staff to meeting the highest standards of school budgeting.

Budget Process

Federal funds are received from the United States government. These funds are either allocated directly from the federal government or the state as the distributing agency.

State funds to school districts are provided primarily by legislative appropriations from the state's General Revenue Funds through the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP). While a number of tax sources are deposited in the state's General Revenue Fund, the predominant tax source is the sales tax, which is currently at seven percent. State funds appropriated to finance the FEFP for all districts in 2023-24 are \$11.3 billion, up \$651.2 million from 2022-

23. On June 29th, 2020, Governor Ron DeSantis vetoed the School Recognition line item from HB 5001, General Appropriations Act. School Recognition has not been allocated through the FEFP since the 2019-20 school year. For the 2022-23 school year, School Recognition was funded directly from the Florida Department of Education as outlined in Specific Appropriation 88A during the 2022 Special Session A and 2023 Special Session B. The Class Size Reduction (CSR) allocation for 2023-24 is \$2.8 billion, down \$111.5 million from 2022-23. For the 2023-24 school year, certain categorical line items in the FEFP were moved to the Base Student Allocation (BSA). The categorical line items now in the BSA are the Funding Compression Allocation, the Teacher Salary Increase Allocation, the Reading Allocation, the Instructional Materials Allocation and the Dual Enrollment Instructional Materials Allocation. The Supplemental Academic Instruction Allocation is now the Educational Enrichment Allocation, which also includes the Turnaround Supplement Allocation.

DISTRICT BUDGET

Budget at a Glance

Local funding, mainly from property taxes, is required from each school district in order to participate in the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP). The District is authorized by Florida Statutes to levy property taxes for district operations, capital improvements, and debt service. This is accomplished by establishing millage rates based on the county's gross taxable value as certified by the Property Appraiser. Upon receipt of this certification, the District has 24 days to submit to the Board a proposed budget to be advertised for the fiscal year. The Board must approve the budget within 80 days of the receipt of certification of property values. Preliminary and final hearings are conducted, and the budget is then submitted to the Commissioner of Education for approval. Potential revenue to be generated statewide through property taxes for 2023-24 is \$12.3 billion, up approximately \$1.3 billion from 2022-23.

The legal level of budgetary control is at the major functional level. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward, if applicable, to the following year for the General Fund and are closed after a three-

2023-24 Budget Calendar

- ✓ By July 1, 2023 Property Appraiser certifies tax roll.
- ✓ By July 19, 2023 District receives Required Local Effort from Florida Dept. of Education (FLDOE).
- ✓ July 24, 2023 Provide tentative budget to the Board.
- ✓ July 28, 2023 Advertise in the newspaper.
- ✓ August 1, 2023 First Public Hearing on proposed millage rate and tentative budget.
- ✓ August 4, 2023 Advise Property Appraiser of proposed millage rate.
- ✓ September 12, 2023 Second Public Hearing to adopt millage rate and final budget.
- ✓ September 15, 2023 Submit budget to FLDOE.
 Notify Property Appraiser, Tax Collector, and Dept. of Revenue of adopted millage rate.

month period. Management may not amend the budget without the specific approval of the School Board. Budgets for all funds are amended during the year by submitting amendments to the Board for approval. Accordingly, no expenditure may be authorized, and no obligation incurred in excess of the current budgetary appropriation without Board authorization.

BCPS has adopted the philosophy of school-based management. Recognizing that each school has unique needs, the principal, in conjunction with the School Advisory Council (SAC), determines what staffing pattern will best meet school needs. As such, each school is given a sum of money based on the number and types of students in each program. Funds are distributed as an Instructional Allocation and a Support Allocation. However, all funds may be used to best serve the students of the school.

Budget Message

BCPS is committed to maintaining current educational programs for students. The 2023-24 Tentative Budget reflects the District's continued commitment to student achievement, school safety, and decision-making focused on students. At its core, the Tentative Budget allocates funds to items holding community values, such as safe learning environments, highly qualified teachers and school staff, choice options for families, and continued fiscal strength.

The School Board provided clear guidance on how to fiscally proceed in 2023-24; balance the budget, cut District-level administrative costs, and find resources to give our instructional and support staff enhanced compensation. The administration took those instructions, and through a comprehensive and arduous process, the executive leadership convened to review all non-school budgets in order to balance the budget. After two budget workshops with the Board, as well as additional reviews, staff balanced the District's budget.

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DISTRICT BUDGET

Broward County property tax values began to rebound ten years ago with a 4.08 percent increase in 2013-14, an 8.09 percent increase in 2014-15, a 7.26 percent increase in 2015-16, an 8.57 percent increase in 2016-17, an 8.20 percent increase in 2017-18, a 6.1 percent increase in 2018-19, a 5.76 percent increase in 2019-20, a 4.41 percent increase in 2020-21, a 4.66 percent increase in 2021-22, and a 12.75 percent increase in 2022-23. Funding through the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) has correspondingly shown increases in the last six years. In 2013-14 and 2014-15, there were corresponding increases of 4.73 percent and 3.65 percent; however, included in those increases was \$47 million designated for teacher raises. In 2015-16 and 2016-17, there were increases in 2017-18, the District was able to give salary increases to its employees, as well as fund a number of instructional related priorities. In 2018-19, there was a less than one percent increase in total funding, giving BCPS the lowest increase among all 67 counties in the State. In 2019-20 and in 2020-21, the increase in funding was 2.38 percent and 2.64 percent, respectively. For 2021-22 the increase in funding was 3.14 percent, and for 2022-23, the increase was 9.9 percent. For 2023-24, the increase is projected at 11.8 percent.

Broward County Public Schools (BCPS) is committed to its mission of educating all students to reach their highest potential. During a year of tremendous change and transition for BCPS, providing students with a world-class education to best prepare them for their futures remains the District's unwavering focus. Among various goals, the 2023-24 Budget achieves the following:

- Continues to hold harmless the funding for class size compliance despite continued reduction in funding by the State of Florida.
- Funds the equivalent of 154 teaching positions to assist students in accelerating their learning through American Rescue Plan (ARP) funding. 148 of which are allocated directly to schools and 6 positions in the Regional Offices.
- Maintains the investment for air quality improvement projects through the use of ARP funding.
- The District and School Board were also honored with the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting and with the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award from the Government Finance Officers Association, as well as it has been recognized with the Meritorious Budget Award and the Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting from the Association of School Business Officials International.

SECURE THE NEXT GENERATION REFERENDUM

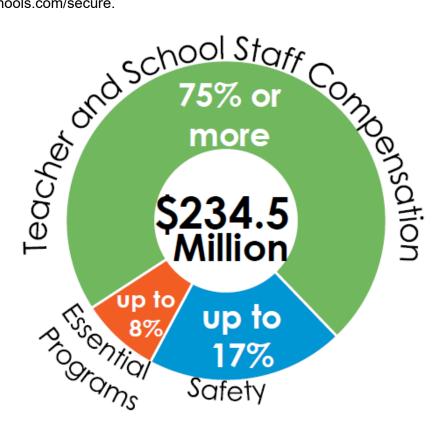
Secure the Next Generation Referendum

On August 23, 2022, Broward County voters were presented and approved to renew a property tax referendum to continue to support the District's priorities: increase teacher compensation supplements for teachers and staff to attract and retain highly qualified employees; ensuring safer learning environments; and investing in mental health and other essential services for students and families. The referendum renewal of one mill for the following four years, passed with 57 percent of the vote and replaces the half-mill referendum, which was voter approved in 2018 and expired in school year 2022-23.

As aforementioned, in 2018, voters approved a similar referendum for half a mill, also known as the Secure the Next Generation Referendum. The funds generated from the referendum became available to the District beginning in the 2019-20 school year. The new Secure the Next Generation Referendum, voted approved in 2022, increases voters' investment in education to continue securing funds for all public schools – and will now also include charter schools – to:

- Recruit and retain high-quality teachers and eligible staff by increasing compensation supplements.
- Maintain and enhance school resource officers and school safety staff.
- Maintain and enhance essential programs, such as mental health services.

The estimated revenue for the 2023-24 school year is as of July 1st, 2023, Ad Valorem estimates, and is calculated at \$234.5 million for traditional public schools and \$54.3 million for public charter schools. based on 96% collectivity rate. To provide voters with the most pertinent information regarding the referendum, answers to frequently asked questions can be found on the District website www.browardschools.com/secure.



FLORIDA EDUCATION FINANCE PROGRAM AND REQUIRED LOCAL EFFORT

Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP)

The focus of the State finance program bases financial support for education upon the individual student participating in a particular educational program rather than upon the number of teachers or classrooms. Managed by the Florida Department of Education, the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) funds are primarily generated by multiplying the number of full-time equivalent students (FTE) in each of the educational programs by cost factors to obtain weighted FTE. Weighted FTEs are then multiplied by a state base student allocation and a district cost differential to determine the state and local FEFP funds. Program cost factors are determined by the Legislature and represent relative cost differences among the FEFP programs.

	2022-23	2023-24*	% Inc/(Dec)
Property Value (billion)	\$265.4	\$302.4	13.91%

Millage	2022-23 Millage Rate	2023-24* Millage Rate	% Inc/(Dec)
Non-Voted:			
RLE	3.1740	3.2290	1.7%
RLE Prior Period Adj	0.0290		(100%)
Discretionary	0.7480	0.7480	0.00%
Add'l Discretionary	0.0000	0.0000	0.00%
Capital	1.5000	1.5000	0.00%
Sub-Total	5.4510	5.4770	0.48%
Voted:			
Referendum	0.5000	1.0000	100%
GOB Debt Service	0.1873	0.1896	1.23%
Total	6.1383	6.6666	8.61%

Each school board participating in the state allocation of funds for school operations must levy the Required Local Effort (RLE) millage for its required local funding. Each district's share of the state total of RLE is determined by a statutory procedure, beginning with certification of the property tax valuations of each district by the Department of Revenue. The Commissioner of Education certifies each district's RLE millage rate (calculated by dividing the amount to be raised through the Required Local Effort by 96 percent of the gross taxable value of the school district). Certifications vary due to the use of assessment ratios designed to equalize the effort on the FEFP of differing levels of property appraisal in the counties. Millage rates are also adjusted as RLE may not exceed 90 percent of a district's total FEFP entitlement. For the 2023-24 school year, the State has required that BCPS contribute \$927.1 million in property tax dollars in order to receive \$2.3 billion in total State and Local FEFP funds. In order to generate the required portion, the District must levy 3.229 mills, which does not include the millage



for the Prior Period Adjustment on \$302.4 billion of property value. The \$927.1 million which accounts for the 3.229 RLE mills will be appropriated by the State and it represents 96 percent collectability of Broward County's Gross Taxable Value for 2023.

The State mandated Required Local Effort (RLE) has increased to \$927.1 million in 2023-24. The RLE millage has increased by .81 percent and the overall non-voted millage has increased by .48 percent. Inclusive of the voter approved General Obligation Bond (GOB) and the referendum, the total millage has increased by 8.61 percent. The gross taxable value in Broward County as of budget adoption has increased by \$36.9 billion, or 13.91 percent from \$265.4 billion to \$302.4 billion.

^{*} The 2023-24 Millage rate is based on the 1st Calculation Conference Report, and property values on the 7/1/2023 Taxable Value Report.

NOTE: Due to the rounding of whole numbers, some tables/schedules may not add to total.

FLORIDA EDUCATION FINANCE PROGRAM AND REQUIRED LOCAL EFFORT

In addition to the RLE, school boards may set the following types of discretionary tax levies:

- Capital Outlay and Maintenance: school boards may levy up to 1.500 mills for new construction and remodeling, site improvement or expansion to new sites, existing sites, auxiliary facilities, renovation and repair of existing school plants, maintenance, purchase of new and replacement equipment, school bus purchases, enterprise resource software applications, and driver education vehicles. Payments for lease-purchase agreements for educational sites and facilities are authorized by board policy not to exceed 60 percent of the proceeds of the millage levied under this authority. Proceeds may also be used for the payment of costs for leasing relocatable educational facilities and for renting or leasing educational facilities and sites. The Capital millage for the 2023-24 school year is 1.5000, generating approximately \$435.4 million in revenue.
- Current Operations: the maximum discretionary current operation millage set by the Legislature for 2023-24 is 0.7480 mills, which will result in approximately \$217.1 million in revenue. There is no additional discretionary millage for 2023-24.

In addition to the board-set levies, there are two provisions for voter approved millage levies to address short-term needs. The first provision provides for an additional millage for up to two years, and the money can be used for both operating and capital expenses. This levy would not count against the 10.0000 mill cap, which does not include debt service. The second provision provides for an additional millage for up to four years that can be used for operating purposes. This levy would count against the 10.0000 mill cap. Tax levies for debt service are in addition to the levies for current operations but are limited by a State Board of Education Rule to 6.0000 mills and a 20-year duration, except with specific State Board approval. Qualified electors may vote for a local bond issue to be retired by a millage levy. The District's GOB Debt Service Millage for the 2023-24 school year is 0.1896 mills, which will result in approximately \$55 million. Finally, the 2022 Referendum 1 millage, is estimated to levy approximately \$290.3 million.

Governmental Funds

The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds and account groups. The individual funds account for the governmental resources allocated for the purpose of carrying out specific activities in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. The funds are used to account for the programs and activities of the governmental functions of the District and are grouped into two fund types, which are further divided into five generic funds:

Governmental General Fund Debt Service Capital Projects Special Revenue

Proprietary Other Internal Services



GENERAL FUNDS SUMMARY

General Fund (in millions)

This fund serves as the primary operating fund of the District. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not allocated by law or by contractual agreement to another fund are accounted for in this fund. Local ad valorem taxes, the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), and selected State categorical programs constitute the primary resources of the General Fund. Daily operational costs, such as personnel salaries and benefits. materials and supplies. pupil transportation, maintenance, security, and utilities are also reflected in this fund.

The General Fund budget for the 2023-24 school year is \$3,160.4 million, an increase of \$408.2 million, or 14.8%, from the 2022-23 budget. State and Federal sources account for 41.1% of the total revenue, with Local sources comprising another 48.2%. The FEFP portion, which includes FEFP, Workforce Development, Class Size Reduction,

General Fund Revenue	_	2022-23 Budget	2023-24 Budget		l	nc/(Dec)
Federal Direct	\$	2.6	\$	2.8	\$	0.2
Federal Through State		9.4		11.0		1.6
State:						
FEFP		751.4		943.9		192.6
Workeforce Development		80.3		82.7		2.4
Class Size Reduction		268.6		249.3		(19.2)
School Recognition		22.3		-		(22.3)
Other State		7.2		9.8		2.7
Local:						
Local Taxes (incl. prior yr.)		1,143.2		1,442.9		299.7
Interest		9.2		5.0		(4.2)
Fees		28.8		30.2		1.4
Other Local		50.7		44.8		(6.0)
Transfers In and						
Other Financing Sources		160.5		162.6		2.1
Beginning Fund Balance		218.1		175.4		(42.7)
Total	\$	2,752.2	\$	3,160.4	\$	408.2

and Local Taxes, accounts for approximately 86.0% of the total budget. The majority of transfers and other financing sources represent the transfer into the general fund budget from the capital budget for facility repair and maintenance costs.

General Fund Appropriations	2022-23 Budget	2023-24 Budget	In	c/(Dec)
Instruction	\$ 1,618.6	\$ 1,987.3	\$	368.7
Pupil Personnel Services	163.5	155.5		(8.0)
Instructional Media Services, Instruction Related Technology,				
Instruction & Curriculum Dev., Instructional, Staff Training, Community Svcs.	110.6	116.6		6.1
School Administration	146.1	155.2		9.2
Operation of Plant, Maintenance of Plant, Facilities Acquisition and				
Construction, Capital Outlay	332.5	351.8		19.3
Student Transportation Services	89.9	102.0		12.1
Board, General Administration, Administrative Technology Services, Fiscal				
Services, Central Services, Debt Service, Food Service	118.9	116.3		(2.6)
Transfers and Ending Fund Balance	172.2	175.8		3.6
Total	\$ 2,752.2	\$ 3,160.4	\$	408.2

The total budget includes funding for centralized functions such as Financial Services, Human Resources, Research and Evaluation, Maintenance, and Transportation, as well as funding for employee benefits at \$479.1 million and for various initiatives such as class size reduction at \$249.3 million.

Based on 2023-24 on FEFP First Calculation. Due to the rounding of whole numbers, some tables/schedules may not add to total.



CAPITAL FUNDS SUMMARY

Capital Projects Funds (in millions)

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for revenue to acquire, construct or maintain facilities and capital equipment. The primary source of revenue for capital projects funds is the local property tax (capital millage). Other financing sources include the sale of capital assets and technology/vehicle

Capital Outlay Budget	2022-23	2023-24	Incr/
Revenue	Budget	Budget	(Decr)
Federal	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
State:			
PECO	0.0	0.0	0.0
PECO - Charter Schools	27.8	30.2	2.4
Other	32.0	16.4	(15.6)
Local:			
Millage	385.3	435.4	50.1
Other	14.3	10.2	(4.1)
Transfers	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other Financing Sources	20.2	49.8	29.6
Committed Project Balances	993.3	853.9	(139.4)
Total	\$1,472.9	\$1,395.9	(\$77.0)

capital leases. Committed project balances make up a significant part of the budget. These are funds carried-over from the previous fiscal year that are tied to and used to complete the ongoing Safety, Music and Art, Athletics, Renovation, and Technology (SMART Program) projects, which include the voter-approved General Obligation Bond (GOB) funds. Since the District has issued the final series of the GOB, and as more SMART projects are completed, less capital projects funds will carryover each year resulting in the decrease shown here and decreases to the future annual

capital budgets. The capital projects funds budget for the 2023-24 school year is \$1.4 billion, a decrease of \$77 million, 5.2 percent lower than the previous year. This decrease is due to the ongoing work and completion of SMART Program construction projects. The 2023-24 estimated revenue is calculated based on official State notifications, certified county tax estimates, historical experience, and long-term local projections. The capital millage is determined by using the certified property tax roll. The State revenue sources of the PECO, and Capital Outlay and Debt Service (CO&DS) are budgeted at the official State notification amounts. School impact fees, capital asset sales and miscellaneous income are based on expected cash flows.

The District utilizes a comprehensive process to gather information, prioritize capital outlay needs and develop the five-year District Educational Facilities Plan (DEFP) that is approved by the School Board

and becomes the starting point for the 2023-24 Capital Projects Funds Budget. Projects in the DEFP are prioritized based on need and available funding. Most of the construction projects in the DEFP this year are part of the District's SMART Program which is primarily supported by the \$800 million voter-approved GOB. As stated in Section 1013.41(3), Florida Statutes, "The purpose of the educational facilities plan is to keep the district school board, local governments, and the public fully informed as to whether the district is using sound policies and practices that meet the essential needs of students and that warrant public confidence in

Capital Outlay Budget	2022-23	2023-24	Incr/
Appropriations	Budget	Budget	(Decr)
Library Books (new libraries)	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Audio Visual Materials	0.0	0.0	0.0
Buildings, Furn. & Fixtures	101.5	86.9	(14.6)
Furniture & Equipment	36.9	53.9	17.0
Motor Vehicles (incl. Buses)	42.5	43.8	1.3
Land	0.0	0.0	0.0
Improvements other than			
Buildings	11.0	10.7	(0.3)
Remodeling & Renovations	935.7	832.1	(103.6)
Charter School Local			
Capital improvement	0.0	5.6	5.6
Computer Software	0.0	0.0	0.0
Transfers	345.3	362.9	17.6
Total	\$1,472.9	\$1,395.9	(\$77.0)

district operations." The annual preparation of the Capital Outlay Budget is a multi-step process. The major components of the Capital Outlay Budget are facilities projects, capital equipment including technology devices, the maintenance transfer, and debt service transfers - as determined by the Treasurer using the debt service amortization schedules. This year the DEFP provides the School Board and the public a detailed capital outlay plan that appropriates \$3.7 billion in estimated capital projects funds over five years through fiscal year 2027-28.

NOTE: Due to the rounding of whole numbers, some tables/schedules may not add to total.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS SUMMARY

Special Revenue Funds (in millions)

These funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted or committed to expenditures for specific purposes. There are two major components to the Special Revenue Funds: Special Revenue-Food Service and Special Revenue. Other.

Special Revenue,

Food Service

Appropriations

2022-23

Final

2023-24

Budget

Inc/(Dec)

Special Revenue-Food Service is used to fund the district-wide school cafeteria program. The Food Service budget for the FY 2023-24 school year is \$196.0 million, an increase of \$11.8 million

from the previous year.				Salaries & Fringe Ben.	\$56.7	\$62.7	\$6.0
Special Revenue,				Purchased Services	5.6	8.5	2.9
Food Service	2022-23	2023-24	Inc/(Dec)	Energy Services	2.1	2.1	0.0
Revenue	Final	Budget		Materials & Supplies	78.8	57.9	(20.9)
Federal through State	\$106.7	\$118.6	\$11.9	Capital Outlay	3.7	3.3	(0.4)
State Sources	1.1	1.1	0.0	Other Expense	4.2	3.7	(0.5)
Local Sources	16.81	6.2	(10.6)	Transfers	0.0	0.0	0.0
Fund Balances	59.6	70.1	10.5	Fund Balance	33.1	57.8	24.7
Total	\$184.2	\$196.0	\$11.8	Total	\$184.2	\$196.0	\$11.8

Special Revenue, Other budget for the FY 2023-24 school year is \$624.5 million, a decrease of \$243.9 million dollars. The budget contains funding that is primarily from federal sources for the purpose of providing specific educational programs to be administered by the District. The six major programs are the Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA), Title I Program at \$102.3 million, Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) at \$71.1 million, Teacher and Principal Training and Recruiting, Title II, Part A at \$11.8 million, Early Head Start and Head Start at \$18.1 million, ESSER II at \$23.0 million, and ARP at \$302.5 million.

Head Start and Early Head Start are programs designed to serve three and four-year old children and their families by providing a variety of learning experiences to foster intellectual, social and emotional growth, thereby enabling the development of school readiness skills needed in kindergarten.

Title I is a federally funded program for economically disadvantaged children who reside in school attendance areas with a high concentration of low-income families. IDEA is a federally funded program for the purpose of supporting Exceptional Student Education (ESE). Title II, Part A funds for FY 2023-24 include staff development for academic improvement and improved teacher quality.

For additional information on the ARP and ESSER II grants refer to Executive Summary ARP and ESSER II Funding Purposes.

				Special Revenue,	2022-23	2023-24	Inc/(Dec)
Special Revenue, Other Revenue	2022-23 Amended	2023-24 Budget	Inc/(Dec)	Other Appropriations Salaries & Fringe Ben.	Amended \$422.5	Budget \$275.9	\$(146.6)
Other Revenue	Amenueu	Buugei		Salaries & Fillige Dell.	φ4ZZ.5	\$Z15.9	φ(140.0)
Federal Direct	\$637.1	\$401.1	\$(236.0)	Purchased Services	224.4	191.6	(32.8)
Federal through State	218.4	219.4	1.0	Energy Services	0.1	2.3	2.2
State Sources	2.9	0.9	(2.0)	Materials & Supplies	29.2	35.7	6.5
Local Sources	10.0	3.1	(6.9)	Capital Outlay	130.5	64.6	(65.9)
Incoming Transfers				Other Expense	61.7	54.4	(7.3)
Total	\$868.4	\$624.5	\$(243.9)	Total	\$868.4	\$624.5	\$(243.9)

NOTE: Due to the rounding of whole numbers, some tables/schedules may not add to total.



ARP

Federal Stimulus

Program	Total	Charter Schools	BCPS Share
ARP – Amended Award	\$577.6	\$108.8	\$468.8
ARP-Estimated Balance	\$302.5	\$108.6	\$193.9

ARP Funding Purpose

The Local Education Agency (LEA) must reserve at least 20 percent of funds to address learning loss through the implementation of evidence-based interventions and ensure that those interventions respond to students' social, emotional, and academic needs and address the disproportionate impact of COVID-19 on underrepresented students' subgroups (each major racial and ethnic group, children from low-income families, children with disabilities, English learners, gender, migrant students, students experiencing homelessness, and children and youth in foster care). Remaining LEA funds may be used for a wide range of activities to address needs arising from the coronavirus pandemic, including any activity authorized by the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (ESEA), the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA), Adult Education and Family Literacy Act (AEFLA), or Carle D. Perkins Career and Technical Education Act of 2006 (Perkins CTE). Specifically, ARP ESSER funds may be used to develop strategies and implement public health protocols including, to the greatest extent practicable, policies in line with guidance from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) on reopening and operating schools to effectively maintain the health and safety of students, educators, and other staff, as well as:

- Coordinating preparedness and response efforts with State, local, Tribal, and territorial public health departments to prevent, prepare for, and respond to COVID-19.
- Training and professional development on sanitizing and minimizing the spread of infectious diseases.
- Purchasing supplies to sanitize and clean the LEA's facilities.
- Repairing and improving school facilities to reduce risk of virus transmission and exposure to environmental health hazards.
- Improving indoor air quality.
- Developing and implementing procedures and systems to improve the preparedness and response efforts of LEAs.
- Planning for or implementing activities during long-term closures, including providing meals to eligible students and providing technology for online learning.
- Purchasing educational technology (including hardware, software, connectivity, assistive technology, and adaptive equipment) for students who are served by the LEA that aids in regular and substantive educational interaction between students and their classroom instructors, including students from low-income families and children with disabilities.
- Providing mental health services and supports, including through the implementation of evidence based full-service community schools and the hiring of counselors.
- Planning and implementing activities related to summer learning and supplemental after-school programs.
- Addressing learning loss.
- Other activities that are necessary to maintain operation of and continuity of services, including continuing to employ existing or hiring new staff of the LEA.

ESSER II

Program	Total	Charter Schools	BCPS Share
ESSER II - Award	\$256.9	\$49.1	\$207.8
ESSER II-Estimated Balance	\$23.0	\$20.3	\$2.7

ESSER II Funding Purpose

The Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER II) funds under the Coronavirus Relief and Response Supplemental Appropriations (CRRSA) Act are provided to Local Educational Agencies (LEAs) to address the impact that the Novel Coronavirus Disease 2019 ("COVID-19") has had, and continues to have, on elementary and secondary schools in Florida. This includes helping school districts and other LEAs safely reopen schools, restore and maintain high-quality learning environments, measure and effectively address significant learning loss, and take other actions to mitigate the impact of COVID-19 on the students and families who depend on our K-12 schools.

Pre-Award costs are authorized for any allowable expenditure incurred on or after March 13, 2020, the date the President declared the national emergency due to COVID-19.

LEAs shall provide an allocation to all charter schools within its district. Unless otherwise agreed between the district and the charter school(s), the charter school allocation shall be not less than the pro-rata share of the district's total allocation, based on the district's total unweighted FTE and the charter school's total unweighted FTE reported in the 2020-21 survey 3.

LEAs may take reasonable and necessary administrative costs, to include direct and indirect costs. Indirect costs may be taken up to the negotiated, unrestricted indirect cost rate. However, to ensure that the total administrative costs are reasonable, the total direct and indirect costs may not exceed five percent (5%) of the LEA's total award.

Federal Stimulus Timeline (ESSERII & ARP)



DEBT SERVICE FUNDS SUMMARY

Debt Service Funds (in millions)

These funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of interest and principal on general long-term debt. Major sources of revenue for these funds include State Board of Education State revenue. The Debt Service budget (Appropriations) for fiscal year 2023-24 is \$244.4 million. Overall result for the annual debt service is a net increase of \$1.0 million (\$243.4 million in FY23 vs \$244.4 million in FY24, excluding fund balance).

Debt instruments are issued to finance new school construction and renovate existing facilities, as well as to facilitate major purchases such as computers and buses. In addition, the District is continually reviewing opportunities to reduce existing debt service by restructuring or refinancing existing obligations. To minimize taxpayer costs, the District strives to ensure that debt service millage, levied for bonded debt, is the least necessary to adequately fund debt service costs in a given fiscal year.

As of June 30, 2023, the District had \$2.20 billion in outstanding debt compared to \$2.26 billion last fiscal year. Debt breakdown (expressed in millions) as follows: Certificate of Participation account for \$1,342.60 million of total debt, State Issued COBI Bonds are \$3.71 million, Voted Debt GOB are \$743.85 million, and Leases represent \$106.81 million.

Debt Service Revenue	2022-23 Adopted		23-24 First Hearing	Inc/(Dec)		
State Sources	\$	1.4	\$ 0.5	\$	(0.9)	
Local Sources		48.1	55.0		6.9	
Transfers In		201.2	200.7		(0.5)	
Other Financing						
Sources		-	-		-	
Subtotal	\$	250.7	\$ 256.2	\$	5.5	
Fund Balance		71.8	65.1		(6.7)	
Total	\$	322.5	\$ 321.3	\$	(1.2)	

Debt Service Appropriations	2022-23 Adopted		 23-24 First Hearing	Inc/(Dec)		
SBE & COBI	\$	1.4	\$ 0.5	\$	(0.9)	
District Bonds		52.9	52.9		(0.0)	
Transfers Out		-	-		-	
Other Debt Service		185.8	187.6		1.9	
ARRA Economic Stimulus Debt Service		3.3	3.3		-	
Other Financing Uses		-	-		-	
Subtotal	\$	243.4	\$ 244.4	\$	1.0	
Fund Balance		79.1	76.9		(2.1)	
Total	\$	322.5	\$ 321.3	\$	(1.2)	

NOTE: Due to the rounding of whole numbers, some tables/schedules may not add to total.



INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS SUMMARY

Proprietary Funds (in millions)

These funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department to other departments of the District. The District's Proprietary Funds are the Internal Services Fund.

On January 1, 2013, the District became self-insured for health insurance. Prior to 2013-14, the Self-Insurance Fund was used to account for and finance the uninsured risks of loss for worker's compensation, as well as auto and general liability claims. Claim activity is now recorded in the General Fund.

The Other Internal Services Fund for the District is used to account for printing services. The primary source of revenue for this fund is from cost centers within the District on a cost reimbursement basis. The projected operating revenues for 2023-24 are \$0.7 million.

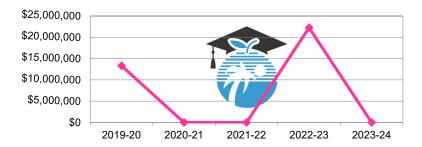
Other Internal Services Revenue	2022-23 Adopted	2023-24 Tentative	Inc/(Dec <mark>)</mark>
Interest	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Services Provided to Other	0.6	0.5	(0.1)
Transfers	0.0	0.0	0.0
Fund Balance	0.3	0.2	(0.1)
Total	\$0.9	\$0.7	(\$0.2)

Other Internal Services Appropriations	2022-23 Adopted	2023-24 Tentative	Inc/(Dec)
Salaries & Fringe Benefits	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$0.0
Purchased Services	0.3	0.3	0.0
Materials & Supplies	0.0	0.0	0.0
Capital Outlay	0.0	0.0	0.0
Fund Balance	0.3	0.1	(0.2)
Total	\$0.9	\$0.7	(\$0.2)

SCHOOL RECOGNITION FUNDING

On June 29th, 2020, Governor Ron DeSantis vetoed the School Recognition line item from HB 5001, General Appropriations Act. School Recognition has not been allocated through the FEFP since the 2019-20 school year. In 2022-23, HB 5003 stipulated that the Department of Education distribute the funds appropriated in Specific Appropriation 88A once the official school grades for the 2021-22 school year were available. BCPS was funded \$22.3 million in School Recognition Funds in 2022-23.

School Recognition Trend - 5 Years



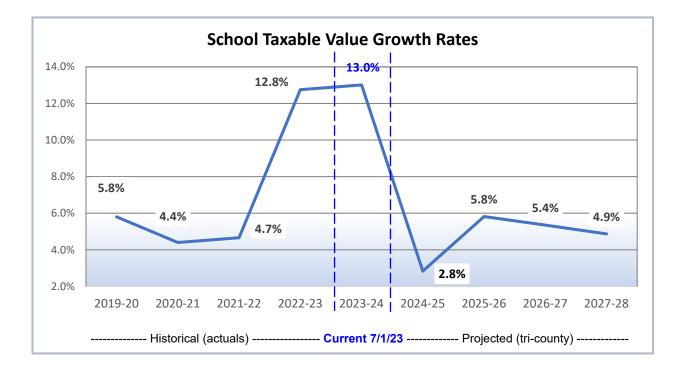
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SCHOOL TAXABLE VALUE GROWTH RATES

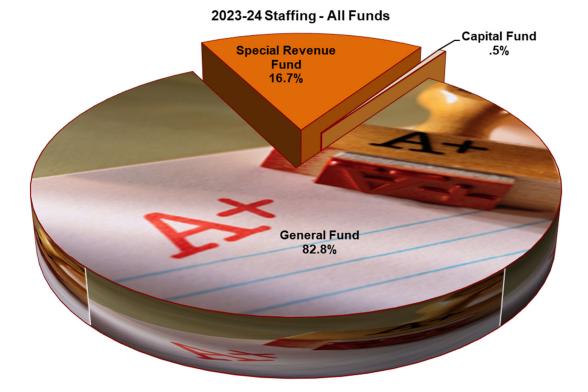
The July 1, 2023, Broward County Property Appraiser's (BCPA) taxable value estimates are higher than previous projections by the State's Office of Economic and Demographic Research. BCPA taxable value estimates for the 2023-24 budget result in a 13 percent increase over the 2022-23 estimated school taxable values used to adopt the capital and general fund budgets last September. This is a direct result of recent large increases in South Florida property values. Over the next five years the District will generate additional capital millage (1.5 mills) and general funds discretionary millage (0.748 mills) when compared to estimates from last year.

The chart below shows that the future taxable value of property in Broward County is anticipated to continue to increase. However, growth rates over the next four years are anticipated to be lower than fiscal years 2022-23 and 2023-24. The District will continue to monitor trends in property values and work with the County Property Appraiser's office for future projections.



2023-24 STAFFING – ALL FUNDS

The 2023-2024 Staffing - All Funds analysis shows that General Fund positions are 82.8% of the budgeted full time equivalent positions in the District. Positions within the Special Revenue Funds make up 16.7% of the total staffing, and .5% of District positions are in the Capital Fund. Budgeted positions include vacant positions as well as filled positions. Full time equivalent positions are determined by dividing the total of all standard salaries in a position by the standard salary for that position.



	Budgeted Full Time Equivalent Positions								
	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24	% to Total			
Fund:									
General Fund	24,114	23,587	22,338	22,418	22,829	82.8%			
Special Revenue Fund	4,251	4,243	5,615	5,077	4,621	16.7%			
Debt Service Fund	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%			
Capital Fund	187	188	194	133	133	0.5%			
Internal Services Fund	9	5	5	4	5	0.0%			
TOTAL	28,561	28,024	28,152	27,632	27,588	100.0%			

Overall, staffing from 2022-23 to 2023-24 is projected to decrease. Special Revenue decrease is attributed to decreased Funding Allocation. Capital Fund positions are projected to remain the same. Capital funded positions were reviewed as a result of Auditor General recommendations. Because of changes in the organization over time and the changes in the functions of certain positions those positions were moved to the general fund transfer because they support general fund maintenance/capital improvements and not capital budget projects. Capital transfer was increased to offset these costs. Internal Service Fund increased by 1 position in 2023-24.

PER STUDENT EXPENDITURE

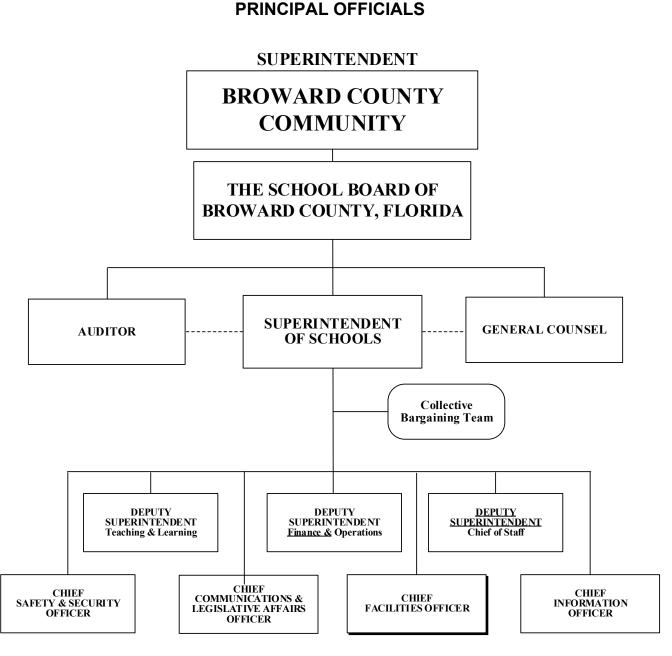
Per Student Expenditure

2021-22 Per Pupil Expenditure (WFTE)									
District	Basic	ESOL	ESE	Career	Total				
Broward	\$7,063	\$6,511	\$11,450	\$6,642	\$8,020				
Miami Dade	7,837	7,873	12,943	10,336	9,326				
Palm Beach	7,970	9,747	14,169	11,417	9,558				
Florida	6,994	7,030	11,146	7,529	7,962				

Source: FLDOE Program Cost Analysis Series Reports General Fund Only



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Board Approved: 5/16/23

The complete District's organizational chart can be found in the Organizational Section of this book.

PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS



	Superintendent of Schools					
Dr. Peter B. Licata	Superintendent of Schools					
Jaime R. Alberti	Chief Safety and Security Officer					
Marylin Batista	General Counsel					
Joris Jabouin	Chief Auditor					
Shelley Meloni	Chief Facilities Officer (Task Assigned)					
Dr. Josiah Phillips	Chief Information Officer					
John Sullivan	Chief Communications Officer and Legislative Affairs Officer					
Dr. Valerie Wanza	Deputy Superintendent, Chief of Staff					
Deputy Superintendent of Teaching and Learning						
Alan Strauss	Deputy Superintendent of Teaching and Learning (Task Assigned)					
Saemone Hollingsworth	Chief Academic Officer					
Angela Fulton	Central Regional Superintendent					
Dr. Jermaine Fleming	North Regional Superintendent					
Christine Semisch	South Regional Superintendent (Task Assigned)					
Dr. Theodore Toomer	Non-Traditional Schools Associate Superintendent					
Dep	outy Superintendent of Operations					
Judith M. Marte	Deputy Superintendent of Finance & Operations					
Erum Motiwala, CPA	Associate Superintendent, Finance					

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SAFETY

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SCHOOL SAFETY FUNDING

History and Background

The funding allocation for the Safe Schools Program dates back to the 1983-84 school year. In 1986, the Florida Legislature enacted the Florida Safe Schools Act, and funding was based solely on the juvenile crime index. This method of funding continued through the 1992-93 school year. The Florida Safe Schools Act went unfunded for several years until it was rescinded in 1997.

In 1994, safe school activities were funded through proviso language in the General Appropriations Act. Each district received a minimum allocation of \$62,660 from the Safe Schools Appropriation Fund. The balance of the fund was then distributed among the 67 districts, with two-thirds based on the Florida Department of Law Enforcement (FDLE) Crime Index and one-third based on each district's share of the state's total unweighted FTE.



As of the 2023-24 Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) First Calculation, the statewide total allocation for Safe Schools has increased from \$210 million to \$250 million, which includes a minimum allocation of \$250,000 per District. The funding is based on one-third of the FLDE Crime Index and two-thirds of the district's proportional share of the state's total unweighted FTE. The District's proportional share is \$21,742,075.

	2022-23 FEFP		202	22-23	202	23-24
Description			FEFP		FEFP	
	Conferen	ice Report	4th Cal	culation	Conferer	nce Report
FEFP Safe School Allocation		18,363,762		18,351,528		21,742,075
Charter School		(3,247,407)		(3,332,023)		(3,940,200)
District-Managed Schools		\$15,116,355		\$15,019,505		\$17,801,875
	FY 2022-23 Budgeted		FY 2022-23 Actual		FY 2023-24 Projections	
Positions						
Positions	Bud	geted	Ac	tual	Proje	ections
Positions Armed Safe School Officers (ASSO)	Budg # of	geted Salary	Ac # of	tual Salary	Proje # of	ections Salary
	Bud # of Positions	geted Salary Fringe	Ac # of Positions	tual Salary Fringe	Proje # of Positions	ections Salary Fringe

⁽¹⁾ FY2022-23 SRO cost is \$20,661,800. The difference of \$8,299,400 has been covered with Referendum funds.

LEGISLATION SUMMARY

Marjory Stoneman Douglas High School Public Safety Act

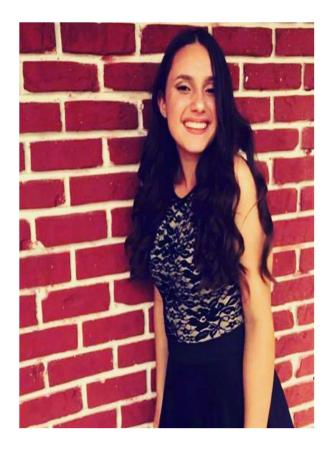
In March of 2018, the Marjory Stoneman Douglas High School (MSDHS) Public Safety Act, Senate Bill (SB) 7026 was passed by the Florida Legislature and mandates several school safety reforms:

- Creation of the FLDOE Office of Safe Schools (www.fldoe.org/safe-schools/).
- Allows sheriffs to establish a Coach Aaron Feis Guardian Program.
- Creation of the FortifyFL suspicious active mobile app.
- Establishment of the MSDHS Public Safety Commission.
- New requirements for mental health services and training.
- Requirements for a safe-school officer (SSO) at each public school.
- School safety assessments for each public school.
- Appropriations of funding for school safety needs.
- Creates the Mental Health Assistance Allocation (MHAA) within the FEFP to provide funding to assist schools in establishing or expanding school-based mental healthcare.
- Clarifies that the cost per student station does not include specified cost related to improving school safety.

Alyssa's Law

In early March 2020, both the Florida House of Representatives and the Florida Senate voted to unanimously pass Alyssa's Law, SB 70. This law modifies the school safety statute to require each public school, including charter schools, beginning with the 2021-22 school year, to implement a mobile panic alert system known as "Alyssa's Alert". The system must be capable of connecting diverse emergency services technologies to ensure real-time coordination between multiple first responder agencies.

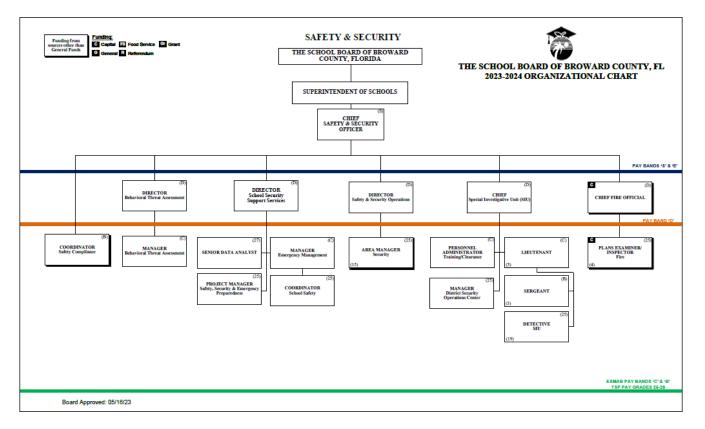
On June 30th, 2020, Governor Ron DeSantis signed Alyssa's law and allocated \$8 million in the State's budget to implement Alyssa's Law. FLDOE has indicated funding for this project will exist for at least the next three years. Broward County Public Schools selected Safer Watch as our provider of the mobile panic button. We have successfully completed all testing of every school site to ensure that all schools can connect with all three Public Service Answering Point's in Broward County.



Division of Safety, Security and Emergency Preparedness

During the 2022-23 school year, the Division of Safety, Security and Emergency Preparedness (SSEP), broadened its commitment to the threat assessment process, by establishing a Behavioral Threat Assessment Department. This department consists of a team of trained professionals, who provide direct support to our school-based threat assessment teams in ensuring that early intervention and support is provided to students in need and by promoting a safe and supportive school climate.

This year, SSEP also created the position of Coordinator of Safety Compliance to provide an additional layer of oversight to ensure compliance with all legislative school safety requirements. SSEP also expanded our team by two additional sergeants and one lieutenant in support of our individualized service to our schools.



Mobile Panic Alert System (Alyssa's Alert)

FLDOE developed a competitive solicitation to contract for a mobile panic alert system and identified ten FLDOE approved vendors to assist with the implementation of the "Alyssa's Alert" system requirement. Broward County Public Schools (BCPS) assembled a working group of internal and external security stakeholders to review and evaluate each of the ten FLDOE approved vendors. BCPS selected the Motorola Solutions SaferWatch mobile panic alert system, which is capable of connecting diverse emergency services technologies to ensure real-time coordination between multiple first responder agencies.

The Safety, Security & Emergency Preparedness Division of Broward County Schools, has successfully tested each school site to ensure that the emergency communications between all Broward County School sites and the 911 communications PSAP's is effective and efficient.

Other Threat Reporting Applications

State legislation promotes the FortifyFL reporting app, which allows individuals to instantly report suspicious activity to appropriate law enforcement agencies and school officials. The smartphone app is supported by the FLDOE. Both FortifyFL and SaferWatch can be downloaded from the Apple App Store and Google Play. The District and all schools market the FortifyFL application to staff and students as required by SB 7030.





Instantly report suspicious activity to appropriate law enforcement agencies and school officials.



FLDOE Rule 6A-1.0018

On June 10, 2021, FLDOE adopted a rule to provide school districts, including charter schools, with notice of the Office of Safe Schools' procedures for monitoring and addressing issues of suspected noncompliance with safety requirements, including required reporting and training.

The rule sets forth procedures for the District's School Safety Specialist to actively monitor schools within their district, including charter schools, with regards to all safety and security activities. The rule also sets forth certain safety measures that public schools are required to meet and establishes annual requirements for the review of school safety and security policies.

There are budgetary implications associated with this rule, as additional District staffing support will be needed to meet the requirements set forth by this rule, such as annual review of school safety policies for all District and charter schools, managing charter school security staff and providing charter schools with Safe School Officers if they are unable to do so.

Randomized Weapons Screening Program



As an additional layer of security, the District approved Policy 2010: Use of Handheld Metal Detectors on School District Property, to enhance the level of protection for our students, employees, and visitors, as well as to support enforcement of the code of student conduct.

The Randomized Weapons Screening Program began during the 2022-23 school year and is supported by a team of security and BCPS law enforcement personnel. In addition, we also expanded our screening program to our athletics events to ensure a safe and secure environment.

Safety and Security Administrative Building

The centrally located space houses the 24/7 District Security Operations Center (DSOC) and serves as the primary workspace for administrative personnel supporting school-based security operations and floater pool positions. The building is also designed to facilitate large training sessions and meetings.

Work continues to further enhance the building for improved hurricane resilience which is imperative for the safety of the staff that are assigned to work on-site through storms and other emergencies.

The DSOC supports school and district-level response to

emergencies in schools and has also averaged more than 1,400 submissions from the district tip reporting methods since inception. Additionally, the DSOC's round-the-clock monitoring of schools led to multiple trespassing and burglary apprehensions.

School Security Risk Assessments

As required by the MSDHS Public Safety Act (SB 7026), the District completed School Security Risk Assessments (SSRAs) for all District Schools in the summer of 2022, with the assistance of schoolbased teams, District personnel, and first responder agencies within the respective municipal jurisdictions. These assessments were built on the assessments completed in 2018 and 2019 by Safe Havens International, the District's independent security consulting firm. The information contained in the SSRAs, when aggregated, also identified opportunities to enhance the safety and security of all District schools and informed the recommendations for use of the FLDOE School Hardening Grant allocation.

Expansion of Video Surveillance

The video surveillance expansion project provided \$6.2 million to install approximately 2,500 new analytic and digital cameras throughout all school campuses in the priority areas identified by Safe Havens International. The District completed Phase II of the video surveillance expansion project in January 2020. During the Phase II expansion, existing video surveillance coverage was improved by adding camera views and leveraging enhanced camera analytics based on site assessments performed at all District schools.

Since the completion of Phase II, the District has received an additional \$2.9 million in E-Rate funding for the installation and/or replacement of additional cameras. The DSOC conducted a thorough review of the surveillance systems and continues to identify any areas where coverage gaps may still exist.

The District continues to take advantage of yearly E-Rate opportunities to fund the cabling of additional video surveillance cameras and funds are appropriated for the purchase of associated cameras. One thousand additional cameras were installed in FY22 and the FY23 planning is already in motion.

Through the phased expansion project and yearly E-rate supported efforts, the District has installed over 6,000 additional cameras to cover critical campus locations.

Additionally, the District has formal agreements with the Broward Sheriff's Office (BSO) and 12 municipalities to provide live, real-time access to all District cameras to aid emergency response.



Radio System Mitigation and Enhancement

The first phase of this project migrated the District's bus and other non-emergency radio traffic from Broward County's existing public safety radio system and onto the newly developed local government radio system. The migration of the District's bus radios was completed in August 2019 and staff is now working to install radio consoles at each bus dispatch center.

The second phase of this project purchased and deployed additional radios and repeaters to enhance existing local radio networks at all schools. The District purchased 1,100 radios for wide distribution and an additional 300 radios were purchased by SSEP to pair with the additional security staff at schools. Phase two was completed by the start of the 2020-21 school year and staff has worked to finish installing repeaters at all school sites which were experiencing radio communications issues by April 2022. In total, the School Board authorized \$4.5 million for this critical project.

The third phase of the project would be to upgrade school two-way radio communications from analog to digital. Digital radio communications remove static from radio transmissions and provides additional radio channels for use on campus. It also provides the ability to communicate directly with school administration, staff and monitor on-campus emergencies in real-time using the TRBONET application. The TRBONET application allows two-way communications from District administrative locations to schools and administrative sites through the use of a computer program. The District will need to purchase approximately 1,000 additional radios to replace obsolete and end of life models for newer radios capable of working in a digital environment as schools are upgraded and additional TRBONET licenses for the system as schools are migrated an additional \$700,000 will be needed to continue with this phase.

RAPTOR Visitor and Volunteer Management System

With a continued focus on campus safety for students, staff, and visitors, BCPS began using the Raptor Visitor Management System in all schools.



As part of the District's multi-layer approach to school safety and security – upon entering a school's single point of entry, visitors are asked to present official identification, such as a driver's license, for screening through the Raptor system. The system provides instant screening for sex offender status and custom alerts such as custody orders. Raptor even takes the extra step of comparing all known aliases of convicted sex offenders to the name of the individual signing in – providing a thorough screening process.

Once entry is approved, the Raptor system will issue a badge that identifies the visitor, as well as the date and the purpose of his or her visit. The streamlined process not only creates an improved check-in process for visitors but also provides an additional layer of safety for our students and staff.

Role Specific Emergency Protocols

The District continues to improve training for staff and students on critical safety and security protocols. The District has transitioned to Plain Language Protocols in an effort to ensure that all faculty, staff, students, and stakeholders improve response efforts during an incident.

The use of the Standard Response Protocol (SRP) to transition to plain language occurred at the start of the 2022-2023 school year. The Plain Language Emergency Protocols will continue to be used in the 2023-24 school year.



Enhanced Crisis Communication

Communication is a critical part of crisis management. BCPS has developed a Crisis Communications Plan that to outlines the roles, responsibilities, protocols, and procedures to be followed when faced with a crisis situation or emergency.

The BCPS Crisis Communication Plan established a definitive process for initiating and maintaining effective, interactive communications among essential departments and divisions, along with individuals both within and outside of the District during an emergency or crisis. The Crisis Communication Plan was completed and rolled out during the Fall of the 2022-23 school year.

Reunification Plan

With the assistance from the Enterprise Risk Management Working Group, the Broward Sherriff's Office (BSO) and local police and fire municipalities, the District completed the production of the District Reunification Plan to facilitate the reunification of parents and students more effectively in the event of a significant emergency. The Safety Security and Emergency Preparedness (SSEP) Division has met with every municipality, both police and fire department in Broward County to collaborate and share our plans to ensure that in the event of an emergency in BCPS, we can work efficiently to ensure the safety of all students, staff, and visitors on our campuses.

Tip, Threat, and Social Media Monitoring

SSEP has designed and implemented a system to record and track every tip and threat received, no matter the significance. Once tips and threats are recorded, they are quickly disseminated to internal SSEP staff, school administration, and other appropriate parties in school-specific Microsoft Teams channels for everyone's situational awareness. The process enables strong collaboration to occur between school-based staff and SSEP simultaneously. As part of investigations, SIU's Protective Research Analyst Unit conducts thorough research including social media monitoring and background investigations for tips and threats concerning threats of violence to Broward County Public Schools. The analysts' findings are provided to SIU detectives, outside law enforcement agencies, and the appropriate District personnel to ensure the safety of the District's students, staff, and visitors.

Enforcement of Existing Security Protocols

BCPS' commitment to safety is evidenced by its existing safety and security policies and procedures. Here are some examples:

- Schools Safety Plans Regularly reviewed and updated with input from appropriate District personnel, local law enforcement, and fire officials.
- Classroom Doors Policy 2150 Safer Spaces requires all classroom doors must be locked at all times.

Student and Staff ID Badges – All schools must have identification badges produced for all students and staff members. All visitors must wear a visible identification badge.

Navigate360 Emergency Management Suite School Safety Portal

In May 2021, the District launched the Navigate360 EMS School Safety Portal which offers schools access to an enhanced safety plan template and additional emergency preparedness resources through a convenient web portal and mobile application. The Navigate360 EMS template will replace the current school safety plan.

The District has transitioned all emergency drill tracking to the Navigate360 EMS system which allows schools to schedule their drills in advance, receive reminders of upcoming drills and certify completion of drills to ensure compliance.

	Call Lists	-	Documents Days like access of the day
<u>.</u>	Maps & Floor Plans Crede and view interactive floor plana	/	Virtua
=	Flipcharts Create and access emergency procedures.	*	Drill Control Reunification
2	Safety Plans the our viciant to easily create safety plans	0	Respi
Ť	Reunification Feude students with their parents.	¢	Site R

Beginning in the 2021–22 school year, schools schedule and enter documentation of the required monthly Behavioral Threat Assessment Team Meetings into Navigate360. Schools will continue to utilize Navigate360's Emergency Management Suite (EMS) to record Behavioral Threat Assessment Team Meetings during the 2023–24 school year.

Additional features include detailed school maps and floor plans, easy access to emergency procedures, a call list, and several other safety-related features and resources. Access to Navigate360 is currently limited to school administrators and safety and security personnel.

Safety and Security Improved Visitor Arrival Experience



In an effort to further improve security and improve the arrival experience for parents, visitors, and others, the District has installed a video intercom at the arrival point of each school. Visitors will be asked to identify themselves prior to admittance through the Single Point of Entry (SPE). Additionally, schools received fixed duress button in key locations. When activated, these buttons will immediately alert the District Security Operations Center (DSOC) and law enforcement of an emergency requiring immediate law enforcement response.

Initial site survey work to determine placement for the video/intercom system and fixed duress button(s) was completed in April 2021.

These enhancements integrate seamlessly with the District's mobile panic alert system in accordance with Alyssa's Law.

SAFETY AND SECURITY POSITIONS



On August 28, 2018, Broward County residents approved a referendum to increase the local millage by ½ mill for a period of four years, beginning in the 2019-20 school year. Although the referendum proceeds are primarily for teacher and staff compensation, up to 20 percent of the funds are designated for school safety. These funds have assisted the District in hiring additional safe-school officers (SSOs)

to achieve a ratio of one safe-school officer for every 1,000 students in a school and standardized the quantity and layers of security staff at schools. An additional 8 percent of the referendum funds is allocated for additional guidance counselors, social workers, and behavior specialists.

On August 23, 2022, Broward County residents approved the renewal of the property tax referendum for four years. The referendum increased voter's investment in education from half-mil to one mill to continue securing funds for all public schools and will now also include charter schools. Up to 17 percent of the funds are allocated for school safety.

During the 2022-23 school year, additional School Guardians, Campus Monitors, Security Specialists, and Campus Security Managers were added to provide additional security support across our schools.

Florida statute 1006.12 grants school districts options on how to implement the Safe School Officer (SSO)requirement at each public-school facility. The legislation includes four SSO options:

- School Resource Officer (SRO)
- School Safety Officer (law enforcement employed by the District)
- School Guardian
- School Security Guard

For the 2023-24 school year, the BCPS contribution to SRO salaries is \$103,000. For overall funding of both armed and unarmed school-based security staff, BCPS contributes 84.0 percent of funding as compared to 16.0 percent provided by cities/municipalities.

School-Based Security Staff (Armed and Unarmed) Salary Contributions

	Security Staff		Security Staff			Security Staff		
Organization	Armed School-Based		Unarmed School-Based			Total School-Based		
Organization	Percent of			Percent of				Percent of
	Cost \$	Contribution		Cost \$	Contribution		Cost \$	Contribution
BCPS	\$28,493,773	66.7%	\$	45,872,024	100.0%	\$	74,365,797	84.0%
Cities/Municipalities	\$14,208,498	33.3%	\$	-	0.0%	\$	14,208,498	16.0%
Totals	\$42,702,271	100.0%	\$	45,872,024	100.0%	\$	88,574,295	100.0%

SAFETY AND SECURITY POSITIONS

In addition to the SRO program, the District also participates in the Coach Aaron Feis Armed Guardian program to achieve a lower Safe Schools Officer to student ratio. For the 2022-23 academic year, BCPS raised the number of Armed Guardians from 73 to 113. We work closely with BSO to ensure our Armed Guardians are well-trained and re-certified each year.

Safety/Security Positions	2022-23 Positions General Fund	2022-23 Positions Referendum	2022-23 Total Positions	2023-24 Additional Positions ⁽⁴⁾	2023-24 Positions
Area Security Managers	-	15	15	TBD	15
Armed Guardians (ASSO) ⁽¹⁾	43	85	128	TBD	128
Campus Monitor	224	482	706	TBD	706
Campus Security Managers ⁽²⁾	34	9	43	TBD	43
Security Specialist	142	108	250	TBD	250
Safe School Officers (SSO)	3	9	12	TBD	12
School Resource Officers (SRO) ⁽³⁾	120	80	200	TBD	200
Total Staffing Levels	566	788	1,354	-	1,354

Current and Proposed Safety and Security Positions

⁽¹⁾ 2022-23 Armed Guardians (ASSO) Referendum positions includes 15 Guardian contract positions

- ⁽²⁾ Campus Security positions are split funded 20% to Referendum and 80% to General Fund.
- ⁽³⁾ 2023-24 SRO additional positions is contingent on SRO contract negotiations.
- ⁽⁴⁾ 2023-24 additional positions: Any new school-based positions will be determined based on risk-analysis.

MENTAL HEALTH

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Legislation Background

Senate Bill (SB) 7026 was passed in 2019 by the Florida Legislature to address school safety, in part, through a Mental Health Assistance Allocation (MHAA), which provides funding to school districts to establish or expand school-based mental health care. Funds are to be allocated each year in the General Appropriations Act (GAA) or through other law, with each school district receiving a minimum of \$100,000 and the remaining balance to be distributed proportionately based on a district's total unweighted full-time equivalent (UFTE) student enrolment.

In 2019 the Florida Legislature passed SB 7030, implementing legislation recommendations from the Marjory

Stoneman Douglas High School (MSDHS) Public Safety Commission, which comprehensively addresses school safety. SB 7030 amended the MHAA, in part, to ensure that each Florida public school student has access to a mental health professional at school by the 2019-20 school year. This will be accomplished through the training of both educators and school staff to be able to detect and respond to mental health issues, and to provide follow through by connecting children, youth and families who experience behavioral health issues with appropriate services.

Mental Health Assistance Allocation Plan (MHAA Plan)

School districts are required to develop and submit a plan annually outlining the local program and planned expenditures to their district's school boards for approval, as specified by SB 7030. Plans approved by the district school boards are to be submitted to the Commissioner of Education by August 1st of each fiscal year. The district's MHAA Plan must include all district schools, including charter schools, unless a charter school submits a MHAA Plan independent of the school district.

Each district's MHAA Plan (S. 1011.62(16)(a) and (b), F.S.) must include:

- A Multi-Tiered System of Supports to deliver mental health care assessment, diagnosis, intervention, treatment, and recovery services to students with one or more substance abuse diagnoses or those students at high-risk and must be coordinated with the student's primary mental health care provider or other mental health providers involved in the student's care.
- Direct employment of school-based mental health service providers to reduce the ratio of students to staff to better align with nationally recommended ratio models.



- Strategies to increase the amount of time that school-based student services personnel spend providing direct services to students.
- Contracts or interagency agreements with one or more local community behavioral health providers or providers of Community Action Team services to provide services and a behavioral health staff presence at district schools. Behavioral health services may be provided on or off school campus and may be supplemented by telehealth.
- Policy and procedures to ensure students who are referred to mental health services providers for mental health screening occur within 15 days of referral. School-based mental health services must be initiated within 15 days after identification and assessment. Students referred to community-based mental health service providers must be initiated within 30 days after the school or district makes a referral.



- Strategies or programs to reduce the likelihood of at-risk students developing social, emotional, or behavioral health problems.
- Strategies to improve the early identification of social, emotional, or behavioral problems or substance abuse/misuse disorders.

In addition, SB 7030 specifies that charter schools that submit a MHAA Plan separate from the school district are entitled to a proportionate share of the district mental health allocation funding. Each school district must work with charter schools to ensure the school district submits all approved MHAA Plans to the Commissioner of Education by August 1st.

District MHAA Expenditure Funded by FEFP MHAA for 2023-24

The 2023-24 FEFP total District funding for the MHAA is \$13.3 million, and the charter schools proportionate share is \$1.8 million. The District solely allocates the MHAA state funds to expand schoolbased mental health services; train educators and other school staff in detecting and responding to mental health issues; and connect children, youth, and families with appropriate behavioral health services.

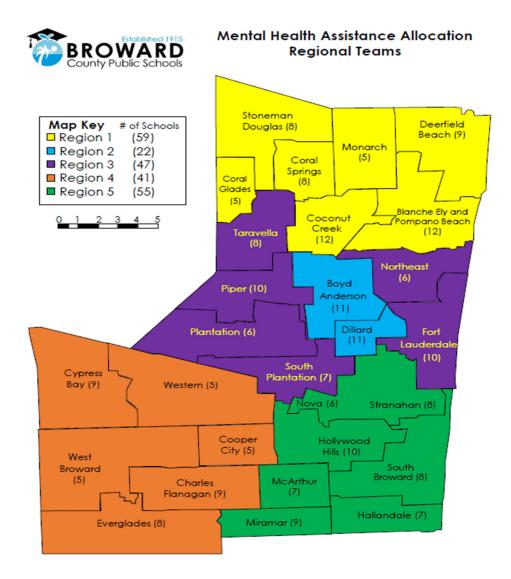
Mental Health Positions

The following projected District school-based mental health providers are funded through the District's proportionate share of the 2023-24 FEFP MHAA funds, along with related training and materials.

	FY 2022-23 Actuals		FY 2023-24 Projections		
Position Titles	# of	Salary	# of	Salary	
	Positions	Fringe	Positions	Fringe	
Behavior Tech, Wellness Center			1	49,586	
Clerk Specialist IV	1	61,326	4	225,291	
Clerk Specialist B	1	68,529	2	133,986	
Clinical Nurses	9	882,169	11	886,444	
Clinical Nursing Supervisors	1	108,231	1	125,156	
Coordinators	4	270,076	4	500,624	
Counselor EAP	4	331,437	4	357,077	
Database Researcher Assistant	1	64,191	1	67,405	
Department Secretary	1	75,956	1	77,238	
District Coordinator, Suicide Prevention	1	62,086	1	125,156	
Family Counselor	1	85,548	1	89,269	
Guidance Counselors - Elementary	7	569,117	7	612,048	
Guidance Counselor - High	1	70,648	1	91,354	
Guidance Director High	2	137,225	2	190,545	
Instructional Facilitator	2	162,499	4	353,409	
Office Manager	1	85,726	1	74,292	
School Nurse	3	212,534	4	322,343	
School Psychologist	4	335,693	4	371,421	
School Social Workers	30	2,191,995	32	2,833,027	
Service Manager, Recovery	1	135,290	1	125,156	
Specialist, Positive Behavior Intervention	7	772,585	7	876,092	
Supervisor Family Counseling Services	2	219,695	2	250,312	
Technology Support Specialist II	1	64,577	1	64,348	
Therapist, Family Counseling Program	12	890,809	12	1,071,231	
Salary and Fringe	97	\$7,857,945	109	\$ 9,823,226	
Training/Materials/Contractual Services		\$2,134,637		\$ 6,245,274	
Total District Appropriations		\$9,992,582		\$16,068,500	

Mental Health Plan Regions

In order to expand the delivery of direct mental health services in a timely manner to all schools throughout the District, the mental health staff to be funded by this allocation will be strategically assigned to locations throughout the District. This regional configuration will allow for an immediate response from a highly qualified team of mental health professionals to address a crisis or acute mental health needs.



Contract-Based Mental Health Providers and Agencies

The District's expenditures for services provided by contract-based collaborative efforts or partnerships with community mental health program agencies and providers are as follows:

- The District schools have a contract with a Child & Adolescent Psychiatrist (M.D.).
- The District's Psychological Services has consultative agreements with a Child & Adolescent Psychiatrist (M.D.).
- Two-thirds of the District's current nursing staff (RN and LPN) are provided through contractual agreements with community agencies.

Training and Certification

- PREPaRE A comprehensive National Association of School Psychologists (NASP) curriculum that trains school-employed mental health professionals and other educators how to best fill the roles and responsibilities generated by their membership on school crisis response teams. Core workshops and Training of Trainer (ToT) workshops are available.
- GCSCORED RUMERTIME Process Educating, equipping, and empowering staff, students, and their support systems to effectively manage Thoughts, Interactions, Mindsets, and Emotions (TIME) in issues pertaining to relationship capacity cultivation skills, and mental health.
- WhyTry A program that teaches life skills to students through the following therapeutic practices: Cognitive Behavior Therapy, Reality Therapy, Client-Centered Therapy, and Solution Focused Brief Therapy. These resources which include educational videos, hands-on activities, and journaling are designed to support student's well-being and growth by teaching goal setting, locus of control techniques, and strategies to improve classroom engagement and academic achievement.
- Center for Mind-Body Medicine (CMBM) CMBM is a trauma-informed program designed to help students and staff reduce stress, enhance coping skills, and increase resiliency. The program consists of mindfulness practices, community building, self-regulation techniques, movement exercises, and developing healthy self-expression.
- Rethink Ed Rethink Ed is the District's primary curriculum for Life Skills and Wellness and student success strategies. It is an online platform consisting of lesson plans, instructional videos, and resources to support student learning and staff development. Rethink Ed also provides a life skill learning survey to measure the self-perceptions of the following life skills competencies for students in grades 4-12: Self-Awareness, Self-Management, Relationship Skills, Responsible Decision-Making and Resilience.
- Cognitive Behavior Therapy (CBT) CBT is an evidence-based and widely used form of psychotherapy that combines cognitive therapy with behavior by helping students identify maladaptive patterns of thinking, emotional responses, or behaviors and replacing them with more desirable patterns.
- Trauma-Focused Cognitive Behavioral Therapy (TF-CBT) TF-CBT is a short-term intervention that generally lasts from eight to 25 sessions. TF-CBT addresses the mental health needs of children, adolescents, and families suffering from the destructive effects of early trauma. The treatment is particularly sensitive to the unique problems of youth with post-traumatic stress and mood disorders resulting from sexual abuse as well as from physical abuse, violence, or grief.

The BCPS MHAA Plan addresses service limitations and enhances the quality and fidelity of program implementation. Targeted and/or intensive interventions will be provided based on unique school needs. The BCPS MHAA Plan does not replace current service delivery or funding sources, nor is it used for salaries or staff bonuses.

Maximizing Other Funding Sources

The District continues to seek reimbursement for services through Medicaid reimbursement, third-party payments, and grants. A significant portion of the funds allocated for mental health services in BCPS is sourced by grants. The table below provides details on each of the funding sources.

2022-23 Mental Health Grant Funding

• **Table 1**. Mental Health and Other Funding Sources. This table includes **\$6,357,433** in grant funding for **40** staff and other training expenditures.

Grant (BCPS Grant Name)	Funding Source	Allocation Amount	Duration of Grant	Staff	Descriptor	BCPS Management Department
Family Counseling Program Grant (FCP)	Broward County Community Partnerships Divisions	1,654,232.00	3 Years renewed annually Sunsets 09/30/2024	35	Funds programs and services for family and individual counseling in school setting. Available to students and families in Broward. Utilizes evidence- based treatment modalities including Cognitive Behavior Therapy (CBT).	Student Services
Bureau of Justice Assistance (BJA) Stop School Violence: Prevention & Mental Health Training Broward Staff, Teachers, Organizations, Parents & Students (STOPS) Violence!	USDOJ	\$500,000	3 Years Sunsets 09/30/2023 (additional one- year extension pending approval)	0.5	Enables the "Start with Hello" and "Say Something" curricula to be delivered to three cohorts of schools. "Start with Hello" teaches students about social isolation and how to make connections to bridge those gaps. "Say Something" teaches students the signs and signals of potential violence, especially social media, and how to take the information and report to a trusted adult. Both programs are sustained through the establishment of Students Against Violence Everywhere (SAVE) clubs.	Student Services
BJA Stop School Violence: Prevention & Mental Health Training Broward Staff, Teachers, Organizations, Parents & Students (STOPS) Violence!	USDOJ	\$628,201	3 Years Sunsets 09/30/2023 (one year extension approved through 9/30/24)	0.5	Enables the "Start with Hello" and "Say Something" curricula to be delivered to remaining middle and high schools in BCPS that were not part of the 2018 STOPS grant. "Start with Hello" teaches students about social isolation and how to make connections to bridge those gaps. "Say Something" teaches students the signs and signals of potential violence, especially social media, and how to take the information and report to a trusted adult. Provides funding for the establishment of 25 additional SAVE Promise clubs, and also provides funding to sustain the clubs established by the 2018 STOPS grant. In addition, BCPS will pilot a new program to combat child abuse. Lauren's Kids, Safer Smarter Schools will empower children with tools to protect them from abuse, along with important esteem and safety issues such as bulling, internet safety and empowerment.	Student Services

Grant (BCPS Grant Name)	Funding Source	Allocation Amount	Duration of Grant	Staff	Descriptor	BCPS Management Department
Broward Stop School Violence! Elementary Grant	USDOJ	\$500,000	3 Years Sunset 06/30/2023	1	BCPS to provide training to teachers and family members along with peer-to-peer education to students with the intent to prevent student violence. FY2019 STOPS Violence! grant will expand district-wide support for the "Start with Hello" and SAVE Program clubs at elementary schools and feeder schools. The program plan ties together current peer counseling programs, pro- social clubs, evidence-based violence prevention programming, and universal response to intervention practices across the District.	School Climate & Discipline
Broward Comprehensive Universal Reduction of Violence (BCURV) Grant	USDOJ	\$775,000	3 Years Sunsets 09/30/2023	2	BCURV enhances efforts to prevent and reduce youth violence and victimization district-wide for students in grades K-12 through the provision of MTSS. The anticipated major deliverables to ascertain BCURV success include: 1. Statistically significant reduction in Acts Against Persons (AAP) discipline district-wide 2. Significant increase in the number of violence related MTSS Tier 2 and Tier 3 curriculum, programs and services available and utilized 3. Significant reduction in the number of BCPS middle school students who report being electronically bullied.	School Climate & Discipline
Mental Health Services Professional Demonstration Collaborative Internship for All (CIA)	USDOE National Center on Safe Supportive Learning Environment (NCSSLE)	\$2.3M	3 Years Sunsets 09/30/2024 (one-year extension granted)	1	Through the Collaborative Model of School-Based Mental Health Internship, BCPS increases the pipeline of school- based mental health practitioners to increase access to mental health services for students, employees, and families the District's high-need schools.	Student Services

Secure the Next Generation Referendum

• **Table 2.** Secure the Next Generation Referendum Staff Utilization. The referendum in 2022-23 provided funding for 117 full time staff and in 2023-24 proposing funding for 122 full time staff as depicted in the table below.

Referendum Position Titles	2023 Actual Positions	2023 Actual Salary/Fringe	2024 Actual Positions	2024 Actual Salary/Fringe
Behavioral Technician	2	42,832	2	99,173
Clerical Support N	1	30,211	1	56,323
District Coordinator, Suicide Prevention	1	70,609	1	101,701
Family Counselors - ESE	10	819,989	10	874,354
Guidance Counselors	28	2,226,248	28	2,557,910
Guidance Director High	2	171,195	2	190,545
Guidance Support Resource Elementary	1	97,390	1	91,354
Instructional Facilitator	2	125,759	7	618,466
School Nurse	2	122,825	2	161,172
School Psychologist	20	1,597,035	20	1,857,106
School Social Worker	17	1,283,170	17	1,505,046
Teacher Behavioral Support	11	259,943	11	971,876
Teacher Hospital Homebound (MSD)	2	152,092	2	168,974
Teacher on Special Assignment (Suicide Prevention)	5	379,904	5	441,762
Teacher Resource-Elementary	1	41,013	1	84,487
Therapist, Family Counseling	12	953,110	12	1,071,231
Total Referendum Positions	117	\$8,373,325	122	\$10,851,478
Operating Cost		\$1,870,891		\$1,879,407
Total Operating Cost		\$1,870,891		\$1,879,407
Total Mental Health Referendum Appropriations		\$10,244,216		\$14,610,292

Program Implementation and Outcomes

The table below identifies the number of FLDOE certified, or licensed, school-based mental health service providers employed by the District, school psychologists, school social workers, school counselors and other mental health service providers by licensure type.

Professionals	Number of Staff	
Counselor, EAP	5	
School Counselors (Guidance Counselors)	455	
Exceptional Student Education (ESE) Counselors	55	
School Psychologists	164	
Family Therapists	60	
School Social Workers	178	
Health Services (Nurses)	24	

BCPS Tracking Systems of High-Risk Students

In accordance with the MHAA, districts are required to establish systems for tracking the number of students at high-risk for mental health or co-occurring substance abuse disorders who received mental health screenings or assessments; number of students referred to school-based mental health service providers; number of students referred to community-based mental health service providers; number of students referred to community-based mental health service providers; number of students who received school-based interventions, services or assistance; and number of students who received community-based interventions, services or assistance.

Below are the tracking systems utilized by the District for services and programs provided:

- **Family Counseling Program**: Student demographic information is entered into a local database and the total number of referrals is reported annually.
- School Social Work Services: Student referrals are documented in the Behavior and Academic Support Intervention Services (BASIS) database. The BASIS database also includes the number and types of interventions provided to each student.
- **Psychological Services**: For a psychoeducational evaluation, referrals are created in Frontline/Accelify and sent to the District office to be opened and assigned to a school psychologist. The database includes types of referrals, consent received dates, and evaluation completion dates. When a student is referred to a school psychologist for mental health counseling by school-based employees at their assigned schools, the services are documented by the individual practitioner in Frontline/Accelify. This includes student names, type of services provided, frequency/duration, and date/time of service.

- Exceptional Student Education (ESE) Counseling: When it is determined through data collection (i.e., observations, prior interventions) that a student with an Individualized Education Plan (IEP) requires counseling to benefit from exceptional education, the IEP team convenes to determine if the service is needed. Counseling is then added as a related service to the IEP and documented in Accelify as it occurs.
- School Counseling (Guidance): Formal and informal referrals for school counseling services are made by staff, students, or stakeholders via school-based systems. Interventions are documented in the student information system based on the services delivery model and American School Counselor Association (ASCA) standards.
- Nursing (Student Health): Students with chronic health conditions requiring counseling services are referred to the school social worker and/or the school psychologist as deemed appropriate. The total number of referrals is entered on a monthly summary log and reported to the Florida Department of Health (FDOH)-Broward.



- **Positive Behavior Interventions and Support**: Students accruing 10 or more behavioral incidents are supported by specialists to ensure fidelity of implementation of school-based interventions to reduce subsequent behavioral incidents. Schools within the regions with the highest SESIR incident data will be provided climate and culture support/resources specific to their school's needs. Additional support is available to classroom teachers from District-based Teacher Behavior Support personnel on the use of effective whole-class behavior management techniques and individual behavior intervention strategies for students with challenging behaviors.
- **Community Providers**: Referrals through BASIS to community providers are tracked to identify the number and status of referrals.
- BBHC Online: An agreement with the District and Broward Behavioral Health Coalition, to utilize
 a multiagency service platform to coordinate the provision of mental health services to students
 at risk of emotional or behavioral disabilities. The system ensures counseling referrals and
 assessments are conducted in a timely manner to behavioral health partners. SBBC mental
 health professionals are able to monitor referrals and treatment progress through the online
 system.

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SMART

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SMART Program

(As of March 2023)





SMART APPROPRITATIONS	PROGRAM YEARS 1-5 (FY15-FY19)	ARS 1-5 YEAR 6		PROGRAM PROGRAM YEAR 7 YEAR 8 (FY21) (FY22)		TOTAL
SAFETY	\$ 87.6	\$ 57.0	\$ 11.4	\$ 8.7		\$ 164.7
MUSIC & ART	32.0	9.5	2.2	1.9		45.6
ATHLETICS	6.8					6.8
RENOVATION	555.6	375.8	108.7	180.1	79.9	1,300.1
TECHNOLOGY Computers and Hardware						
(District-Owned Schools) Charter School Technology	56.5					56.5
TOTAL	\$750.5	\$442.3	\$122.3	\$ 190.7	\$79.9	\$ 1,585.7



SMART Program HIGHLIGHTS BY THE NUMBERS

(As of March 2023)



189 Fire alarm, fire sprinkler projects underway or complete Single Point of Entry upgrades complete 60,076 instruments delivered 136 kilns delivered MUSIC IS COMPLETE \$1.3 M budget for theatre equipment All 15 tracks complete ATHLETICS 30 of 30 weight rooms complete IS COMPLETE 207 projects in construction 208 School Choice Enhancements complete an Pi 83,362 computing devices delivered TECHNOLOGY 2:1 student to computer ratio IS COMPLETE

COMPLETED RENOVATIONS

(As of March 2023)



4 Projects	0 Projects	6 Projects	6 Projects	207 Projects	80 Projects
PROJECT	HIRE DESIGNER	PROJECT DESIGN			CONSTRUCTION CLOSEOUT

SCHOOLS WITH RENOVATIONS IN CLOSEOUT							
Attucks Middle School	Hollywood Central Elementary School						
Bayview Elementary School	Indian Ridge Middle School						
Bennett Elementary School	James S. Rickards Elementary School						
Boyd Anderson Elementary School	Lake Forest Elementary School						
Bright Horizons Center	Lanier James Middle School						
Charles W. Flanagan High School	Liberty Elementary						
Coconut Creek Elementary School	Manatee Bay Elementary						
Colbert Museum Magnet	Maplewood Elementary School						
Coral Cove Elementary School	Marjory Stoneman Douglas High School						
Coral Park Elementary School	McNicol Middle School						
Cypress Bay High School	Miramar Elementary School						
Cypress Elementary School	Mirror Lake Elementary School						
Cypress Run Education Center	Morrow Elementary School						
Dave Thomas Education Center - West	Norcrest Elementary School						
Davie Elementary School	North Lauderdale Elementary School						
Discovery Elementary School	Nova Middle School						
Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. Montessori Academy	Palm Cove Elementary School						
Eagle Ridge Elementary School	Panther Run Elementary School						
Everglades Elementary School	Park Lakes Elementary School						
Everglades High School	Parkway Middle School						
Fairway Elementary School	Pine Ridge Education Center						
Falcon Cove Middle School	Pinewood Elementary School						
Forest Hills Elementary School	Pioneer Middle School						
Fox Trail Elementary School	Plantation Elementary School						
Gator Run Elementary School	Silver Lakes Elementary School						
Gulfstream Academy of Hallandale Beach K-8	Silver Palms Elementary School						
(f.k.a. Hallandale Adult & Community Center)	Silver Ridge Elementary School						



COMPLETED RENOVATIONS

(As of March 2023)



4 Projects	0 Projects	6 Projects	6 Projects	207 Projects	80 Projects			
PROJECT PLANNING	HIRE DESIGNER	PROJECT DESIGN		CONSTRUCTION CLOSEOUT				
	SCHOOL	S WITH RENO	VATIONS IN CL	OSEOUT				
Silver Shores Elementary School West Broward High School								
Silver Trail N	liddle School		Western High	School				
Sunrise Midd	lle School		Westglades M	iddle School				
Sunset Lakes	Elementary School	I	Westwood He	ights Elementary Sc	hool			
Tamarac Elei	Famarac Elementary School Virginia Shuman Young Elementary School							
Tradewinds	Elementary School		Wingate Oaks Center					
	nentary School		2					



ACTIVE CONSTRUCTION (As of March 2023)

PROJECT PLANNINGHIRE DESIGNERPROJECT DESIGNHIRE CONTRACTORACTIVE CONSTRUCTIONCONSTRUCTIONCONSTRUCTIONCONSTRUCTIONCONSTRUCTIONCONTRACTORACTIVE CONSTRUCTION
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ACTIVE CONSTRUCTION (As of March 2023)

4 Projects	0 Projects	6 Projects	6 Projects	ojects 207 Projects 80 Pro						
PROJECT	HIRE DESIGNER	PROJECT DESIGN								
	SCHOOLS W	ITH PROJECTS	IN ACTIVE CON	NSTRUCTION						
J.P. Taravella Hi	gh School		Nova Middle	School						
Lake Forest Eler	mentary School		Oakland Par	k Elementary Schoo						
Lakeside Elemer	ntary School		Oakridge Ele	mentary School						
Larkdale Elementary School Olsen Middle School										
	Lauderdale Lakes Middle School Oriole Elementary School									
	STEM-MED Magnet		_	lementary School						
	nunity School at Pa			Elementary School						
_	(f.k.a. Castle Hill Ar			lementary School						
	Turner Elementary	School		mentary School						
Lyons Creek Mid			Parkway Mie							
Maplewood Ele				kes Elementary Sch						
Margate Elemer				kes Elementary Sch						
	han Douglas High So	chool		nes Elementary Sch	1001					
McArthur High				entary School						
	ical College, Browa	rd Fire		Elementary School						
Academy	in this call and a	Tankal and	Pines Middle School Piper High School							
	ical High School & 1	rechnical								
College	any School		Plantation H	liddle School						
McNab Element	Elementary School			ark Elementary Sch	ool					
	2 Collegiate Acaden	nv.		ach Elementary Sch						
Miramar High S	-	iiy		ach Middle School	1001					
Mirror Lake Eler				s Elementary Schoo	4					
Monarch High S				d Elementary Schoo						
Morrow Elemen				d Middle School						
	e Middle School		Riverglades	Elementary School						
New River Midd			-	ementary School						
Nob Hill Elemen	tary School			Elementary School						
Norcrest Elemen	•			TEM Museum Mag	net					
North Lauderda				Palm Elementary Sc						
North Side Elem	entary School			ementary School						
Northeast High	School		Sawgrass Sp	rings Middle School						
Nova Blanche Fo	orman Elementary	School		ementary School						
Nova High Scho	ol		Seagull Alter	native High School						



ACTIVE CONSTRUCTION (As of March 2023)

PRIMARY RENOVATIONS PROCESS CHART

4 Projects	0 Projects	6 Projects	6 Projects	207 Projects	80 Projects
PROJECT	HIRE	PROJECT		ACTIVE	CONSTRUCTION
PLANNING	DESIGNER	DESIGN		CONSTRUCTION	CLOSEOUT

SCHOOLS WITH PROJECTS IN ACTIVE CONSTRUCTION

Seminole Middle School Sheridan Hills Elementary School Sheridan Park Elementary School Sheridan Technical High School Silver Lakes Middle School Silver Ridge Elementary School South Broward High School South Plantation High School Stephen Foster Elementary School Stirling Elementary School Stranahan High School Sunland Park Academy Sunrise Middle School Sunshine Elementary School Tamarac Elementary School Tedder Elementary School Tequesta Trace Middle School

The Quest Center Thurgood Marshall Elementary School Tropical Elementary School Village Elementary School Virginia Shuman Young Elementary School Walker Elementary School Walter C. Young Middle School Welleby Elementary School West Hollywood Elementary School Westchester Elementary School Westglades Middle School Westpine Middle School Whiddon Rogers Educational Center William E. Dandy Middle School Wilton Manors Elementary School Wingate Oaks Center Winston Park Elementary School



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ORGANIZATIONAL

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BROWARD COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOLS



Broward County is situated between the Atlantic Ocean and the Everglades in southeast Florida and was first incorporated in 1915. There are approximately 1,225 square miles of land area, of which the western 797 square miles are conservation areas and are protected from development. Within the remaining 428 developable square miles of land, there are 31 municipalities. The county has 24 miles of white sandy beaches and 266 linear miles of canals, of which 126 miles are navigable.

The first two public schools opened in Broward County in 1899. The school district of Broward County was established in 1915 and is now the sixth largest in the United States and the second largest in Florida. Broward County Public Schools (BCPS) is Florida's first fully accredited school system since 1962, meeting rigorous accreditation standards established by Cognia (formerly AdvancEd), the largest accreditation agency in the nation. There are 237 District schools, and numerous ancillary facilities totaling over 35 million square feet.

BCPS is an independent school district that provides educational opportunities to students from infants through adults. Pre-kindergarten through grade 12 students are representative of a diverse multicultural/multi-ethnic population from over 183 countries speaking 153 languages, and approximately 31,718 of those students are identified as English Language Learners (ELL's). Exceptional Student Learning Support (ESLS) is provided to over 32,000 students with special needs, and each Public School must develop and implement a comprehensive plan to meet the needs of their gifted students. There are more than 110,000 Adult and Continuing Education students.

There are 237 District-Managed school locations in Broward County offering a wealth of educational opportunities including 137 elementary, 36 middle, 29 high, 6 multi-level, 2 virtual schools, as well as 3 technical colleges, 7 Pre-K sites and 17 additional instructional sites. In addition, the District provides adult education at 21 community schools at existing school facilities throughout Broward County. For the 2023-24 school year, there are currently 88 charter schools in Broward County.

For the 2023-24 school year, students are scheduled to start school on Monday, August 21, 2023, and their last day is scheduled for Monday, June 10, 2024. Within the 180 instructional days, six days are designated as early release for all students so schools can provide staff development and training. Teachers are contracted for a 196-day calendar consisting of ten staff planning days and six paid holidays.

2022-23 Benchmark Enrollment Pre-Kindergarten to Grade 12								
Pre-Kindergarten	5,353							
Elementary (K - 5)	83,280							
Middle (6 - 8)	43,655							
High (9 - 12)	68,708							
Centers .	3,725							
District Managed Schools	204,721							
Charter Schools	49,663							
Total 2022-23 Benchmark	254,384							

Note: Figures include non-Exceptional Student Education (ESE) Pre-K students who are not part of the FTE counts or calculations and charter school students.

GOVERNANCE STRUCTURE



MEET THE **BOARD MEMBERS** School Board of Broward County, Florida



Lori Alhadeff Chair District 4



Debra Hixon Vice Chair Countywide At-Large Seat 9



Dr. Allen Zeman Countywide At-Large Seat 8



Daniel P. Foganholi District 1



Torey Alston District 2



Sarah Leonardi District 3



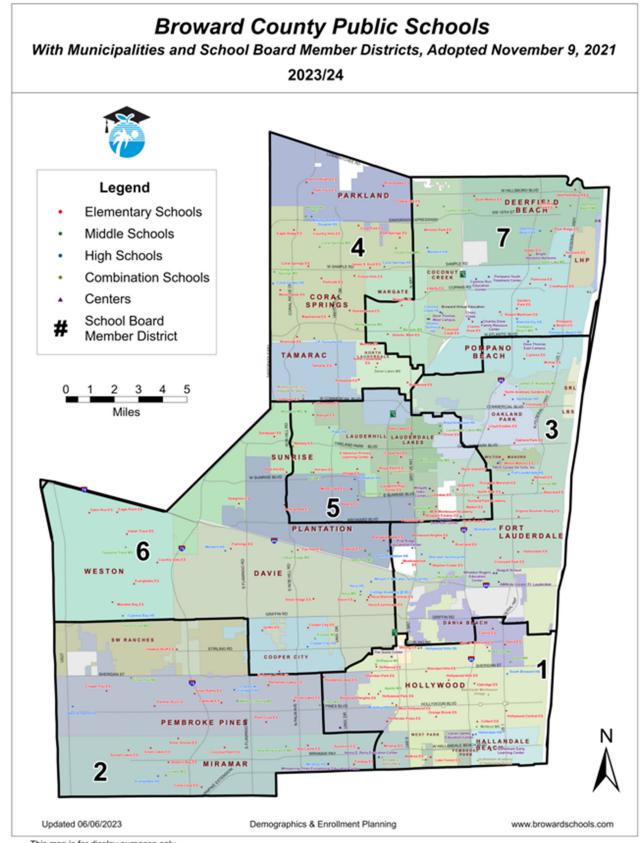
Dr. Jeff Holness District 5



Brenda Fam, Esq District 6



Nora Rupert District 7



BROWARD COUNTY SCHOOL BOARD MEMBER DISTRICT

This map is for display purposes only.

DISTRICT'S STRATEGIC PLAN

Vision and Mission

Broward County Public Schools continues to be guided by the essential Vision and Mission statements:

OUR VISION: *Educating today's students to succeed in tomorrow's world.*

OUR MISSION:

Educating all students to reach their highest potential.

Development of 2027 Student Outcomes Focused Strategic Plan

The 2027 Student Outcomes Focused Strategic Plan was developed after an eight-month development process facilitated by a consultant from the Council of Great City Schools (CGCS), AJ Crabill, in partnership with the Office of Strategic Initiative Management (SIM) and Research, Evaluation and Accountability (REA). This involved collaboration with stakeholders across the District, including students, teachers, school-based and District staff and administrators, families, community members, and local business and non-profit partnering organizations.

Engagement took place through the Student Outcomes Focused Strategic Plan Committee, communitywide meetings (in-person, virtual, and hybrid), community-wide survey and polling, and other forums throughout the year. A comprehensive survey analysis was conducted by SIM to identify the priority values and vision of the community.

The phases of development included professional development for the Superintendent, Board, Cabinet, and applicable staff (February 17th and 18th, 2022); community outreach/meetings; and reviews and revisions as appropriate of the identified goals and guardrails.

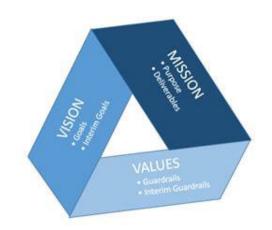
Board members hosted four 1-hour community meetings, and each consisted of live polling for real time audience input:

- 1. April 25, 2022 (in-person at Northeast High School and broadcasted through BECON TV)
- 2. April 28, 2022 (in-person at McArthur High School and broadcasted through BECON TV)
- 3. May 4, 2022 (in-person at Plantation High School and broadcasted through BECON TV)
- 4. May 11, 2022 (Virtual)

The associated community survey was active from April 25, 2022 to May 15, 2022. At the time of the survey closing, 15,726 respondents provided feedback. Inclusive of parents, students, and teachers, the community outreach also targeted various stakeholder groups, including municipalities, community and faith-based organizations, higher education institutions, and the business community. It was coordinated by several District departments (Marketing and Communications, BECON, Governmental Affairs, Media and Community Relations, Family and Community Engagement, Coaching and Induction, the Technical Colleges, the Office of Service Quality and Strategic Initiative Management). Collectively, outreach occurred through multiple channels, such as direct promotions (flyers and press releases), websites, videos, emails, texts, social media, ParentLink and PIVOT.

DISTRICT'S STRATEGIC PLAN

Plan Structure



The District's Student Outcomes Focused Strategic Plan is built following the CGCS module. The guiding principles of SOFG are supported and realized through Goals and Guardrails, which translate the vision and values of the community into action.

The Goals and Guardrails are monitored via defined quantitative metrics and are supported through the three interim goals and interim guardrails associated with each. These Goals and Guardrails underscore the collaborative and cross-functional approach required to achieve the District's Strategic Goals. Embedded within each Goal and Guardrail are Continuous Improvement ideas.

Goals and Guardrails

<u>GOALS</u>

- 1. Early Literacy Proficiency: The percent of grade 3 students who demonstrate grade-level performance or above on the state English Language Arts (ELA) assessment will grow from 52% in June 2022 to 65% by June 2027.
- 2. Algebra Proficiency: The percent of students who met the Algebra graduation testing requirement by the end of grade 9 will grow from 53% in June 2022 to 63% by June 2027.
- 3. Science Proficiency: The percent of grade 8 students who demonstrate grade-level performance or above on the Florida Statewide Science Assessment or Biology EOC* will grow from 47% in June 2022 to 55% by June 2027.
- 4. College and Career Readiness/Acceleration: The percent of graduates who earned any combination of two from the following list: College credit on an AP* exam, IB* exam, AICE* exam, or dual enrollment* course; Industry certification*; CTACE* internship; will grow from 41% in June 2022 to 51% by June 2027.

GUARDRAILS

- 1. **Safety:** The Superintendent may not allow a breach of safety policies and procedures that result in an increase in threatening or unsafe circumstances for students and staff.
- 2. **Equity:** The Superintendent may not allow resources to be allocated without firm evidence of their equitable distribution.
- 3. **School Support:** The Superintendent may not allow classrooms in C, D, F, or Unsatisfactory rated schools* to go without essential material and human resources.
- 4. **Accountability:** The Superintendent may not allow the district to operate without an accountability system for policy implementation that includes expectations, evaluation, transparency and continuous improvement.
- 5. **Wellness Support:** The Superintendent may not make decisions without ensuring that students and staff are connected with necessary wellness resources.

*See Glossary

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BUDGET MESSAGE PRIORITIES AND ISSUES

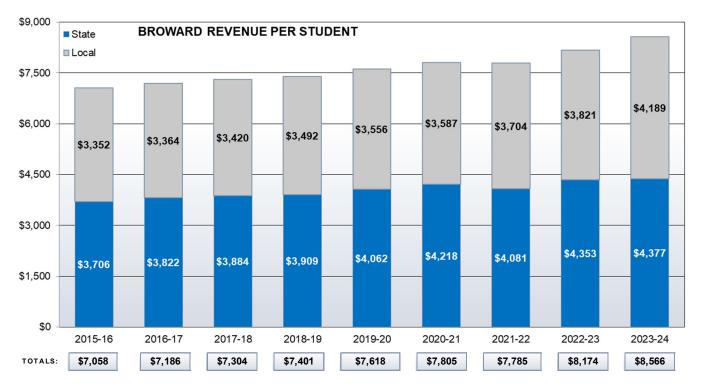
Broward County Public Schools (BCPS) is committed to its mission of educating all students to reach their highest potential. During a year of tremendous change and transition for BCPS, providing students with a world-class education to best prepare them for their futures remains the District's unwavering focus. Among various goals, the 2023-24 Budget achieves the following:

- Continues to hold harmless the funding for class size compliance despite continued reduction in funding by the State of Florida.
- Funds the equivalent of 154 teaching positions to assist students in accelerating their learning through American Rescue Plan (ARP) funding. 148 of which are allocated directly to schools and 6 positions in the Regional Offices.
- Maintains the investment for air quality improvement projects through the use of ARP funding.
- The District and School Board were also honored with the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting and with the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award from the Government Finance Officers Association, as well as it has been recognized with the Meritorious Budget Award and the Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting from the Association of School Business Officials International.

Revenue per Student

State funding for school districts is provided primarily by legislative appropriations. While a number of tax sources are deposited in the state's General Revenue Fund, the predominant source is sales tax. Local revenue in the FEFP comes from property taxes levied by the school district on the taxable value of real and personal property located within the county.

The chart below shows per student funding from the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) for school years 2015-16 through 2023-24.





This District Educational Facilities Plan (DEFP-FY24) covers the five-year period beginning July 1, 2023, and ending June 30, 2028. This plan sustains funding for the **S**afety, **M**usic and Arts, **A**thletics, **R**enovations and **T**echnology (SMART) Program and other projects that were approved in the DEFP adopted on September 6, 2022.

School Safety Funding

The District is committed to providing a safe and supportive environment and recognizes that students and staff need to feel safe and supported in order to perform and achieve their maximum potential.

As part of the District's strategic goals, the District strives to develop approaches that foster safer schools and buildings.

In FY2018-19, SB 7026 provided funding to replace the 1200 Building at Marjory Stoneman Douglas High School. In total, the 2018 Florida Legislature approved \$26.3 million for the District to replace the 1200 building and construct a memorial. The following projects were developed to accomplish this:

- Provide temporary portables This project is complete
- Build a new permanent classroom building This project is complete
- Demolish the 1200 building
- Construct a memorial

Also, in 2018-19 the District used funding from the State security grant to fund \$6.2 million for security cameras, \$1.8 million for public announcement (PA) systems at schools, and \$1.6 million for charter schools. The District also entered into a \$19.8 million capital lease to implement additional PA systems and upgrade the District's radio communications system.

In 2019-20 the District used \$4 million in State security grant to enhance the District's single point of entry and implement additional school security upgrades at District schools and provided \$0.8 million to charter schools.

In FY2020-21 the District used \$3.3 million in State security funding to upgrade school security hardware and provided \$0.7 million to charter schools. In addition, the District is using Federal funding in the E-rate program to further improve its infrastructure to support security cameras.

In FY2021-22 the District identified local funding to continue to upgrade and replace security cameras. The State Security Grant funds provided another \$3.3 million for District schools and \$0.7 million for charter schools to continue upgrading school security hardware.

In FY2022-23 The State security grant funding identified approximately \$1.9 million to fund school hardening needs identified in the Florida Safe School Assessment Tool (FSSAT) completed by District and charter schools.

In FY2023-24 The District did not receive State security grant funding, however, in this year's DEFP \$51 million in new safety/security funding is included to address intercoms and security communications equipment as well as address safety and security concerns district-wide.

Funding for Capital Outlay Needs

The DEFP-FY23 sustains funding for district-wide maintenance, student and staff computers, school buses and white fleet vehicles. The plan also funds the District's debt service for past and current financings as well as funding for building leases, capital outlay staff and charter school capital outlay.

New funding recommendations totaling \$116.5 million in this plan include funding for:

- Safety and Security Intercom Upgrades
- 25 New playgrounds and other playground upgrades and repairs
- Covered walkway projects at 6 schools
- Increased funding for school furniture fixtures & equipment (FF&E) and school custodial equipment
- Portable Demolitions

New Recommendations - Summary (in thousands)											
Category FY 2024 FY 2025 FY 2026 FY 2027 FY 2028 T											
Safety/Security	\$6,031	\$12,250	\$11,250	\$11,000	\$10,500	\$51,031					
Facilities	11,059	3 <i>,</i> 980	4,273	4,320	3 <i>,</i> 538	27,170					
Equipment	2,762	1,190	1,186	1,188	1,190	7,516					
Vehicles	1,488	2,877	3,346	3,847	4,374	15,932					
Maintenance/Minor Capital Outlay	2,380	2,380	2,380	2,380	2,380	11,900					
Environmental	1,185	435	435	435	435	2,925					
Total	\$24,905	\$23,112	\$22,870	\$23,170	\$22,417	\$116,474					



New Recommendation Details

(in thousands)

Safety/Security Projects	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	FY 2028	Total
Armored Vests	\$53	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 53
Bi-Directional Antenna	500	500	500	500		2,000
Electronic Door Access	500	250	250			1,000
Fire Alarm Operational Analysis	300	300	300	300	300	1,500
Intercom Project	3,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	43,000
IT Radio Coverage	150					150
Knox Boxes	208					208
Local Government Radio System	120					120
Playground Repairs	250	250				500
Protective Netting for Baseball and Softball	750	750				1,500
School Replacement Radios	100	100	100	100	100	500
Stairwell Protections/Safety Renovations	100	100	100	100	100	500
Total Safety/Security Projects	\$ 6,031	\$12,250	\$ 11,250	\$11,000	\$10,500	\$ 51,031

Facilities Projects	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 20	026	FY	2027	FY 20	28	Total
ADA Projects	\$	\$ 500)\$	500	\$	150	\$1	.50	\$ 1,300
Capital Overhead (PMOR DEFP Projects)	4,654								4,654
Covered Walkway - Coconut Creek High			1,	073					1,073
Covered Walkway - Glades Middle		780)						780
Covered Walkway - Stranahan	600								600
Covered Walkway - Tradewinds Elem	780								780
Covered Walkway- Castle Hill Elem					1	L,170			1,170
Covered Walkway- Pinewood Elem							4	88	488
Driftwood ES - Structural Repairs	3,200								3,200
New Playgrounds (25 Sites)	700	1,200) 1,	200	1	L,500	1,4	-00	6,000
Playground Poured-in-Place Surfacing	500	500)	500		500	5	00	2,500
Portable Demolitions	1,525								1,525
Resurfacing of Outdoor Athletic Play-Courts	1,000	1,000) 1,	000	1	L,000	1,0	000	5,000
Roof Asset Management Program (RAMP) *	(2,500)								(2,500)
Structural Inspection Program	600								600
Total Facilities Projects	\$ 11,059	\$ 3,980) \$ 4,	273	\$ 4	,320	\$ 3,5	38	\$ 27,170

PMOR = Project Management Owner's Representative ADA = The Americans with Disabilities Act FF&E = Furniture, Fixtures & Equipment

Equipment	FY	2024	FY 20	025	FY	2026	FY	2027	FY 202	28	1	otal
Broadcast/Technology Equipment Refresh	\$	50	\$	50	\$	50	\$	50	\$	50	\$	250
Damaged Music Instrument/Equipment		45										45
Replacements		45										45
Football Helmets		369										369
KCW Board Room and Control Room Equipment		400										400
Refresh		400										400
Kiln Replacements		87		90		86		88		90		441
Kronos Project		550										550
Network Switch Replacements		200		200		200		200	2	00		1,000
School Classroom, Media Center, and Cafeteria FF&E		350		350		350		350	3	50		1,750
		500		500		500		E00	F	00		2 5 0 0
School Custodial Equipment		500		500		500		500	5	00		2,500
Video playback and archive system		160										160
Video Router		50										50
Total Equipment	\$	2,761	\$ 1,	190	\$	1,186	\$	1,188	\$ 1,1	90	\$	7,515

Vehicles	F١	2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	FY 2028	Total
Bus Lifts	\$	300	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 300
Bus Replacement Increase		2,326	2,877	3,346	3,847	4,374	16,770
Hazmat Sheds		220					220
White Fleet Adjustment *		(1,359)					(1,359)
Total Vehicles	\$	1,487	\$ 2,877	\$ 3,346	\$ 3,847	\$ 4,374	\$ 15,931

Maintenance/Minor Capital Outlay	F	Y 2024	FY 2025	F	Y 2026	FY 2027	FY 2028	Total
Maintenance of Schools	\$	2,380	\$ 2,380	\$	2,380	\$ 2,380	\$ 2,380	\$ 11,900
Total Maintenance/MCO	\$	2,380	\$ 2,380	\$	2,380	\$ 2,380	\$ 2,380	\$ 11,900

Environmental	F	Y 2024	FY	2025	FY 2	026	FY	2027	FY	2028	Fotal
Aging Tank Removal/Replacement including Fuel Depot Canopy	\$	750	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$ 750
Lead-Based Paint Survey/Stabilization		50		50		50		50		50	250
Surface Water Management Licenses		225		225		225		225		225	1,125
Trash Compactors		160		160		160		160		160	800
Total Environmental	\$	1,185	\$	435	\$	435	\$	435	\$	435	\$ 2,925

This funding is to address any critical capital needs, sustain efforts to complete the SMART Program, and preserve unallocated reserves to address needs identified in the Long-Range Plan.

SMART Program

The SMART Program was originally supported with funding from the \$800 million General Obligation Bond (GOB) and \$184 million in other capital outlay funding totaling \$984.1 million. The District recognized shortfalls for the program and set aside funding in a SMART Program Reserve to mitigate these funding risks. As projects are awarded to execute the program these reserve funds are used to offset the additional costs to complete the projects. The SMART program is \$1,585.7 million as of March 31,2023.

The update to the DEFP-FY24 focuses on adding funding to bring the SMART reserves in alignment with the Atkins Risk Assessment. To keep the SMART Program on schedule to complete by October 2025, and align with contract awards, \$47 million is needed in FY 2024.

Then as more projects close out in FY 2025 and FY 2026, \$23 million from project savings is expected to return to capital reserves. After the final SMART projects are awarded the program risk greatly diminishes.

More information about the SMART Program is available on a quarterly basis when the District prepares the quarterly Bond Oversight Committee reports. The websites where this information can be found are:

<u>http://www.broward.k12.fl.us/boc/index.html</u> (Bond Oversight Committee website) <u>https://bcpssmartfutures.com</u> (District's SMART Program Updates)

Each quarter after the Bond Oversight Committee meets, a representative from the Committee presents an update to the School Board at a workshop.



Fiscal Planning – Long Range Facility Planning

To ensure that the District uses sound data driven decision-making processes, funding for long-range facility planning is included in this DEFP. The long-range facilities plan will provide a comprehensive view of the District's facility needs and is a critical element in fiscal planning. The District cannot fund all of its facility needs and will need to prioritize limited financial resources to best meet the most critical of those needs. It is important that the District allows the long-range facilities plan to drive decisions about how we spend limited resources.

The District is developing a comprehensive long-range educational facility master plan to plan for the facilitation and execution of the master planning and modernization of its public-school buildings.

In conjunction with the long range plan the District is also moving forward with a structural assessment and evaluation program funded in this plan at \$1.1 million to include:

- Scope of assessment includes building structural systems
- Incorporation of other significant building conditions affecting structural system performance or condition (e.g., building enclosure failure causing deterioration)
- Assessment parameters shall be defined for consistent application and comparison of conditions across a building and across the portfolio
- Relative rating/prioritization system to be established to enable comparison of conditions within a building and across the District portfolio
- Identify target facilities for pilot field assessment in collaboration with the District seeking to provide as representative a sample of the portfolio as possible; anticipate approximately 5 to 10 percent of the buildings will be included in the pilot sample

Program Manual deliverable detailing assessment scope, methodology, criteria, and rating system; for use by the selected consultant for the pilot assessment and by multiple consultants to complete assessment of the remainder of the portfolio

Also in place is the Roof Asset Management Program with an annual appropriation of \$3.0 million that includes the following components:

- Roof surveys and condition assessments
- Roof asset management plan (RAMP)
- 10-year budget plans for the total cost of ownership
- Online database and reporting tools
- Moisture analysis –as needed
- Preventive maintenance and minor repair
- Training for in-house capabilities
- Mentoring to expand local contractor capabilities
- · Annual updates to budgets and project scopes
- Emergency leak response management

Reserves

The District sustains reserves to stabilize the SMART Program and other capital projects in the DEFP. These reserves protect ongoing projects over the duration of the SMART Program so that changes in the economic environment and other risks are mitigated. There are SMART reserve funds the Board previously identified to be set aside for the SMART Program. These reserves are shown on the Appropriations page, and details of the approved transactions that impact the reserve funds are shown in the Appendix.

Total SMART Reserve

\$ 225 million	SMART Reserve established FY 2018
\$ 211 million	COPs Series 2020A
\$ 47 million	PMOR Allocation (FY21, FY22, and FY23)
\$ 29 million	SMART Program Needs (Markham ES FY22)
\$ 46 million	SMART Program Needs (FY24 and FY25) \rightarrow Realigned into FY23
\$ 133 million	Cumulative GOB Premiums (May 17, 2022)
<u>\$ 47 million</u>	Aligning Funding to the Atkins Risk Assessment (FY24)
\$ 738 million	

The capital budget also includes an unallocated reserve that can be used for future SMART Program budget impacts and other Board approved needs. Additional allocations to the SMART Program require the Board's approval, and all future amounts are subject to change based on economic conditions and the results of annual legislative action.





Legislative Affairs Department Broward County Public Schools

End of Session Report

OVERVIEW

The Legislature adjourned from the Regular Legislative Session at 11 a.m. on Friday, May 5. The 2023 session included:

- 1,873 bills and proposed committee bills filed
- 2,674 amendments filed
- 3,229 votes taken
- 52 Floor Sessions
- 356 bills passed both chambers

This Legislative Session yielded a \$117 billion budget, with a record \$26.7 billion added to the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP). An overview of legislative topics related to Broward County Public Schools (BCPS) can be found below.

Each bill headline below is hyperlinked to the Senate's webpage. This site will provide bill language, analysis and more information.

All bills and budget items in this document were approved by the Governor.

BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS

BCPS Unweighted Full-Time Equivalent (FTE) Student Funds: \$8.566.01 (4.43% increase).

BCPS Funding Highlights

•\$800,000 for Adults with Disabilities

• \$250,000 for Athlete Mentoring Pilot

program The full budget is linked <u>here</u>.

FEFP

	2022/23	2023/24			
Base Student Allocation (BSA) (Per student)	\$4,587.40	\$5,139.73 (12.04% increase) Many categoricals below have been collapsed into the BSA			
Broward Specific Funds:					
Base Funding FEFP	\$1,368,165,328	\$1,587,558,299			
Classroom Teacher and Other Instructional Personnel Salary Increase	\$72,449,293	\$94,142,207			

Included within the Base		Replaces Teacher Salary			
		Increase			
		Allocation			
DJJ Supplemental Allocation	ntal Allocation \$222,306		\$220,360		
Educational Enrichment Allocation		\$57,213,756	\$59,827,600		
		(SAI Allocation)			
ESE Guaranteed Allocation		\$101,688,971	\$105,567,857		
			Collapsed into BSA, District is still		
Instructional Materials Allocation		\$20,820,216	required to allocate \$300/ teacher		
			for instructional materials		
Mental Health Assistance Allocation		\$11,861,652	\$13,292,890		
Reading Instruction Allocation		\$14,810,779	Collapsed into BSA		
Safe Schools Allocation		\$18,351,528	\$21,742,075		
Student Transportation Allocation		\$33,581,055	434,956,025		
Teachers Classroom Supplies Allocation	eachers Classroom Supplies Allocation		Collapsed into BSA		
Turnaround Supplemental Services Allocation		\$733,760	Collapsed into Educational		
		\$755,700	Enrichment Allocation		
The full FEFP is linked <u>here</u> .					
FAMILY EMPOWERMENT SCHOLARSHI	P (FUNDED	WITHIN FEFP)			
	Project	ed FTE	Projected Funds		
Educational Options	15,568.	84	\$119,723,623		
Unique Abilities	8,965.9	3	\$95,663,302		
Total	24,534.	77	\$215,386,925		
These projected Family Empowerment S	cholarship	(FES) funds that will be redu	ced from the budget will be offset by		
the \$47,897,841 of State-Funded Discre	tionary Sup	pplement.			

NON-FEFP BUDGET

Community Funding Highlights

- \$1,250,000 for 4KIDS of South Florida Prevention, Foster Family Recruitment & Hope 4 Healing
- \$200,000 for FLITE Center Helping Older Teens Powerfully Engage
- \$150,000 for Parkland Public Safety Personnel Health and Safety Initiative
- \$600,000 for Eagles' Haven Wellness Center
- \$704,846 for Fort Lauderdale Education Enrichment Program
- \$2,000,000 for Safer, Smarter Schools (Lauren's Kids)
- \$549,500 for Junior Achievement of South Florida Youth Workforce Program A

full list of county-by-county allocations can be found here.

ACADEMICS/ SCHOOL-BASED

HB 443 Education

- Extends the validity period of an adjunct teaching certificate from three to five years.
- Expands the definition of a "classroom teacher" eligible for the Florida Teachers Supply Assistance Program to also include an administrator or a substitute teacher who holds a valid teaching certificate and is filling a teaching vacancy.
- Requires district school boards to display in each cafeteria a poster on how to provide first aid for choking (BCPS Democracy in Action submission).
- Authorizes charter schools to give enrollment preference to students who are the children of a school safety officer assigned to the charter school.
- Requires the sponsor to annually provide a report on the services provided to charter schools from the administrative fee.



- Requires the sponsor to make timely payments and reimbursement of federal grant funds.
- Requires the State Board of Education to adopt rules for a standard charter school monitoring tool.
- Requires a charter school to place a student on a progress monitoring plan for at least one semester before dismissing the student when the school limits enrollment based on
- Authorizes a not-for-profit entity to loan certain assets to other charter schools in the state that are operated by the same entity, provided the loan is repaid within five years.
- Includes charter school personnel in certain school district training.
- Includes additional accountability measures for charter schools.

Approved by Governor; Chapter No. 2023-102; Effective Date: July 1, 2023

SB 240 Education

- Requires school boards to provide all students in high school with the option to enroll in at least one workbased learning opportunity, including diversified education, pre-apprenticeships, and apprenticeships.
- Establishes regional education consortia with representatives from local businesses and education institutions with the goal of linking local education programs to specific industry and employment needs.
- Provides discretion to school boards to certify instructors to teach CTE programs.
- Requires school boards to award teachers with in-service credit toward renewal of a professional certificate for supporting students in extracurricular Career and Technical Education (CTE) activities.
- Provides additional bonus funding within the FEFP for CTE.
- Expands options for students to earn credit through extracurricular participation in career and technical organizations.
- Appropriates \$102 million for school boards and colleges to fund the expansion of CTE programs.

Approved by Governor; Chapter No. 2023-81; Effective Date: July 1, 2023

HB 633 K-12 Education

- Repeals the penalty for schools that exceed class size maximums.
- Requires that a student whose parent is active-duty military personnel and who meets the criteria for special
 academic programs offered at a public school be offered enrollment in the academic program even if the
 open enrollment window has closed.

Approved by Governor; Chapter No. 2023-104; Effective Date: July 1, 2023

HB 1069 Education

- Prohibits classroom instruction on sexual orientation and gender identity in pre-kindergarten through 8th grade (rule-making extended this to grade 12, with some exceptions).
- Specifies that instruction in grades nine through 12 be age and developmentally appropriate, as well as consistent with state standards.
- Requires the Department of Education to approve all instructional materials used to teach reproductive health.
- Prohibits any requirement that an employee, contractor, or student at a public K–12 educational institution refer to another individual by a personal title or pronoun that does not align with the person's sex.

Approved by Governor; Chapter No. 2023-105; Effective Date: July 1, 2023

HB 1537 Education

- Extends temporary teaching certificates from three years to five years.
- Requires instruction on Asian American and Pacific Islander history.
- Requires each school district to annually review and confirm that all reproductive health and disease information available on the district's website is accurate.
- Replaces one practical arts credit with one CTE credit.
- Authorizes school districts to select the Classic Learning Test (CLT) and allows students to earn a concordant score on the CLT to meet the requirements for the Bright Futures Scholarship Program.



- Allows Bright Futures students to combine volunteer and paid work hours to meet initial eligibility requirements.
- Provides language for the concordant score for graduation requirements.
- Approved by Governor; Chapter No. 2023-39; Effective Date: July 1, 2023

SB 478 Early Childhood Music Education Incentive Program

Converts the Early Childhood Music Education Incentive Pilot Program into a permanent program administered by the Department of Education.

Approved by Governor; Chapter No. 2023-168; Effective Date: May 30, 2023

<u>SB 196</u> Guidance Services on Academic & Career Planning

- Requires a middle grade student's personalized academic and career plan to be developed in consultation with a certified school counselor and include information on the CTE graduation pathway option and workbased learning opportunities.
- Expands the required annual school district parental notification on high school acceleration options to include information on career and academic planning options, as well as foundational and soft- skill credentialing programs.

Approved by Governor; Chapter No. 2023-89; Effective Date: July 1, 2023

HB 225 Interscholastic Activities

- Authorizes that any high school may become a member of an approved athletic association.
- Requires that students who transfer between schools during the school year be permitted to complete the interscholastic and intrascholastic activities in which they participated at the school from which they transferred.

Approved by Governor; Chapter No. 2023-97; Effective Date: July 1, 2023

HB 379 Technology in K-12 Schools

- The bill requires school boards to prohibit any device used by a student on campus from accessing a website, application, or software that does not have an Internet safety policy.
- To ensure instructional time that is free from distraction, school boards must adopt rules prohibiting the use of wireless communication devices during instructional time and may authorize a teacher to withhold a student's device.
- School boards must implement internet website filtering to prevent a student's device from connecting to social media sites while using district-owned computer servers and prohibits TikTok on district-owned devices or as a platform used to communicate or promote any school related organization.
- Students in grades six through 12 must receive instruction on the social, emotional and physical effects of social media.

Approved by Governor; Chapter No. 2023-36; Effective Date: July 1, 2023

HB 551 Required African-American Instruction

- Requires school districts to provide evidence that requirements relating to the instruction of African American history are being met.
- Allows the Florida Department of Education (FLDOE) to seek input from and contract with recognized African American educational organizations to support curriculum on the history of African Americans.
- Requires school districts to submit to the Commissioner of Education and post on their website an implementation plan.

Approved by Governor; Chapter No. 2023-103; Effective Date: July 1, 2023

HB 389 Menstrual Hygiene Products in Public Schools

School districts may make menstrual hygiene products available in each school within the district, at no charge. Approved by Governor; Chapter No. 2023-100; Effective Date: July 1, 2023

SB 662 Student Online Personal Information Protection
Substantially restricts the operator of a website, online service or online application that is used for K-12 school
purposes from collecting, disclosing or selling student data – or from using student data to engage in targeted
advertising.
Approved by Governor; Chapter No. 2023-170; Effective Date: July 1, 2023
HB 733 Middle School and High School Start Times
Requires that no later than July 1, 2026, the instructional day for all public schools, including charter schools,
must begin no earlier than:
8 a.m. for middle schools
• 8:30 a.m. for high schools
Approved by Governor; Chapter No. 2023-78; Effective Date: July 1, 2023
HB 891 Year-round School Pilot Program
 Creates, beginning with the 2024/25 school year, a year-round school pilot program.
 Allows school districts to apply for participation in the pilot program and specifies that the
Commissioner of Education must select five school districts to participate in the pilot program.
Approved by Governor; Chapter No. 2023-66; Effective Date: July 1, 2023
HB 7039 Student Outcomes
Creates a framework for increasing mathematics proficiency.
 Expands parental notification requirements to include any student in kindergarten through grade three who
exhibits the characteristics of dyslexia – and any student in kindergarten through grade four who exhibits a
substantial deficiency in mathematics or the characteristics of dyscalculia.
 Revises school district reporting requirements for reading plans.
 Expands the New Worlds Reading Initiative to pre-kindergarten students and provides math
scholarship accounts for students in kindergarten through fifth grade.
 Appropriates \$150 million for school districts statewide to implement the bill.
Appropriates \$150 minior for school districts statewide to implement the bin. Approved by Governor; Chapter No. 2023-108; Effective Date: July 1, 2023
HB 1521 Facility Requirements Based on Sex
Requires public and private sector entities that maintain a restroom or changing facility to have restrooms separately designated for males and females or have a unisex restroom or changing facility.
separately designated for males and remaies of have a diffsex restroom of changing facility.
Limits instances when a person may enter a restroom or changing facility designated for the opposite sex to the
following circumstances:
5
For assisting or chaperoning a minor child, elderly person or disabled person.
For law enforcement or governmental regulatory purposes.
For emergency situations.
• For custodial, maintenance or inspection purposes – if not in use.
 If the appropriate designated restroom or changing facility is out of order or under repair and the opposite
designated restroom or changing facility contains no person of the opposite sex.
Description of real institutions to establish dissipling a support was for violators who are under 10 years
Requires educational institutions to establish disciplinary procedures for violators who are under 18-years-
old. American hu Courrer Charter No. 2022 100: Effective Date: July 1, 2022
Approved by Governor; Chapter No. 2023-106; Effective Date: July 1, 2023
SPECIAL NEEDS
SB 290 Public School Student Progression for Students with Disabilities
 Authorizes a parent to retain his or her child in prekindergarten, in consultation with the individual
education plan team, if the child meets certain requirements.



- Requires that a four-year old student with an Individual Education Plan (IEP), who has been retained in a public school pre-kindergarten program and has demonstrated a substantial deficiency in early literacy skills, receive instruction in such skills.
- Revises the "good cause exemptions" from mandatory retention, which allows a student in grade three who has a learning disability and who is severely below grade-level, be promoted to grade four, if the student was retained in a pre-kindergarten program.

Approved by Governor; Chapter No. 2023-91; Effective Date: July 1, 2023

<u>IB 19</u> Individual Education Plans

- Requires IEPs for certain students to contain information on legal rights and responsibilities that transfer to students at age 18.
- Requires information to include ways in which the student may provide informed consent to allow his or her parent to continue to participate in educational decisions.

Approved by Governor; Chapter No. 2023-96; Effective Date: July 1, 2023

HB 795 Private Instructional Personnel

The bill eliminates the requirement for employment by an enrolled Medicaid provider so that more registered behavior technicians can provide Applied Behavior Analysis services.

Approved by Governor; Chapter No. 2023-281; Effective Date: July 1, 2023

SAFETY

HB 543 Public Safety

- The bill amends the Guardian program to be named the Chris Hixon, Coach Aaron Feis, and Coach Scott Beigel Guardian Program.
- Creates new Behavioral Threat Management Operational Processes, a Threat Assessment Instrument and a Threat Management Portal.
- Updates the membership of school district and charter school threat assessment teams.
- Renames threat assessment teams as threat management teams to align with new processes.
- Requires the FLDOE to adopt emergency rules establishing which School Environmental Safety Incident Reporting incidents require referral to law enforcement.
- Establishes the Florida Safe Schools Canine Program.
- Requires all law enforcement agencies to adopt a written active assailant response policy.
- Includes provisions relating to Constitutional Carry.

Approved by Governor; Chapter No. 2023-18; Effective Date: July 1, 2023

HB 301 Emergency Response Mapping Data

Creates School Mapping Data Grant Program within FLDOE and provides requirements for the program. Approved by Governor; Chapter No. 2023-99; Effective Date: July 1, 2023

SCHOOL CHOICE/ CHARTER SCHOOLS

-B 1 Education

- Expands the state's voucher program to provide vouchers to any K-12 student in the state of Florida.
- The bill also provides flexibility for traditional public schools as it relates to educator certificate requirements, transportation, cost per student station, capital improvement funding, transfer of student records and the online course requirement for high school graduation.

Approved by Governor; Chapter No. 2023-16; Effective Date: July 1, 2023

HB 1259 Education

- Requires school districts to share revenue resulting from the discretionary 1.5 millage on a per-FTE basis with eligible charter schools.
- Includes a five-year glide path of sharing, increasing by 20% each year until reaching the full 100%. Approved by Governor; Chapter No. 2023-69; Effective Date: July 1, 2023

HUMAN RESOURCES
HB 1035 K-12 Teachers
• Requires the Commissioner of Education to conduct a comprehensive review of all federal, state and local teacher training requirements by December 31, 2023.
• Creates a mechanism by which a teacher may seek clarification or redress for being directed to take an action that would violate state or federal law.
• Establishes the process by which a teacher or staff member may request the appointment of a special
magistrate. Approved by Governor; Chapter No. 2023-38; Effective Date: July 1, 2023
SB 676 Level 2 Background Screenings
 Modifies current background screening standards and requirements for individuals who work with childrer and other vulnerable persons.
 Revises the background screening standards for individuals who have direct contact with a student in a district school system, a charter school, or a private school that participates in a state scholarship program by replacing the list of disqualifying offenses with the Level 2 screening standard in s. 435.04(2), F.S.
Approved by Governor; Chapter No. 2023-220; Effective Date: July 1, 2024
HB 121 Florida KidCare Program Eligibility
Increases income eligibility threshold for Kidcare to 300% of the Federal Poverty Level. Approved by Governor; Chapter No. 2023-277; Effective Date: June 22, 2023
SB 1550 Prescription Drugs
Addresses the transparency of a manufacturer's prescription drug price increases above certain thresholds and the relationships between pharmacy benefit managers, pharmacy benefits plans and programs, and pharmacy providers for delivering pharmacy services to covered persons. Approved by Governor; Chapter No. 2023-29; Effective Date: July 1, 2023
SB 256 Employee Organizations Representing Public Employees
Enacts several new requirements of the employee organizations that represent public employees in collective
 bargaining. Requires employees who wish to join certain employee organizations, including teachers' unions, to sign a
 membership authorization form that is prescribed by PERC. Prohibits certain employee organizations from receiving their members' dues and assessments via
salary deduction from the members' public employer.
Approved by Governor; Chapter No. 2023-35; Effective Date: Upon becoming law.
SB 7024 Retirement
Makes the following modification to the DROP program:
 Eliminates the restrictive entry window for eligible members to participate in DROP, allowing for entry into DROP at any age as long as years of service or age and vesting requirements are met.
 Extends the maximum amount of time for eligible members to participate in DROP from 60 to 96 calendar months for all classes, and from 96 to 120 calendar months for certain instructional personnel.
 Increases the interest rate applied to a member's accrued monthly benefit from 1.3 percent to 4 percent.
 Increases the monthly retiree health insurance subsidy from \$5 to \$7.50 for each year of service. The maximum benefit is adjusted from \$150 to \$225 per month and the minimum benefit is adjusted from \$30 to \$45 per month.
 Increases the allocations to investment plan accounts by 2 percent for each membership class in the investment plan.
• Revises the employer FRS contribution rates based on the actuarial valuation and actuarial studies.

• Declares that the act fulfills an important state interest. It provides that a proper and legitimate state purpose is served by the amendment, which includes providing benefits that are managed, administered, and funded in an actuarially sound manner.

Approved by Governor; Chapter No. 2023-193; Effective Date: June 6, 2023

SCHOOL BUSES AND SCHOOL ZONES

SB 766 Enforcement of School Bus Passing Infractions

Authorizes school districts to install and maintain school bus infraction detection systems.

Approved by Governor; Chapter No. 2023-171; Effective Date: July 1, 2023

HB 657 Enforcement of School Zone Speed Limits

Authorizes counties and municipalities to install automated speed detection systems to enforce speed limits in school zones within 30 minutes of a school session.

Approved by Governor; Chapter No. 2023-174; Effective Date: July 1, 2023

SCHOOL BOARD

HJR 31 Partisan Elections for Members of District School Boards

Proposes amendments to State Constitution to require school board members to be elected in partisan election. Signed by Officers and filed with Secretary of State

HB 477 Term Limits for District School Board Members

Reduces the length of the term limit for school board members to eight years from 12 years. The term limit applies to terms of office beginning on or after November 8, 2022.

Approved by Governor; Chapter No. 2023-37; Effective Date: July 1, 2023

DISTRICT FINANCES

Broward County Public Schools (BCPS) is an independent school district. The District shall:

- Take steps to ensure that students have adequate educational facilities and to provide for the
 operation of all public schools, both elementary and secondary, as free schools for a term of at least
 180 days or the equivalent on an hourly basis. In addition to state funds, the District will determine
 district school funds necessary to operate all schools for the minimum term and arrange for the
 levying of district school taxes necessary to provide the amount needed from district sources.
- Prepare and execute the annual school budget to promote the improvement of the District school system.
- Adopt a resolution fixing the District school tax levy necessary to carry on the school program for the District for the next ensuing fiscal year.
- Keep an accurate account of all funds from all sources that should be transmitted to the District School Board for school purposes during the year and, if any funds are not transmitted promptly, take the necessary steps to have such funds made available.
- Borrow money when necessary in anticipation of funds to be reasonably expected during the year as shown by the budget.
- Provide for keeping accurate records of all financial transactions.
- Implement a system of accounting and budgetary controls to ensure that payments do not exceed amounts budgeted and make available all records for proper audit.
- Fix and prescribe the bonds, and pay the premium on all such bonds, of all school employees who
 are responsible for school funds in order to provide reasonable safeguards for all such funds or
 property.
- Contract for materials, supplies, and services needed for the District school system. No contract for supplying these needs shall be made with any member of the District School Board, with the District School Superintendent, or with any business organization in which any District School Board member or the District School Superintendent has any financial interest whatsoever.
- Provide for adequate protection against any loss or damage to school property or loss resulting from any liability for which the district school board or its officers, agents, or employees may be responsible under law.
- Employ an internal auditor to perform ongoing financial verification of the financial records of the District. The internal auditor shall report directly to the District School Board or its designee.
- Contract with an independent certified public accountant to conduct a financial or performance audit of its accounts and records.

FINANCIAL POLICIES

State Statutes

Florida Statutes and public law govern the financial operations of all Florida public education institutions. The Superintendent of Schools and designated staff are responsible for keeping adequate records and accounts of all financial transactions as prescribed by the Commissioner of Education (*Financial and Program Cost Accounting and Reporting for Florida Schools, 2001*). This manual is incorporated in Rule 6A-1.001, Florida Administrative Code, pursuant to requirements of Section 1010.01, Florida Statutes.

Florida Statute 1011.02 requires an annual budget be prepared by the Superintendent for the School Board, advertised and presented at two public hearings, adopted by the Board, and submitted to the Department of Education. The budget is prepared in accordance with the regulations dictated by the State Board of Education and must include an amount for required local effort revenue, as determined by the legislature. The total budget and each of the component funds must be balanced, i.e., proposed expenditures, plus transfers and ending fund balances may not exceed proposed income, transfers and beginning fund balances.

School Board Policies

To maintain the financial integrity and stability, an adequate Fund Balance must be maintained in order to meet unexpected and emergency needs. Fund Balance shall be defined unreserved and undesignated balance in the General fund in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles; therefore, the Broward County School Board implemented Policy 3111, which requires the District to maintain a contingency reserve equal to 3 percent of total General Fund appropriations and outgoing transfers, to meet unforeseen expenditures. In the event the Fund Balance decreases to less than 3 percent, the Associate Superintendent of Finance shall prepare, for Board approval, a financial plan and timeline to restore the Fund Balance to the minimum set forth herein.

School Board policy 3110 sets forth the District's investment policy. The purpose of this policy is to set forth the investment objectives and parameters for the management of public funds of The School Board of Broward County, Florida. This policy is designed to ensure the prudent management of public funds, the availability of operating and capital funds when needed, and an investment return competitive with comparable funds and financial market indices. The District may only purchase securities from financial institutions, which are qualified as public depositories by the Treasurer of the State of Florida, or institutions designated as "primary securities dealers" by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York. Repurchase agreements may be entered into with financial institutions that are state qualified public depositories and primary securities dealers as designated by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York. A competitive bid process must be held prior to the selection of an investment. The policy specifically authorizes and places portfolio limits on the District's investment in The Florida Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund (SBA), U.S. Government securities, U.S. Government agencies, U.S. Government sponsored agencies, interest bearing time deposits, repurchase agreements, commercial paper, corporate notes, bankers' acceptances, state and local government taxable and tax-exempt debt, and money market mutual funds.

The main purpose of School Board policy 3120, Debt Management, is to assist the District in the implementation and management of its overall strategy by contributing to the continued financial health and stability of the District while assuring the future access to the debt markets to meet both scheduled and unscheduled needs.

For more information and a comprehensive list of School Board policies, please visit: <u>https://www.browardschools.com/Page/37754</u>

DISTRICT BUDGET

An annual budget for the District School Board shall be prepared, advertised, presented at a public hearing pursuant to the advertisement, and adopted by the Board.

The adopted budget shall be submitted to the Commissioner of Education for review and approval of the following items:

- Estimated federal, state, and local revenue.
- Estimated non-revenue loans, bond sales, etc.
- Schedule of maturities of indebtedness and information concerning authorized obligations.
- Transfers and debt service appropriations.
- Ending balances and reserves.
 - Fund balance is the difference between revenue and expenditures.
 - Cash balances to be carried forward shall not exceed 20 percent of the anticipated tax receipt for operational purposes (the cash balance may exceed the 20 percent level when documented evidence justifies the need).
 - Unappropriated fund balances may not exceed 10 percent of total appropriations and transfers for operational purposes (the fund balance may exceed the 10 percent level when documented evidence justifies the need).

No expenditure shall be authorized or obligation incurred which is in excess of a budgetary appropriation. The School Board shall adopt procedures whereby amendments to the original budget are made as needed in order to comply with this rule.

- The School Board shall approve amendments to the District school budget whenever the function amounts in the budget accounts are changed in the original budget approved by the School Board.
- The School Board may adopt procedures whereby amendments to the budget of the Special Revenue Other fund are considered approved by the School Board at the time the Board approves an entitlement grant, if such grant application includes a budget summary. The effect of such grant shall be reflected in the next monthly district financial report to the School Board.
- No budget amendment shall be approved by the District School Board after the due date for the annual financial report for that year.

It shall be the duty of the Superintendent of Schools and District School Board to take whatever action is necessary during the fiscal year to keep expenditures and obligations within the budgeted income, provided that:

- Any amount appropriated for the payment of indebtedness during the fiscal year shall be paid as budgeted or as the budget may have been officially amended.
- Any amount carried over from the previous year according to prescribed principles of accounting that are charged to the previous year's business shall be paid from the first funds available which may be used for that purpose by the School Board. At no time, including the close of the fiscal year, shall an overdraft be created or shown against any fund or depository account.
- Cash balances remaining in any District interest and sinking fund or from the proceeds of any bond issue not otherwise restricted, after all obligations have been satisfied, shall be transferred to another fund or funds as authorized by resolution of the School Board.

Budgetary Goals

The main budgetary goal is to continue to increase the general fund balance. This is achieved by having a good budget management practice in place. It is essential to have good budgetary and expenditure control procedures in place to monitor budget versus actual expenditures throughout the year. In addition, it is critical that funds are set aside at the beginning of the year for contingencies such as hurricane emergency. If not utilized, this will result in a positive impact on fund balance at year-end.



BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Legal Entity

Each of the 75 school districts in the state of Florida are governed by public law as well as Florida School Laws contained in the Title XLVIII Early Learning-20 Education Code, Chapters 1000 through 1013, Florida Statutes. Of those 75 districts, 67 are countywide school districts.

Basis of Accounting

The District is required to maintain two sets of financial statements, which are fund financial statements and government-wide financial statements. Within the fund financial statements, the governmental fund financial statements are based on a flow of current financial resources applied on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become available and measurable. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest on general long-term liabilities, which should be recognized when due. Proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when measurable and earned. Expenses are recorded when incurred. The governmentwide financial statements are based on a flow of economic resources applied on the accrual basis of accounting. The flow of economic resources refers to all the assets available to the District for the purpose of providing goods and services to the public. These costs would include depreciation, the cost of inventories consumed during the period, and other operating expenses.

Revenue Sources

Revenues are categorized by source: Federal, State, and Local. Revenue sources are determined by law and, therefore, revenue accounts continue to be structured by appropriation source (Federal, State, and Local) and specific appropriations.

- <u>Federal revenue</u> is received directly from the federal government or indirectly by flowing through the State first. The District receives federal awards for the enhancement of various educational programs.
- <u>State revenue</u> for support to school districts is provided primarily by legislative appropriations. Revenue from state sources primarily includes revenue received for the operations of the District through the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) administered by the Florida Department of Education (FLDOE). The District also receives revenue from the State to administer certain categorical educational programs.
- <u>Local revenue</u> for school support is derived almost entirely from property taxes. Local revenue sources include property taxes levied by a school system on the assessed valuation of real property located within the District plus any interest generated. Local sources also include profit on investment, gifts, and student fees charged for adult programs.

Expenditures

Expenditures are generally recognized when the related liability is incurred, and the transaction or event is expected to draw upon current spendable resources. They are categorized under eight dimensions that are needed for reporting data to the Department of Education.

- <u>Fund</u> is a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and other financial resources, together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.
- <u>Object</u> identifies the service or commodity obtained as a result of a specific expenditure. There are seven major object categories: (1) Salaries, (2) Employee Benefits, (3) Purchased Services, (4) Energy Services, (5) Materials and Supplies, (6) Capital Outlay, and (7) Other Expenses.



BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

- <u>Function</u> is the objective or purpose of an expenditure (expense for government-wide and proprietary financial statement presentation). Functions are the activities performed to accomplish the objectives of the organization. The activities of a local school system are classified into six broad areas:
 - Instruction includes the activities dealing directly with the teaching of students or the interaction between teachers and students. Instruction is further classified as Basic [Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP K-12)], Exceptional Student Education, Career Education and Adult General. "Other Instruction" includes programs such as recreation, enrichment and prekindergarten instruction.
 - <u>Student and Instructional Support Services</u> provides administrative, technical, and logistical support to facilitate and enhance instruction. Student and Instructional Support Services include Student Support Services, Instructional Media Services, Instruction and Curriculum Development Services, Instructional Staff Training Services and Instruction-Related Technology.
 - <u>General Support Services</u> include activities associated with establishing policy, operating schools and the school system, and providing the necessary facilities and services for staff and students. This includes salaries and expenditures for the School Board, Administration (both school and general), Facilities Acquisition and Construction, Fiscal Services, Food Services, Central Services (planning, research, development, and evaluation services; information services; staff services; statistical services; data processing; internal services, such as buying, storing, and distributing supplies, furniture, and equipment; printing; and mail room and courier services), Student Transportation Services, Operation and Maintenance of Plant and Administrative Technology.
 - <u>Community Services</u> are activities that are not directly related to providing education for students in a school system. These include non-instructional services provided by the school system for the community.
 - <u>Debt Service</u> represents payments of principal and interest to service debt and expenditures related to issuance and retirement of debt.
 - <u>Capital Outlay</u> includes expenditures related, but not limited, to the procurement of land, the purchase of furniture and equipment, and the acquisition or construction of educational facilities.
- <u>Facility</u> refers to the school or office location that is the center for accumulation of costs.
- <u>Program</u> refers to activities, operations or organizational units designated to accomplish an objective or purpose. Educational programs are established by law for Florida school districts and are the basis for the program cost accounting and reporting system.
- <u>Grant</u> (State and Federal) refers to code numbers assigned by the Florida Department of Education (FLDOE) for reporting state and federal grants.
- <u>Project</u> refers to a classification that is used to identify expenditures related to a specific activity, such as a construction project or a project funded through grants.

GOVERNMENTAL GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (GAAP)

GAAP for governmental entities are established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and provide the foundation for financial accounting and reporting for the District. The basis of accounting refers to when revenues, expenditures (or expenses), assets, liabilities and other financial activities are recognized and reported in the financial statements.

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. In order to demonstrate that restrictions imposed by laws and regulations have been followed, the basic financial statements of a governmental entity must include fund-based financial statements. The types of funds that may be used to satisfy this requirement are as follows:

- Governmental Funds
 - *General Fund* is the primary operating fund of the District.
 - Special Revenue Funds are legally restricted or committed for specific purposes.
 - Capital Projects Funds are used for acquisition or construction of facilities and equipment.
 - *Debt Service Funds* are used to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of interest and principal on long term debt.
 - Permanent Funds are not used by Broward County Public Schools.
- Proprietary Funds
 - Enterprise Funds are not used by Broward County Public Schools.
 - Internal Service Funds
- Fiduciary Funds and Similar Component Units
 - Pension (and other employee benefit) Trust Funds
 - Investment Trust Funds
 - Private-Purpose Trust Funds
 - Custodial Funds

Governmental Funds

The basis used to prepare fund financial statements is the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become "susceptible to accrual" meaning they both measurable and available. Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined. Revenues are considered available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary Funds are accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis records revenues are recognized in the period earned and expenses are recognized in the period incurred. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations.

<u>Internal Service Funds</u> may be used to account for activities that involve the governmental entity
providing goods and services to other funds of the primary governmental unit on a cost
reimbursement basis. These funds are used to account for printing and other services provided to
other governmental funds.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside of the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the government's own programs. Under the Fiduciary Funds category are Pension Trust Funds, Investment Trust Funds, Private-Purpose Trust Funds and Custodial Funds. The District's Fiduciary funds consist of Custodial funds used for its student activities.



BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Government-Wide Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements provide an overall picture of the financial position and activities of the government entity. These financial statements are constructed around the concept of a primary government and, therefore, encompass the primary government and its component units, except for fiduciary funds of the primary government and component units that are fiduciary in nature.

Financial statements of fiduciary funds are not presented in the government-wide financial statements but are included in the fund financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are based on a flow of economic resources applied on the accrual basis of accounting. This is the same method used by proprietary funds. However, governmental funds need to be converted to this measurement focus and basis of accounting. For these statements to be meaningful, all activities of the primary government are reported using the same measurement focus and basis of accounting.

BASIS OF BUDGETING

Budget Process, Budgetary Control, and Budgetary Reporting

The District's budget is a detailed operating plan that identifies estimated expenditures in relation to estimated revenues. Estimated revenue is primarily determined by projecting the number of students in each educational program and applying the legislatively determined funding formula to the full-time



equivalent students in those programs. Other income, such as interest, fees, and rent is based on historical experience and future predictions. Estimated expenditures are also determined by projecting the number of students in each program in order to calculate the number of teachers required. Expenditures such as utilities, gasoline, insurance, etc., are based on historical data along with future industry projections. The budget reflects the District's priorities and represents a process through which policy decisions are made, implemented, and controlled.

The School Board follows procedures established by State Statute and State Board of Education rules in establishing annual budgets for governmental funds as described below:

- Budgets are prepared, public hearings are held, and original budgets are adopted annually for all governmental fund types in accordance with procedures and time intervals prescribed by law and State Board of Education rules.
- The legal level of budgetary control is at the major functional level. Budgeted amounts may be amended by resolution at any Board meeting prior to the due date for the annual financial report.
- Project length budgets, such as in the Capital Projects Funds, are determined and then are fully appropriated in their entirety in the year the project is approved. For the beginning of the following year, any unexpended appropriations for a project from the prior year are re-appropriated. This process is repeated from year to year until the project is completed.
- Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward, if applicable, to the following year for the General Fund and are closed after a three-month period.

The Budget Office reviews these budgets for compliance and, if necessary, modifies them to ensure the overall integrity of the District's annual budget.

Balanced Budget

A budget is balanced when the sum of estimated net revenues, including beginning fund balance, is equal to the sum of the estimated appropriations, including ending fund balance.

Budget Amendments

Management may not amend the budget without the specific approval of the School Board. Budgets for all funds are amended during the year by submitting the requested amendments to the School Board for approval. No expenditure may be authorized and no obligation incurred in excess of the current budgetary appropriation without School Board authorization.



BASIS OF BUDGETING

School Budgets

Broward County Public Schools has adopted the practice of school-based management. Recognizing that each school has unique needs, the principals, in conjunction with the School Advisory Council (SAC), determine what staffing pattern will best meet the needs of the school. An Instructional Allocation is appropriated for each school based on the number of students and the types of educational programs in which the students are enrolled. The Instructional Allocation covers the cost of classroom teachers, materials and supplies, and eight days of substitute teachers for each teacher.

In addition, each school is provided a Support Allocation that is determined by using a model of various positions, such as principal, assistant principal, clerical staff, and media specialist, for each level. Additional staff is determined for each school based on a range of number of students at the school. The schools are funded using average salaries for primary positions; therefore, there is no advantage for a school to hire a new teacher in place of a more experienced teacher. Because of school-based management, staffing variations exist from school to school. Any salary lapse resulting from vacant school positions reverts to the District.

Schools also receive a variety of state and local categorical funds that can only be used for specific purposes. These include funding for class size reduction, instructional materials, and various exceptional education programs, to name a few.



THE BUDGET PROCESS

Fiscal Year

The District's fiscal year is July 1 through June 30.

Statutory Requirements

The District participates in the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which entitles the District to receive State revenues along with the funds raised from Broward County property taxes. Florida Statute dictates budget adoption requirements and participation in the FEFP program. The fiscal year (FY) 2024 budget adoption calendar is detailed on page 5-34.

The budget process for the current year begins months before the start of the fiscal year on July 1. Student enrollment is projected in December of each year for the following fiscal year and submitted to the Florida Department of Education. The Florida Department of Education collects the projections made by each district. The Florida Legislature utilizes the enrollment projections to formulate the state K-12 FEFP education budget. FEFP funds then are allocated to the individual school districts based on the enrollment projections. Once the FEFP revenue for the District is finalized at the conclusion of the legislative session, usually in early May, the District can finalize the budget and millage rates proposed for tentative adoption in late July.

Truth-in-Millage (TRIM) laws define the formal budget adoption process. To comply with TRIM, the District will hold the first public hearing for the FY 2024 tentative budget and millage rates on August 1, 2023. The hearing provides the public the opportunity for input on the budget process and for the School Board to tentatively approve the 2023 millage rates and approve the FY 2024 proposed budget. (Note: Local property taxes are assessed for November 2023 collection; hence, 2023 tax collections fund the FY 2024 budget). The second and final public hearing will be held on September 12, 2023, for the purpose of allowing the public additional input on the budget, and for the Board to adopt the final budget and millage rates for 2023-24.

Budget Development – Local Process

The District budget is a detailed operating plan that identifies estimated expenditures in relation to estimated revenues. The Board's goals and objectives are the main drivers of the budget development process, along with funding constraints.

The FY 2024 budget process began after the adoption of the FY 2023 budget in September. Two timelines address the budgeting process, one to address school budgets and another one to address departmental budgets. The schools' timeline includes the preparation and approval of membership projections; the projected allocation of various programs, such as Magnet, Class Size, etc.; the projection of grants funding; the teacher hiring process; preparation of school budgets; registration of students; etc. The Department timeline includes divisional planning meetings, review of initiatives, review of program requirements, assessment of the availability of resources, etc.

Every year, the Finance division coordinates and presents to the Board three to four Budget Workshops prior to the First Public Hearing.

At the conclusion of the budget development process, two public hearings are held, providing additional opportunities for the public to voice their opinions on the budget. The budget is adopted at the second public hearing in September.

At the start of the school year, school budgets are adjusted to reflect actual student enrollment counts as of Benchmark Day count early in September. The State recalculates district revenue based on the revised student Full Time Equivalent (FTE) data in October and February. These adjustments are incorporated into the district's budget amendment process.



THE BUDGET PROCESS

Budget Amendment Process

The budget is continually monitored and amended throughout the year. Amendments to the budget reflecting revenue changes and adjustments are brought to the Board regularly for their review and approval.

Long Term Planning

The District's primary source of funding, the Florida Education Finance Program, is determined by legislative appropriation each year, generally concluding in May. The fiscal year begins on July 1, requiring that revenue projection and budget planning continue all year, until the final appropriation by the legislature is known. Since the legislature appropriates for only one year, it is difficult to plan much beyond one year. Due to the uncertainty of annual funding, the economic and political environments are carefully monitored for trends that may affect the future year's funding. Gauging the future outlook allows the District to be proactive and develop strategies to deal with funding issues as they occur.

Budget Trends

The District began the FY 2023-24 budget process with a clear understanding of the continuing challenges it faces in current economic conditions.

<u>Property Tax Collections</u>: By July 1, 2023, the Property Appraiser certified the tax roll for Broward County at \$302.4 billion, up \$34.8 billion, or 13.01 percent increase over July 1, 2022. This is the eleventh increase in the tax roll since the housing market crash in FY 2008-09.

<u>Sales Tax Revenue</u>: The State relies heavily on sales tax revenue to fund its portion of the Florida Education Finance Program. As the state economy began to show signs of recovery, the Governor and state legislature steadily increased K-12 funding from FY 2013-14 through 2017-18. However, in 2018-19, the increase has been set at less than one percent, giving BCPS the lowest increase among all 67 counties in the State. In 2019-20, revenue increased by 2.38 percent. In 2020-21, revenue increased by 2.64 percent and in 2021-22, revenue increased by 3.14 percent. In 2022-23, revenue increased by 9.9 percent and in 2023-24, revenue increased by 11.8 percent.

<u>Class Size Amendment Compliance</u>: In 2002, Florida voters approved an amendment to the State Constitution that set limits on the number of students in core classes of 18 in grades K-3, 22 in grades 4-8, and 25 in grades 9-12. The implementation of this amendment was phased in by requiring the number of students in each core classroom to be reduced by at least two students per year beginning in the 2003-04 school year, with full compliance measured at the classroom level by the 2010-11 school year.

Faced with the lack of funding for full implementation of the amendment and the sharp increase in district penalties across the state, in 2011, the Florida Legislature revised the definition of a core course, reducing the number of courses that must meet class size limits. Providing further flexibility in 2013, State Statute 1002.31 established class size compliance measured at the school average by grade group for district-operated schools of choice.

Since FY 2014-15, all of the District's non-charter schools were able to meet 100% class size compliance requirements at the classroom level for traditional schools and at the school level average by grade group for schools of choice. FY 2022-23 marked the ninth consecutive year the District met 100% class size compliance requirements at all non-charter schools.

OPERATIONS BUDGET CALENDAR

Ref			Statutory	Statutory
Day	Date	Activity	Requirement	Reference
D	Saturday 7/1/2023	Property Appraiser certifies tax roll.	July 1 or date of certification, whichever is later.	200.065(1) 193.023(1)
	Wednesday 7/19/2023	Receive "Required Local Effort" from Department of Education.	Not later than 7/19/23, the Commissioner of Education shall certify Required Local Effort.	1011.62(4)(a)
D + 23	Monday, July 24, 2023 *	Within 24 days of the Certification of Value.	Superintendent submits tentative budget to The School Board of Broward County, Florida.	200.065(2)(a)3 1011.02
		Superintendent presents tentative 2023-24 budget to the School Board.	School Board shall approve tentative budget for advertising.	1011.03
D + 28	Friday 7/28/2023	Within 29 days of the Certification of Value, the district must advertise in the newspaper.	Advertising summary of tentative budget, including proposed millage rates.	200.065(2)(f)1 1011.03
	Tuesday August 1, 2023**	Not less than 2 nor more than 5 days after advertising.	The School Board holds public hearing on tentative budget and proposed millage rates; amends and adopts tentative budget.	200.065(2)(f)1
D + 34	Friday 8/4/2023	Within 35 days of Certification of Value.	Advise Property Appraiser of proposed millage rate. This will be used by Property Appraiser to prepare Notice of Proposed Property Taxes.	200.065(2)(b) 200.065(2)(f)2
Not less than D + 64 not more than D + 79	Tuesday, Sept. 12, 2023**	65-80 days after Certification of Value. (Between 9/3/2023 and 9/18/2023)	Hold public hearing to adopt final budget and to adopt millage rate. No newspaper advertisement is required. Millage rate cannot exceed the rate tentatively adopted on D + 34 unless each taxpayer is sent a personal notice of change under the new rates. Such notice is prepared by the Property Appraiser at School Board expense and should be mailed no more than 15 days nor less than 10 days prior to any	200.065(2)(c) 200.065(2)(f)3
	Friday 9/15/2023	Within 3 days after adoption of final millage rate.	hearing. Notify Property Appraiser and Tax Collector of adopted millage rate within 3 days after adoption of the resolution.	200.065(4)
	Friday 9/15/2023	Within 3 business days after adoption of final budget.	Submit budget to Department of Education within 3 business days after adoption.	6A-1.0071(1)
D + 100	Monday 10/9/2023	Within 30 days after adopting millage & budget. No later than 101 days after Certification of Value.	Submit TRIM compliance package to the Department of Revenue.	200

* Indicates School Board Meeting. Tentative budget is presented for advertisment approval.

** Indicates School Board Public Hearing

CAPITAL OUTLAY FUNDS BUDGET

Capital Outlay Funds

These funds account for revenue to acquire, construct, or maintain facilities and capital equipment for the District. In addition, funds can be allocated for land acquisition, new equipment purchases, buses and other vehicles, capital improvements, and capital debt service.

Capital Outlay Revenue and Financing Sources

Revenue and other financing sources for capital outlay funds are comprised of state allocations, federal and local sources including the Capital Improvement Ad Valorem Tax Levy (millage), General Obligation Bond (GOB), impact fees, and capital equipment leases. Project expenditures from state sources require that the project be listed in the District's approved Educational Plant Survey. Each fund group is accounted for separately as required by statutes.

On November 4, 2014, Broward County voters gave their overwhelming support of the District's request to pass an \$800 Million GOB with a 74% approval margin. The bond provides critically needed funding for Broward's students. The School Board asked voters for this approval in direct response to years of unsuccessful advocacy requesting the Florida legislature restore the capital millage rate and the current push in an ongoing effort to address the District's critical capital budget situation. The District has committed to investing the funding to enhance students' learning environments by focusing on improvements in the Safety, Music and Art, Athletics, Renovation, and Technology (SMART) Program reserve. When the GOB is combined with other capital outlay funds, the SMART Program is currently \$1.6 billion.

Capital Outlay Appropriations

The largest capital outlay appropriations are for the SMART Program, capital improvements, maintenance of educational facilities and the repayment of previous certificates of participation (COP) construction financing. Funds can also be used for renovation and remodeling of existing facilities, construction of new and replacement school buildings, school security, health and safety projects, and technology equipment upgrades. Other appropriations may include land acquisition, and equipment for schools and departments. Funding for transportation vehicles includes the purchase of school buses for student transportation and white fleet vehicles including maintenance trucks and security vehicles.

District Educational Facilities Plan

The School Board is scheduled to approve the 2023-24 DEFP on September 5, 2023. A summary of the plan is included in the Information section of this budget presentation. The capital outlay appropriations are amended throughout the year with the appropriate approval and authorization from the School Board.

District Maintenance

As schools age, the costs of repairs and maintenance continue to rise. Funds from the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) for repairs and maintenance have not kept pace with the funds necessary to keep schools in good condition. As the need for maintaining the District's aging facilities has grown, funding is transferred from the capital fund to the general fund to pay for repairs and maintenance (as allowed by Florida Statutes). The replacement of infrastructure items such as air-conditioning, roofing, plumbing, and electrical systems is also provided through the capital fund transfer into the general fund.



CAPITAL OUTLAY BUDGET PROCESS

Background

The primary source of capital outlay revenue comes from local property taxes. Between 2008 and 2010 the Florida Legislature approved budgets that reduced the amount school districts can levy for capital outlay from 2.0 mills to 1.5 mills. This millage rate reduction combined with the major decline in Broward's taxable property values had a large negative impact on capital millage revenues. The District's decision in 2014 to ask the voters of Broward County to approve the \$800 million general obligation bond (GOB) is directly related to the strain the millage rate reduction caused in the effort to address the District's ongoing repair, maintenance, and modernization of the schools.

District Educational Facilities Plan

Florida Statute 1013.35 requires that school districts prepare and adopt a District Educational Facilities Plan (DEFP) before adopting the annual capital outlay budget. The overall capital outlay plan is based on an analysis of the District's demographics, community participation, departmental recommendations, the Superintendent's Cabinet, and School Board member input.

The fiscal year 2023-24 DEFP lays out a \$3.7 billion five-year financial plan to address school security, renovation projects, technology improvements, music instruments and equipment, school buses, capital improvements, maintenance, and repair, and to make debt service payments.

The current DEFP includes the \$800 million GOB combined with other capital outlay funds to implement the **S**afety, **M**usic & Arts, **A**thletics, **R**enovations and **T**echnology Program (SMART). The SMART Program currently includes \$1.6 billion to enhance students' learning environments. Technology is one of the cornerstones of the SMART Program. The work included in the SMART Program to improve technology infrastructure and provide new devices in schools was completed during the 2017-18 school year. Technology continues to be refreshed every year via grants and capital equipment leases.

The DEFP also highlights SMART Program construction projects across the District. These projects are being implemented through contracts the District has entered with outside firms to provide Owner's Representative and Cost/Program Controls management services. Using these firms enhances the District's efficiency by keeping the District current with the latest developments in management systems and practices. In addition, the firms established a central coordinated repository of data by implementing, maintaining, and upgrading management information systems appropriate for the District's construction projects, and are facilitating the efficient and effective use of information throughout the District's construction projects.

The public has an opportunity to provide input into the DEFP at two School Board meetings and various School Board workshops each year. In addition, the School Board, municipalities, and the county have an interlocal agreement for public school facility planning that increases the level of interaction and opportunity for those entities to provide feedback into the process of developing the DEFP. The School Board is scheduled to approve the 2023-24 DEFP on September 5, 2023. The first year of the DEFP constitutes the 2023-24 capital outlay budget. The capital outlay budget is officially adopted as part of the annual budget adoption each year. The School Board can amend the capital outlay budget during the fiscal year to recognize changes in revenues and adjust funding for capital projects and programs.

CAPITAL OUTLAY BUDGET CALENDAR

2023-24 CAPITAL BUDGET CALENDAR

		Statutory	Statutory
Date	Activity	Requirement	Reference
Tuesday 1/24/2023	The School Board holds first of a series of workshops to discuss the fiscal year 2023- 24 preliminary budget		
Tuesday 6/20/2023	The School Board holds final workshop to discuss the fiscal year 2023-24 budget		
Tuesday 7/18/2023	The School Board discusses the fiscal year 2023-24 budget at Regular School Board meeting		
Tuesday 7/25/2023	The School Board holds the first meeting on the Tentative District Educational Facilities Plan, fiscal years 2023-24 to 2027-28	Provision shall be made for public comment concerning the Tentative District Educational Facilities Plan	1013.35 (2)(d)
Tuesday 8/1/2023	The School Board holds the first public hearing on the fiscal year 2023-24 annual budget	The School Board holds a public hearing on the tentative budget and proposed millage rates; amends and adopts the tentative budget	200.065 (2)(f)1
Tuesday 9/5/2023	The School Board holds a second meeting and adopts the District Educational Facilities Plan, fiscal years 2023-24 to 2027-28	Annually, the District School Board shall consider and adopt the Tentative District Educational Facilities Plan	1013.35 (4)
Tuesday 9/12/2023	The School Board holds the second public hearing to adopt the fiscal year 2023-24 annual budget	The School Board holds a public hearing to adopt the final budget and to adopt millage rates	200.065(2)(c) 200.065(2)(f)3
Friday 9/29/2023 to meet state deadline 10/1/2023	The Adopted District Educational Facilities Plan must be submitted to the Department of Education An electronic version of the plan is to be submitted to DOE on their approved forms	Functions of the Department of Education: Require each board and other appropriate agencies to submit complete and accurate financial data as to the amounts of funds from all sources that are available and spent for construction and capital improvements. The commissioner shall prescribe the format and the date for the submission of this data and any other educational facilities data.	1013.03(4)

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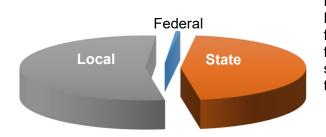
FINANCIAL

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MAJOR REVENUE SOURCES

Revenues are categorized by source: Federal, State, and Local. Revenue sources are determined by law and, therefore, revenue accounts continue to be structured by appropriation source (Federal, State, and Local) and specific appropriations.



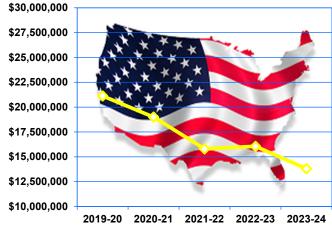
From the three major revenue sources in 2023-24, the District expects to receive 0.5 percent of General Fund financial support from Federal sources, 40.6 percent from State sources, and 48.2 percent from Local sources. The remaining 10.7 percent is comprised of transfers from other funds and fund balance.

Federal Revenue Trend - 5 Year History

Revenue from Federal Sources

The District receives federal awards for the enhancement of various educational programs. These funds are received directly from the Federal Government or indirectly by flowing through the State first. Budgeting is based according to the grant plan. An example of federal direct revenue is funding received for Head Start pre-kindergarten programs. An example of Federal through State revenue is funding for Title I ESEA (Elementary and Secondary Education Act).

For the General Fund, Broward County Public Schools (BCPS) receives Reserve Officers Training Corps (ROTC) funding as federal direct revenue and Medicaid funding as Federal through State revenue.



Revenue from State Sources

Funds for state support to school districts are provided primarily by legislative appropriations. While several tax sources are deposited in the state's General Revenue Fund, the predominant source is Sales Tax. Revenue from state sources primarily includes revenue received for the operations of the District through the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) administered by the Florida Department of Education (FLDOE) under the provisions of Section 1011.62, Florida Statutes. Statewide, funds appropriated to finance the FEFP in 2023-24 were \$11.3 billion, plus \$3.2 billion in state categorical funds.

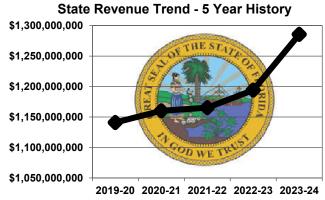
The focus of the state finance program bases financial support for education upon the individual student participating in a particular educational program rather than upon the number of teachers or classrooms. The educational programs recognized in the FEFP are basic education, instruction of students with limited English proficiency, instruction of exceptional students (disabled and gifted), and career education. FEFP funds are primarily generated by multiplying the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students in each of the educational programs by cost factors to obtain weighted FTE. Program cost factors are determined by the Legislature and represent relative cost differences among the FEFP programs. The weighted FTE is then multiplied by a base student allocation (BSA) and by a Comparable Wage Factor (CWF) in the major calculation to determine state and local FEFP funds. (The CWF was previously known as the District Cost Differential (DCD)).



MAJOR REVENUE SOURCES

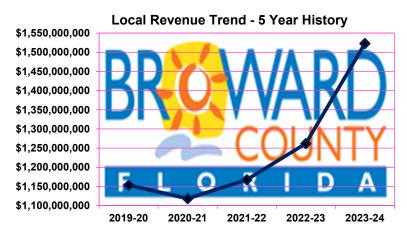
In addition, funds are appropriated to meet other needs by means of special allocations, which include allocations for Exceptional Student Education (ESE) students, Safe Schools, Student Transportation, and Educational Enrichment for at-risk students (previously known as Supplemental Academic Instruction (SAI)). Special allocations are funded through the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), making them partially funded by local revenue derived mainly through property taxes. For 2023-24, the following allocations were removed from the FEFP and rolled into the Base Student Allocation (BSA): Funding Compression and Hold Harmless, Instructional Materials, Reading, Teachers Supplemental Assistance, Teacher Salary Increase and Sparsity allocations. Class Size Reduction is fully funded categorically by the state through sales taxes.

On June 29th, 2020, Governor Ron DeSantis vetoed the School Recognition line item from HB 5001, General Appropriations Act. School Recognition has not been allocated through the FEFP since the 2019-20 school year. In 2022-23, HB 5003 stipulated that the Department of Education distribute the funds appropriated in Specific Appropriation 88A once the official school grades for the 2021-22 school year were available. BCPS was funded \$22.3 million in School Recognition Funds in 2022-23.



Revenue from Local Sources

Local revenue for school support is derived almost entirely from property taxes. Local revenue sources include property taxes levied by a school system on the assessed valuation of real and personal property located within the district plus any interest generated. Local sources also include profit on investment, gifts, and student fees charged for adult programs.



Each School Board participating in the state allocation of funds for the current operation of schools must levy the millage set for its Required Local Effort (RLE). The Legislature set the statewide amount of \$9.9 billion as the RLE contribution from counties for 2023-24. Each district's share of the state total of RLE is determined by a statutory procedure initiated by certification of each district's property tax valuations by the Department of Revenue.

The Commissioner of Education certifies each district's RLE millage rate no later than July 19. These rates are primarily determined by dividing the dollar amount of RLE by 96 percent of the aggregated taxable value of all districts. Certifications vary due to the use of assessment ratios designed to equalize the effort on the FEFP of differing levels of property appraisal in the counties. Millage rates are also adjusted because the RLE effort may not exceed 90 percent of a district's total FEFP entitlement.

MAJOR REVENUE SOURCES

School Boards may set discretionary tax levies of the following types:

Current Operations

The Legislature set the total local millage for 2023-24. Per the 2023-24 FEFP First Calculation, the statewide equalized Required Local Effort millage rate is 3.2290. The total combined millage levied by the School Board of Broward County is set at 6.6666, which includes the following:

- Required Local Effort 3.2290
- Discretionary Operating 0.7480
- Local Capital Improvement 1.5000
- Referendum 1.0000 (voter-approved)
- Debt Service 0.1896 (voter-approved)

Capital Outlay and Maintenance

School Boards may levy a local property tax to fund school district capital outlay projects. Per Florida Statutes 1.5000 mills can be used for:

- new construction and remodeling projects;
- the purchase of sites, site improvement, or site expansion;
- auxiliary facilities, athletic facilities, or ancillary facilities;
- the maintenance, renovation, and repair of existing schools or leased facilities;
- the purchase, lease-purchase, or lease of school buses;
- the purchase, lease-purchase, or lease of new and replacement equipment and enterprise resource software applications;
- the payment of costs directly related to complying with state and federal environmental statutes, rules, and regulations governing school facilities;
- the payment of costs of leasing relocatable educational facilities or renting/leasing educational facilities and sites;
- the payment of costs of opening day collection for the library media center of a new school;
- the payments for educational facilities and sites due under a lease-purchase agreement (the payment amount may not exceed three-fourths of the capital millage levy);
- the payment of loans approved pursuant to sections 1011.14 and 1011.15, Florida Statutes;
- the payment of school buses when a school district contracts with a private entity to provide student transportation services.

A school district may also use an amount up to \$100 per unweighted full-time equivalent (FTE) student from the capital outlay millage to fund:

- the purchase, lease-purchase, or lease of driver's education vehicles;
- motor vehicles used for the maintenance or operation of plants and equipment;
- security vehicles, as well as vehicles used in storing or distributing materials and equipment;
- the payment of premium costs for property and casualty insurance.

NOTE: The 2023-24 Millage rate is based on the 1st Calculation Conference Report.



MAJOR EXPENDITURE CATEGORIES

The purpose of expenditures are indicated by function classifications. Functions are group-related activities aimed at accomplishing a major service or regulatory responsibility. The activities of a local school system are classified into five broad areas:

✓ Instruction
 ✓ Instructional Support
 ✓ General Support
 ✓ Community Services
 ✓ Non-program Charges (Debt Service and Transfers)

Instruction

Instruction includes the activities dealing directly with the teaching of students or the interaction between teacher and student. Teaching may be provided for students in a school classroom, in a location such as a home or hospital, and other learning situations, such as those involving co-curricular activities. It may also be provided through some other approved medium, such as television, radio, telephone, and correspondence. Student transportation and fee-supported childcare programs are not charged to instruction.

Instructional Support

Instructional Support provides administrative, technical, and logistical support to facilitate and enhance instruction. These services exist as an adjunct for the fulfillment of the objectives of the Instruction function. The Instructional Support function includes pupil personnel services (attendance and social work, guidance, health services, psychological services, parental involvement), instructional media, curriculum development, and instructional staff training.

General Support

General Support services are those that are concerned with establishing policy, operating schools and the school system, and providing the essential facilities and services for staff and students. The General Support function includes the school board, administration (both school and general), facilities acquisition and construction, fiscal services, food services, central services (planning, research, development, and evaluation services; information services; staff services; statistical services; data processing; internal services, such as buying, storing, and distributing supplies, furniture, and equipment; printing; and mail room and courier services), student transportation, and operation and maintenance of plant.

Community Services

Community Services are those activities that are not related to providing education to students. These include services provided by the school system for the community as a whole or some segment of the community, such as recreation, childcare, and community welfare activities.

Non-program Charges

Non-program Charges include debt service, which is payments of principal and interest for the retirement of debt, and transfers, which are nonreciprocal inter-fund activities represented by disbursement of cash or goods from one fund within the district to another fund without an equivalent return and with a requirement for repayment.

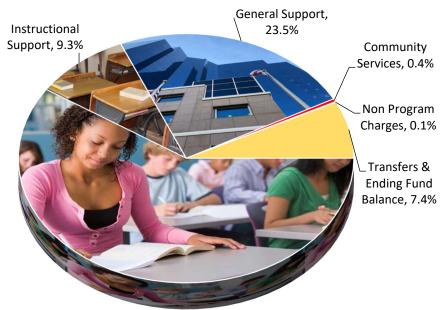
MAJOR EXPENDITURE CATEGORIES

General Fund

For 2023-24, the projected expenditures by function within the General Fund show that the greatest expense will fall under Instruction at 59.3 percent, followed by General Support at 23.5 percent. Within General Support, 10.3 percent is for operation and maintenance of plant, 5.2 percent is for school administration, 3.5 percent is for student transportation, and the remaining 4.5 percent covers general administration and fiscal and central services. Instructional Support is 9.3 percent of projected expenditures. Community Services and Non-program Charges combined are 0.5 percent of the projected General Fund expenditures. This is a total of 92.6 percent. The remaining 7.4 percent is Reserves and Ending Fund Balance.

General Fund Function	Projected Expenditures
Instruction	\$1,987,267,410
Instructional Support	258,903,196
General Support	723,090,948
Community Services	13,160,107
Non-program Charges	2,210,000
Transfers and	
Ending Fund Balance	175,763,077
TOTAL	\$3,160,394,738

2023-24 General Fund Projected Expenditures



Instruction, 59.3%

All Funds

When the General, Special Revenue, Capital, Internal Service, and Debt Service funds are combined, Instruction remains at the greatest percentage. This is caused, in part, by the increase in General Support to the Capital Fund, which is used for facilities acquisition and construction.

Based on 2023-24 on FEFP 1st calculation. Due to the rounding of whole numbers, some tables/schedules may not add to total.



MAJOR EXPENDITURES BY OBJECT

Salaries - Amounts paid to employees of the school system who are considered to be in positions of a permanent nature, including personnel under written contract substituting for individuals in permanent positions. This includes gross salary for personal services rendered while on the payroll of the District School Board.

Employee Benefits - Amounts paid by the District on behalf of employees. These amounts are not included in gross salary. Such payments are fringe benefits and are not paid directly to employees; however, fringe benefits are part of the cost of employing staff. In the special case of workers' compensation, a functional prorated amount based on an approximate premium cost is required.

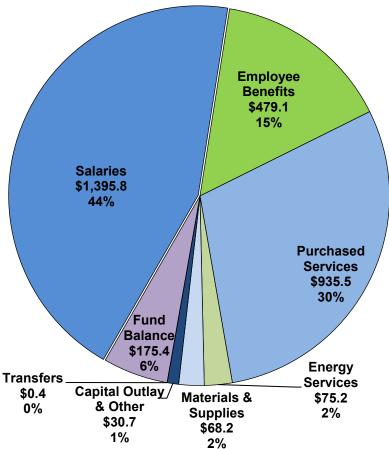
Categories	Expenditures
Salaries	\$1,395,816,300
Employee Benefits	479,127,701
Purchased Services	935,535,323
Energy Services	75,175,252
Materials & Supplies	68,232,707
Capital Outlay & Other	30,744,378
Transfers	360,825
Fund Balance	175,402,252
TOTAL	\$3,160,394,738

As of FY24 FEFP First Calculation

Purchased Services - Amounts paid for personal services rendered by personnel who are not on the payroll of the District School Board, and other services that the Board may purchase. While a product may or may not result from the transaction, the primary reason for the purchase is the service provided.

Energy Services - Expenditures for various types of energy used by the school district. Examples include electricity, gasoline, diesel fuel, heating oil, natural and bottled gas.

Materials and Supplies - Amounts paid for items of an expendable nature that are consumed, worn out or deteriorated by use, or items that lose their identity through fabrication or incorporation into different or more complex units or substances.



Capital Outlay - Expenditures for the acquisition of capital assets or additions to capital assets. These are expenditures for land or existing buildings, improvements to grounds, construction of buildings, additions to buildings, remodeling of buildings, initial equipment, new and replacement equipment, and software.

Transfers - Nonreciprocal inter-fund activity represented by disbursement of cash or goods from one fund within the School District to another fund without an equivalent return and without a requirement for repayment.

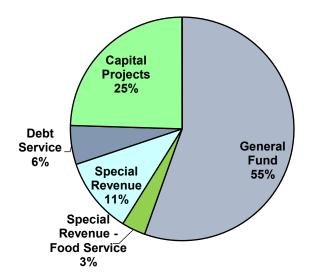
Fund Balance - Governmental Funds report the difference between their assets and liabilities as fund balance. Under Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), fund balance is divided into reserved and unreserved portions.

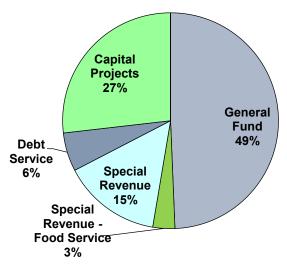
Based on 2023-24 on FEFP First Calculation. Due to the rounding of whole numbers, some tables/schedules may not add to total.

ALL FUNDS COMPARISON OF BUDGETED REVENUE SOURCES



2022-23 AMENDED BUDGET





	2023-24	2022-23
Fund Title:	Budget	Amended Budget
General Fund	\$3,160,394,738	\$2,752,199,079
Special Revenue - Food Service	195,960,373	184,189,077
Special Revenue	624,508,081	822,217,326
Debt Service	321,337,019	322,488,726
Capital Projects	1,395,885,724	1,494,567,008
Internal Services	700,161	858,976
Sub-Total	\$5,698,786,096	\$5,576,520,192
Less Transfers Out:	(363,300,361)	(348,787,684)
TOTAL ALL FUNDS	\$5,335,485,735	\$5,227,732,508

Information for fiscal year 2023-24 is as of FEFP 1st calculation. Information for fiscal year 2022-23 for General Fund is from the Budget Amendment dated April 30, 2023; Special Revenue is from the Budget Amendment dated March 31, 2023; Capital Projects is from the Budget Amendment dated April 30, 2023; and Special Revenue Food Service, Special Revenue ESSER and ESSER II, Special Revenue Other CRRSA, Special Revenue Other ARP, Special Revenue Miscellaneous Funds, Debt Service, and Internal Services are from the 2022-23 Adopted Budget.

NOTE: Amounts include Fund Balance

Due to the rounding of whole numbers, some tables/schedules may not add to total.

DISTRICT BUDGET SUMMARY

BUDGET SUMMARY

FISCAL YEAR 2023-2024

PROPOSED MILLAGE LEVY	
OPERATING	
LOCAL EFFORT	3.2290
DISCRETIONARY	0.7480
ADDITIONAL OPERATING	1.0000
DEBTSERVICE	0.1896
CAPITAL OUTLAY	1.5000
TOTAL	6.6666

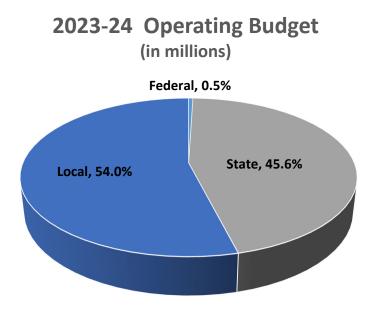
BUDGET

REVENUES	General	Sp	ecial Revenue	0)ebt Service	C	apital Projects	Inte	rnal Service	T	otal All Funds
Federal Sources	\$ 13,805,287	\$	738,997,957	\$		\$		\$	•	\$	752,803,244
State Sources	1,285,788,427		2,045,215		521,645		46,575,785				1,334,931,072
Local Sources	1,522,802,542		9,250,674		55,034,072		445,551,135		500,000		2,033,138,423
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 2,822,396,256	\$	750,293,846	\$	55,555,717	\$	492,126,920	\$	500,000	\$	4,120,872,739
Transfers In	162,596,230		40,000		200,664,131						363,300,361
Nonrevenue Sources					0		49,812,564				49,812,564
Fund Balances/Net Assets-July 1, 2023	175,402,252		70,134,608		65,117,171		853,946,240		200,161		1,164,800,432
TOTAL REVENUES, TRANSFERS											
AND BALANCES	\$ 3,160,394,738	\$	820,468,454	\$	321,337,019	\$	1,395,885,724	\$	700,161	\$	5,698,786,096
EXPENDITURES											
Instruction	\$ 1,987,267,410	\$	385,761,845							\$	2,373,029,255
Student Support Services	155,453,050		29,440,020								184,893,070
Instructional Media Services	26,205,998		0								26,205,998
Instruction & Curriculum											
Development Services	37,591,566		36,760,821								74,352,387
Instructional Staff Training Services	6,939,318		38,418,952								45,358,270
Instructional-Related Technology	32,713,264		22,194,575								54,907,839
Board	5,586,239										5,586,239
General Administration	11,679,099		28,305,109								39,984,208
School Administration	155,223,033		1,963,733								157,186,766
Facilities Acquisition & Construction	15,170,000		59,800,238				1,032,946,188				1,107,916,426
Fiscal Services	13,008,803		847,506								13,856,309
Food Service			138,270,574								138,270,574
Central Services	76,873,108		8,318,419						628,000		85,819,527
Student Transportation Services	101,996,729		4,662,945								106,659,674
Operation of Plant	249,734,369		5,962,406								255,696,775
Maintenance of Plant	86,904,921		0								86,904,921
Administrative Technology Services	6,914,647										6,914,647
Community Services	13,160,107		1,999,956								15,160,063
Debt Service	2,210,000				244,410,039						246,620,039
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 2,984,631,661	\$	762,707,099	\$	244,410,039	\$	1,032,946,188	\$	628,000	\$	5,025,322,987
Transfers Out	360,825						362,939,536				363,300,361
Fund Balances/Net Assets-June 30, 2024	175,402,252		57,761,355		76,926,980				72,161		310,162,748
TOTAL EXPENDITURES,											
TRANSFERS AND BALANCES	\$ 3,160,394,738	\$	820,468,454	\$	321,337,019	\$	1,395,885,724	\$	700,161	\$	5,698,786,096

THE TENTATIVE, ADOPTED, AND/OR FINAL BUDGETS ARE ON FILE IN THE OFFICE OF THE ABOVE MENTIONED TAXING AUTHORITY AS A PUBLIC RECORD.

Note: General Fund information uses 2023-24 FEFP First Calculation.

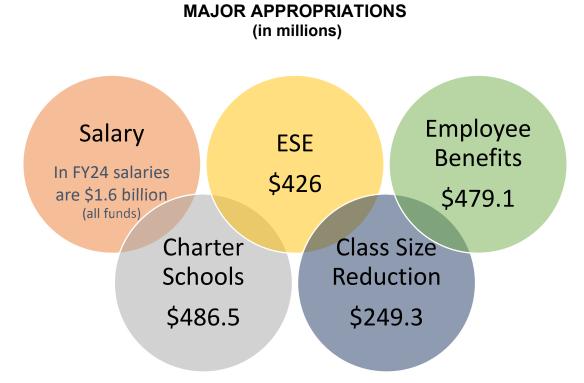
REVENUE TREND



Revenues	F	Y 2013	F	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	F	Y 2019	F	TY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	F	Y 2023*	F	Y 2024**
Federal	\$	15.0	\$	13.5	\$ 15.8	\$ 17.2	\$ 22.2	\$ 23.9	\$	29.1	\$	21.1	\$ 19.0	\$ 15.8	\$	11.9	\$	13.8
State		939.1		1,012.8	1,017.5	1,047.0	1,087.5	1,103.5		1,107.9		1,141.0	1,160.2	1,165.3		1,129.7		1,285.8
Local		830.4		889.8	949.3	959.0	984.2	995.6		1,034.8		1,153.3	1,118.3	1,167.5		1,232.0		1,522.8
Total	\$	1,784.5	\$	1,916.1	\$ 1,982.6	\$ 2,023.2	\$ 2,093.9	\$ 2,123.0	\$	2,171.8	\$	2,315.4	\$ 2,297.5	\$ 2,348.6	\$	2,373.5	\$	2,822.4

* FY 2023 from General Fund Budget Amendment as of April 30, 2023.

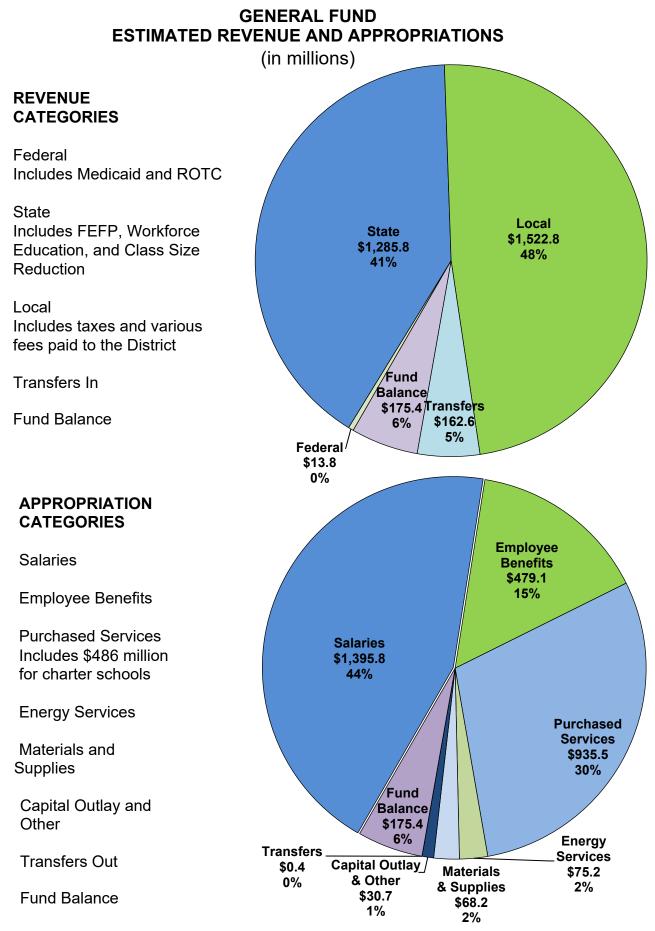
** FY 2024 Total Projected Revenues.



Note: 2023-24 based on FEFP First Calculation. Due to the rounding of whole numbers, some tables/schedules may not add to total.



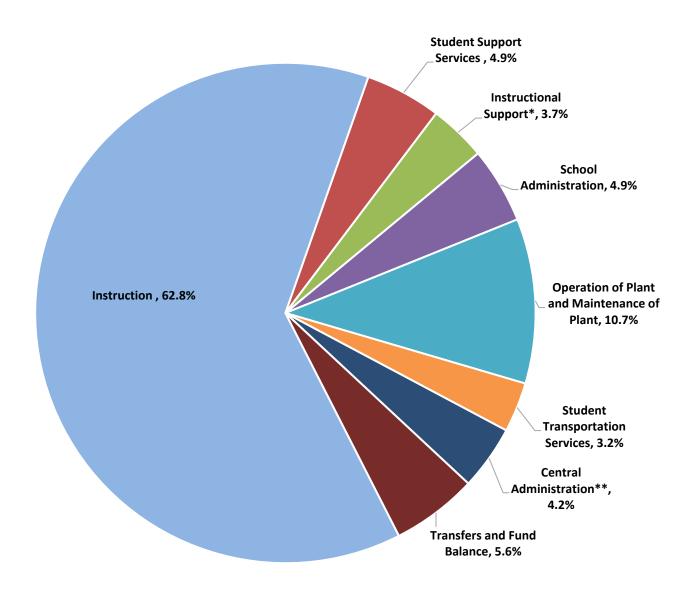
FINANCIAL -



Base<u>d</u> on 2023-24 on FEFP First Calculation. Due to the rounding of whole numbers, some tables/schedules may not add to total.

Broward County Public Schools

GENERAL FUND APPROPRIATIONS BY CATEGORY (BY FUNCTION)



^{*} Includes Instructional Media Services, Instructional and Curriculum Development Services, Instructional Staff Training Services, Instructional-Related Technology, and Community Services.

Based on 2023-24 FEFP First Calculation. Due to the rounding of whole numbers, some tables/schedules may not add to total.



^{**} Includes Board, General Administration, Fiscal Services, Central Services, Facilities Acquisition & Construction, Administrative and Technology Services.

GENERAL FUND COMPARISON OF REVENUES

Revenues:	2023-24 First Hearing	2022-23 Revenue	Difference	
Federal				
Medicaid, ROTC, & Other	\$13,805,287	\$11,922,935	\$1,882,352	(a)
State				
FEFP	943,948,458	751,388,870	192,559,588	(b)
Workforce	88,917,122	80,298,602	8,618,520	(c)
Class Size	249,316,473	268,564,217	(19,247,744)	(d)
Other ¹	3,606,374	29,439,603	(25,833,229)	(e)
Local				
Ad Valorem Taxes	1,442,877,487	1,143,212,744	299,664,743	(f)
Other ²	79,925,055	88,770,255	(8,845,200)	(g)
Other Financing Sources	162,596,230	160,454,224	2,142,006	(h)
TOTAL	\$2,984,992,486	\$2,534,051,450	\$450,941,036	

Comments:

- (a) Anticipated increase in Medicaid administrative claims in FY 2023-24 and ROTC revenue.
- (b) The increase is primarily due to the method in which the State allocates FEFP funds to the McKay and FES scholarship programs. These programs are funded by the State at the beginning of the school year, and then removed in the FEFP third calculation.
- (c) The increase is due to additional funding provided by the State for Workforce Development.
- (d) Decrease in State revenue for Class Size Reduction.
- (e) The decrease is primarily due to the receipt of School Recognition funds in FY 2022-23.
- (f) The increase is primarily due to the 1 mill voter-approved Referendum levying an estimated \$290.3 million and the State's certified higher estimated increase in current year taxable values.
- (g) The decrease is primarily due to lower projected revenue collections from Indirect Cost from grants and food service, and investment income in FY 2023-24.
- (h) The increase is primarily due to increases in the maintenance and repairs transfer from Capital funds.

NOTE: Information for 2022-23 is from General Fund Amendment as of April 30, 2023. Information for 2023-24 is as of the FEFP First Calculation



¹ State Other includes funds for Adults with Disabilities and VPK funding.

² Local Other includes facility rental income and fees for courses, child care, PK programs, certification, and transportation for school activities.

GENERAL FUND COMPARISON OF APPROPRIATIONS

	2023-24	2022-23		
Appropriation:	First Hearing	Amended	Difference	-
Instruction	\$1,987,267,410	\$1,618,615,908	\$368,651,502	(a)
Student Support Services	155,453,050	163,472,926	(8,019,876)	(b)
Instructional Media Services	26,205,998	23,711,995	2,494,003	(c)
Instruction & Curriculum Dev.	37,591,566	35,870,259	1,721,307	(d)
Instructional Staff Training	6,939,318	6,611,487	327,831	
Instruction-Related Technology	32,713,264	31,674,718	1,038,546	(e)
Board	5,586,239	14,838,967	(9,252,728)	(f)
General Administration	11,679,099	11,772,008	(92,909)	
School Administration	155,223,033	146,063,004	9,160,029	(g)
Facilities Acquisition & Construction	15,170,000	10,120,000	5,050,000	(h)
Fiscal Services	13,008,803	11,839,370	1,169,433	(i)
Food Services	0	549,124	(549,124)	(j)
Central Services	76,873,108	71,334,356	5,538,752	(k)
Student Transportation	101,996,729	89,905,077	12,091,652	(I)
Operation of Plant	249,734,369	226,115,253	23,619,116	(m)
Maintenance of Plant	86,904,921	90,278,317	(3,373,396)	(n)
Administrative Technology	6,914,647	5,937,823	976,824	(o)
Community Services	13,160,107	12,688,570	471,537	
Debt Service	2,210,000	2,647,314	(437,314)	
Other Financing Uses	360,825	2,750,351	(2,389,526)	(p)
TOTAL	\$2,984,992,486	\$2,576,796,827	\$408,195,659	-

Comments:

- (a) The increase is primarily due to appropriating the Florida Empowerment, McKay and Gardiner Scholarships in this function in lieu of Assigned Fund Balance, increased funding for Charter schools, anticipated increase in Referendum supplements, Health Insurance, FRS costs, and allocating the PreK Contracts to this function in FY 2024.
- (b) The decrease is primarily due to a decrease in Medicaid appropriations, and allocating the PreK Contracts to the Instructional Function in FY 2024.
- (c) The increase is due to the allocation of funds within the Instructional Media Services functions for media expenditure for purchasing new and replacement instructional materials.



FINANCIAL ·

GENERAL FUND COMPARISON OF APPROPRIATIONS

Comments Continued:

- (d) The increase is primarily due to increases in Health Insurance and FRS costs.
- (e) The increase is primarily due to increases in Health Insurance and FRS costs.
- (f) The decrease is primarily due to the appropriation of funding for the MSD settlement agreement within this function in FY 2023. The funding for the FY 2024 payment is set aside in Fund Balance.
- (g) The increase is primarily due to increases in Health Insurance and FRS costs as well as the allocation of Districtwide items, such as longevity and CAP adjustment, to this function.
- (h) The increase is primarily due to the appropriation of funds supported by the Capital Transfer to the General Fund, for Facilities Acquisition & Construction function for PPO Minor Capital Improvements.
- (i) The increase is primarily due to increases in Health Insurance and FRS costs, as well the impact of FY 2024 organizational changes applicable to this function, and additional funds for audit management software.
- (j) The decrease is primarily due to one-time funds allocated in FY 2023 for the Collective Bargaining Agreement between SBBC and FOPE Food Service for supplements paid from Referendum funds (Board Agenda Item #HH-4, approved 8/17/22).
- (k) The increase is primarily due to increases in Health Insurance and FRS costs, increases in the property and casualty insurance premiums, as well as additional support for SAP-ERP Project Implementation.
- (I) The increase is primarily due to increases in Health Insurance and FRS costs, as well as an increase in projected fuel costs.
- (m) The increase is primarily due to the 1 mill voter-approved Referendum portion for safety, increases in Health Insurance and FRS costs, as well as additional funds for security for athletic events, K-9 program, and for increases in utilities costs for electricity, water/sewer, and refuse.
- (n) The decrease is primarily due to funds allocated in the Maintenance of Plant function in FY 2023 for PPO emergency flood response and repairs resulting from the damages to schools and District facilities impacted by the floods of April 2023.
- (o) The increase is primarily due to additional support for FOCUS School Software.
- (p) The decrease is primarily due to a one-time transfer of Workforce Education funding to the Capital Project Funds in FY 2023 for the classroom addition project at McFatter Technical College & High School.

NOTE: Information for 2022-23 is from General Fund Amendment as of April 30, 2023. Information for 2023-24 is as of the FEFP First Calculation.



GENERAL FUND REVENUE

Revenue Account	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2022-23	2022-23	2023-24
Description	Revenue	Revenue	Proj. Revenue	Amendments	Budget	Proj. Revenue
Federal Direct:						
Federal Impact, Current Operations	-	-	-	-		-
Reserve Officers Training Corps (ROTC)	2,178,531	2,396,186	2,557,000	-	2,557,000	2,795,287
Miscellaneous Federal Direct	8,913	12,384	-	45,000	45,000	-
Total Federal Direct	2,187,444	2,408,570	2,557,000	45,000	2,602,000	2,795,287
Federal Through State and Local:	11 252 502	10 150 750	10 500 000	(4.170.005)	0 000 005	11 010 000
Medicaid	11,258,609	13,150,750	13,500,000	(4,179,065)	9,320,935	11,010,000
National Forest Funds	-	-	-	-	-	-
Federal Through Local	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous Federal Through State	89,096	84,606	-	-	-	-
Total Federal Through State and Local	11,347,705	13,235,356	13,500,000	(4,179,065)	9,320,935	11,010,000
State:	775 000 670	707 102 207	070 747 040	(127 250 072)	751 200 070	042 049 459
Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP)	775,208,673	707,103,297	878,747,842	(127,358,972)	751,388,870	943,948,458
Workforce Development	77,776,734	77,776,734	79,600,602	-	79,600,602	81,988,620
Workforce Development Capitalization Incentive Grant	-	-	-	-	-	-
Workforce Reserves & Reimbursements					coo 000	-
Workforce Education Performance Incentive	595,000	698,000	698,000		698,000	692,852
Adults with Disabilities	718,821	935,233	800,000		800,000	800,000
CO&DS Withheld for Administrative Expenditure	169,337	169,337	440 000	-	440 000	-
Sales Tax Distribution (s. 212.20(6)(d)6.a., F.S.)	446,500	446,500	446,500	-	446,500	446,500
State Forest Funds State License Tax	-	-	-		200.000	-
	283,190	315,510	309,000	-	309,000	308,368
District Discretionary Lottery Funds	-	-	-	-	-	-
Categorical Programs:	202.025.004	260 162 245	200 770 470	(214.250)	260 564 247	240 216 472
Class Size Reduction Operating Funds	303,025,894	268,163,345	268,778,476	(214,259)	268,564,217	249,316,473
Florida School Recognition Funds	-	-	-	22,256,862	22,256,862	-
Voluntary Prekindergarten Program	3,228,851	3,577,689	3,320,000	-	3,320,000	3,993,348
Preschool Projects	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other State:	-	-			-	-
Reading Programs	-	-		-	-	-
Full-Service Schools Program	-	-	-	-	-	-
State Through Local	-	-	-	-		
Other Miscellaneous State Revenues	698,079	249,973	250,000	2,057,241	2,307,241	4,293,808
Total State	1,162,151,078	1,059,435,619	1,232,950,420	(103,259,128)	1,129,691,292	1,285,788,427
Local:	1.005.070.000	1 004 107 005	1 1 4 2 2 4 2 7 4 4		1 1 40 010 744	1 440 077 407
District School Taxes	1,065,978,638	1,094,137,605	1,143,212,744	-	1,143,212,744	
Tax Redemptions					1,145,212,744	1,442,877,487
	-	-	-	· - ·	-	1,442,877,487
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payment in Lieu of Taxes Excess Fees	-	-	-	-	-	1,442,877,487 - -
Payment in Lieu of Taxes Excess Fees Tuition	-	-	-	-	-	
Payment in Lieu of Taxes Excess Fees Tuition Rent	- 313,010	- 1,122,665	- - - 961,000	- - -	- - - 961,000	- - - 1,953,863
Payment in Lieu of Taxes Excess Fees Tuition Rent Investment Income	- 313,010 6,857,594	-	-	-	-	
Payment in Lieu of Taxes Excess Fees Tuition Rent Investment Income Gain on Sale of Investments	- 313,010 6,857,594 1,195,825	- 1,122,665 3,758,207 -	- - - 961,000 2,000,000	- - - 7,227,705 -	- - - 961,000	- - - 1,953,863
Payment in Lieu of Taxes Excess Fees Tuition Rent Investment Income Gain on Sale of Investments Net Increase (Decrease) in Fair Value of Investments	- 313,010 6,857,594 1,195,825 (5,666,349)	- 1,122,665 3,758,207 - (13,262,690)	- - - 961,000	- - - 7,227,705 - -	- - - 961,000 9,227,705 -	- - - 1,953,863
Payment in Lieu of Taxes Excess Fees Tuition Rent Investment Income Gain on Sale of Investments Net Increase (Decrease) in Fair Value of Investments Gifts, Grants and Bequests	- 313,010 6,857,594 1,195,825	- 1,122,665 3,758,207 -	- - - 961,000 2,000,000	- - - 7,227,705 -	- - - 961,000	- - - 1,953,863
Payment in Lieu of Taxes Excess Fees Tuition Rent Investment Income Gain on Sale of Investments Net Increase (Decrease) in Fair Value of Investments Gifts, Grants and Bequests Student Fees:	- 313,010 6,857,594 1,195,825 (5,666,349) 14,473	- 1,122,665 3,758,207 - (13,262,690) 1,314	- - - 961,000 2,000,000 - - -	- - 7,227,705 - 1,433	- - 961,000 9,227,705 - 1,433	- - - 1,953,863 5,000,000 - - -
Payment in Lieu of Taxes Excess Fees Tuition Rent Investment Income Gain on Sale of Investments Net Increase (Decrease) in Fair Value of Investments Gifts, Grants and Bequests Student Fees: Adult General Education Course Fees	- 313,010 6,857,594 1,195,825 (5,666,349) 14,473 484,692	- 1,122,665 3,758,207 - (13,262,690) 1,314 - 641,907	- - - 961,000 2,000,000 - - - 650,000	- - 7,227,705 - 1,433	- - 961,000 9,227,705 - - 1,433 650,000	- - - 1,953,863 5,000,000 - - - 800,000
Payment in Lieu of Taxes Excess Fees Tuition Rent Investment Income Gain on Sale of Investments Net Increase (Decrease) in Fair Value of Investments Gifts, Grants and Bequests Student Fees: Adult General Education Course Fees Postsec Career Cert-Appl Tech Diploma Course Fees	- 313,010 6,857,594 1,195,825 (5,666,349) 14,473 484,692 4,915,922	- 1,122,665 3,758,207 - (13,262,690) 1,314 - 	- - - 961,000 2,000,000 - - - 650,000 6,000,000	- - 7,227,705 - 1,433 -	- - 961,000 9,227,705 - - 1,433 650,000 6,000,000	- - - 1,953,863 5,000,000 - - -
Payment in Lieu of Taxes Excess Fees Tuition Rent Investment Income Gain on Sale of Investments Net Increase (Decrease) in Fair Value of Investments Gifts, Grants and Bequests Student Fees: Adult General Education Course Fees Postsec Career Cert-Appl Tech Diploma Course Fees Continuing Workforce Education Course Fees	- 313,010 6,857,594 1,195,825 (5,666,349) 14,473 484,692 4,915,922	- 1,122,665 3,758,207 - (13,262,690) 1,314 - 641,907 5,693,807	- - - 961,000 2,000,000 - - - 650,000 6,000,000	- - 7,227,705 - 1,433 - - -	- - 961,000 9,227,705 - - 1,433 650,000 6,000,000	- - - 1,953,863 5,000,000 - - - - 800,000 6,000,000
Payment in Lieu of Taxes Excess Fees Tuition Rent Investment Income Gain on Sale of Investments Net Increase (Decrease) in Fair Value of Investments Gifts, Grants and Bequests Student Fees: Adult General Education Course Fees Postsec Career Cert-Appl Tech Diploma Course Fees Continuing Workforce Education Course Fees Capital Improvement Fees	- 313,010 6,857,594 1,195,825 (5,666,349) 14,473 484,692 4,915,922	- 1,122,665 3,758,207 - (13,262,690) 1,314 - 	- - - 961,000 2,000,000 - - - 650,000 6,000,000	- - 7,227,705 - 1,433 - - - - - - - - -	- - 961,000 9,227,705 - - 1,433 650,000 6,000,000	- - - 1,953,863 5,000,000 - - - 800,000
Payment in Lieu of Taxes Excess Fees Tuition Rent Investment Income Gain on Sale of Investments Net Increase (Decrease) in Fair Value of Investments Gifts, Grants and Bequests Student Fees: Adult General Education Course Fees Postsec Career Cert-Appl Tech Diploma Course Fees Continuing Workforce Education Course Fees Capital Improvement Fees Postsecondary Lab Fees	- 313,010 6,857,594 1,195,825 (5,666,349) 14,473 484,692 4,915,922 - 277,057	- 1,122,665 3,758,207 - (13,262,690) 1,314 - 641,907 5,693,807 - 338,128 -	- - - 961,000 2,000,000 - - - - 650,000 6,000,000 - 277,056 -	- - 7,227,705 - 1,433 - - -	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - 1,953,863 5,000,000 - - - - 800,000 6,000,000
Payment in Lieu of Taxes Excess Fees Tuition Rent Investment Income Gain on Sale of Investments Net Increase (Decrease) in Fair Value of Investments Gifts, Grants and Bequests Student Fees: Adult General Education Course Fees Postsec Career Cert-Appl Tech Diploma Course Fees Continuing Workforce Education Course Fees Continuing Workforce Education Course Fees Capital Improvement Fees Postsecondary Lab Fees Lifelong Learning Fees	- 313,010 6,857,594 1,195,825 (5,666,349) 14,473 484,692 4,915,922	- 1,122,665 3,758,207 - (13,262,690) 1,314 - 641,907 5,693,807	- - - 961,000 2,000,000 - - - 650,000 6,000,000	- - 7,227,705 - 1,433 - - - - - - - -	- - 961,000 9,227,705 - - 1,433 650,000 6,000,000	- - - 1,953,863 5,000,000 - - - - 800,000 6,000,000
Payment in Lieu of Taxes Excess Fees Tuition Rent Investment Income Gain on Sale of Investments Net Increase (Decrease) in Fair Value of Investments Gifts, Grants and Bequests Student Fees: Adult General Education Course Fees Postsec Career Cert-Appl Tech Diploma Course Fees Continuing Workforce Education Course Fees Continuing Workforce Education Course Fees Capital Improvement Fees Postsecondary Lab Fees Lifelong Learning Fees GED® Testing Fees	- 313,010 6,857,594 1,195,825 (5,666,349) 14,473 484,692 4,915,922 - 277,057 - 8,065	- 1,122,665 3,758,207 - (13,262,690) 1,314 641,907 5,693,807 - 338,128	- - - 961,000 2,000,000 - - - - 650,000 6,000,000 - 277,056 -	- - 7,227,705 - 1,433 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Payment in Lieu of Taxes Excess Fees Tuition Rent Investment Income Gain on Sale of Investments Net Increase (Decrease) in Fair Value of Investments Gifts, Grants and Bequests Student Fees: Adult General Education Course Fees Postsec Career Cert-Appl Tech Diploma Course Fees Continuing Workforce Education Course Fees Continuing Workforce Education Course Fees Capital Improvement Fees Postsecondary Lab Fees Lifelong Learning Fees GED® Testing Fees Financial Aid Fees	- 313,010 6,857,594 1,195,825 (5,666,349) 14,473 484,692 4,915,922 - 277,057 - 8,065 - 554,113	- 1,122,665 3,758,207 - (13,262,690) 1,314 - 641,907 5,693,807 - 338,128 - - 77,154	- - - 961,000 2,000,000 - - - 650,000 6,000,000 - 277,056 - - 80,000	- - 7,227,705 - 1,433 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - 961,000 9,227,705 - - 1,433 650,000 6,000,000 - 277,056 80,000	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Payment in Lieu of Taxes Excess Fees Tuition Rent Investment Income Gain on Sale of Investments Net Increase (Decrease) in Fair Value of Investments Gifts, Grants and Bequests Student Fees: Adult General Education Course Fees Postsec Career Cert-Appl Tech Diploma Course Fees Continuing Workforce Education Course Fees Continuing Workforce Education Course Fees Capital Improvement Fees Postsecondary Lab Fees Lifelong Learning Fees GED® Testing Fees Financial Aid Fees Other Student Fees	- 313,010 6,857,594 1,195,825 (5,666,349) 14,473 484,692 4,915,922 - 277,057 - 8,065	- 1,122,665 3,758,207 - (13,262,690) 1,314 641,907 5,693,807 - 338,128 - 77,154	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - 7,227,705 - - 1,433 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - - - 1,433 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Payment in Lieu of Taxes Excess Fees Tuition Rent Investment Income Gain on Sale of Investments Net Increase (Decrease) in Fair Value of Investments Gifts, Grants and Bequests Student Fees: Adult General Education Course Fees Postsec Career Cert-Appl Tech Diploma Course Fees Continuing Workforce Education Course Fees Continuing Workforce Education Course Fees Capital Improvement Fees Postsecondary Lab Fees Lifelong Learning Fees GED® Testing Fees Financial Aid Fees	- 313,010 6,857,594 1,195,825 (5,666,349) 14,473 484,692 4,915,922 - 277,057 - 8,065 - 554,113	- 1,122,665 3,758,207 - (13,262,690) 1,314 - 641,907 5,693,807 - 338,128 - 338,128 - 77,154 - 676,256	- - - 961,000 2,000,000 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - 7,227,705 - 1,433 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - 961,000 9,227,705 - - 1,433 650,000 6,000,000 - 277,056 80,000 - - 277,056	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Payment in Lieu of Taxes Excess Fees Tuition Rent Investment Income Gain on Sale of Investments Net Increase (Decrease) in Fair Value of Investments Gifts, Grants and Bequests Student Fees: Adult General Education Course Fees Postsec Career Cert-Appl Tech Diploma Course Fees Continuing Workforce Education Course Fees Capital Improvement Fees Postsecondary Lab Fees Lifelong Learning Fees GED® Testing Fees Financial Aid Fees Other Student Fees Other Student Fees Preschool Program Fees	- 313,010 6,857,594 1,195,825 (5,666,349) 14,473 484,692 4,915,922 - 277,057 - 8,065 - 554,113	- 1,122,665 3,758,207 - (13,262,690) 1,314 - 641,907 5,693,807 - 338,128 - 338,128 - 77,154 - 676,256	- - - 961,000 2,000,000 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - 7,227,705 - 1,433 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - 961,000 9,227,705 - - 1,433 650,000 6,000,000 - 277,056 80,000 - - 277,056	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Payment in Lieu of Taxes Excess Fees Tuition Rent Investment Income Gain on Sale of Investments Net Increase (Decrease) in Fair Value of Investments Gifts, Grants and Bequests Student Fees: Adult General Education Course Fees Postsec Career Cert-Appl Tech Diploma Course Fees Continuing Workforce Education Course Fees Capital Improvement Fees Postsecondary Lab Fees Lifelong Learning Fees GED® Testing Fees Financial Aid Fees Other Student Fees Potschool Program Fees Preschool Program Fees Prekindergarten Early Intervention Fees	- 313,010 6,857,594 1,195,825 (5,666,349) 14,473 - 484,692 4,915,922 - 277,057 - 8,065 - 554,113 694,747 - 934,034	- 1,122,665 3,758,207 - (13,262,690) 1,314 - 641,907 5,693,807 - 338,128 - - 77,154 - - 676,256 1,081,871 - 2,175,908	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - 7,227,705 - 1,433 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - 961,000 9,227,705 - - 1,433 650,000 6,000,000 - 277,056 80,000 - - 650,000	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Payment in Lieu of Taxes Excess Fees Tuition Rent Investment Income Gain on Sale of Investments Net Increase (Decrease) in Fair Value of Investments Gifts, Grants and Bequests Student Fees: Adult General Education Course Fees Postsec Career Cert-Appl Tech Diploma Course Fees Continuing Workforce Education Course Fees Capital Improvement Fees Postsecondary Lab Fees Lifelong Learning Fees GED® Testing Fees Financial Aid Fees Other Student Fees Other Student Fees Preschool Program Fees	- 313,010 6,857,594 1,195,825 (5,666,349) 14,473 - 484,692 4,915,922 - 277,057 - 8,065 - 554,113 694,747 934,034	- 1,122,665 3,758,207 - (13,262,690) 1,314 - 641,907 5,693,807 - 338,128 - 77,154 - 6776,256 1,081,871 - 2,175,908	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - 7,227,705 - 1,433 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - 961,000 9,227,705 - - 1,433 650,000 6,000,000 - 277,056 80,000 - - 650,000	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Payment in Lieu of Taxes Excess Fees Tuition Rent Investment Income Gain on Sale of Investments Net Increase (Decrease) in Fair Value of Investments Gifts, Grants and Bequests Student Fees: Adult General Education Course Fees Postsec Career Cert-Appl Tech Diploma Course Fees Continuing Workforce Education Course Fees Capital Improvement Fees Postsecondary Lab Fees Lifelong Learning Fees GED® Testing Fees Financial Aid Fees Other Student Fees Potschool Program Fees Preschool Program Fees Prekindergarten Early Intervention Fees	- 313,010 6,857,594 1,195,825 (5,666,349) 14,473 - 484,692 4,915,922 - 277,057 - 8,065 - 554,113 694,747 - 934,034	- 1,122,665 3,758,207 - (13,262,690) 1,314 - 641,907 5,693,807 - 338,128 - - 77,154 - - 676,256 1,081,871 - 2,175,908	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - 7,227,705 - 1,433 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - 961,000 9,227,705 - - 1,433 650,000 6,000,000 - 277,056 80,000 - - 650,000 828,057 2,220,000	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Payment in Lieu of Taxes Excess Fees Tuition Rent Investment Income Gain on Sale of Investments Net Increase (Decrease) in Fair Value of Investments Gifts, Grants and Bequests Student Fees: Adult General Education Course Fees Postsec Career Cert-Appl Tech Diploma Course Fees Continuing Workforce Education Course Fees Capital Improvement Fees Postsecondary Lab Fees Lifelong Learning Fees GED® Testing Fees Financial Aid Fees Other Student Fees Other Fees: Preschool Program Fees Prekindergarten Early Intervention Fees School-Age Child Care Fees	- 313,010 6,857,594 1,195,825 (5,666,349) 14,473 - 484,692 4,915,922 - 277,057 - 38,065 - 554,113 694,747 - 934,034 - -	- 1,122,665 3,758,207 - (13,262,690) 1,314 - 641,907 5,693,807 - 338,128 - 77,154 - 676,256 1,081,871 - 2,175,908 - 13,017,766	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - 7,227,705 - 1,433 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - 961,000 9,227,705 - - 1,433 650,000 6,000,000 - 277,056 80,000 - - 650,000 828,057 - 2,220,000 - - 15,600,000	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Payment in Lieu of Taxes Excess Fees Tuition Rent Investment Income Gain on Sale of Investments Net Increase (Decrease) in Fair Value of Investments Gifts, Grants and Bequests Student Fees: Adult General Education Course Fees Postsec Career Cert-Appl Tech Diploma Course Fees Continuing Workforce Education Course Fees Capital Improvement Fees Postsecondary Lab Fees Lifelong Learning Fees Financial Aid Fees Other Student Fees Other Fees: Preschool Program Fees Prekindergarten Early Intervention Fees School-Age Child Care Fees Other Stools, Courses and Classes Fees	- 313,010 6,857,594 1,195,825 (5,666,349) 14,473 - 484,692 4,915,922 - 277,057 - 38,065 - 554,113 694,747 - 934,034 - -	- 1,122,665 3,758,207 - (13,262,690) 1,314 - 641,907 5,693,807 - 338,128 - 77,154 - 676,256 1,081,871 - 2,175,908 - 13,017,766	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - 7,227,705 - 1,433 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - 961,000 9,227,705 - - 1,433 650,000 6,000,000 - 277,056 80,000 - - 650,000 828,057 - 2,220,000 - - 15,600,000	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Payment in Lieu of Taxes Excess Fees Tuition Rent Investment Income Gain on Sale of Investments Net Increase (Decrease) in Fair Value of Investments Gifts, Grants and Bequests Student Fees: Adult General Education Course Fees Postsec Career Cert-Appl Tech Diploma Course Fees Continuing Workforce Education Course Fees Continuing Workforce Education Course Fees Copital Improvement Fees Postsecondary Lab Fees Lifelong Learning Fees GED® Testing Fees Financial Aid Fees Other Student Fees Preschool Program Fees Preschool Program Fees Prekindergarten Early Intervention Fees School-Age Child Care Fees Other Schools, Courses and Classes Fees Miscellaneous Local:	- 313,010 6,857,594 1,195,825 (5,666,349) 14,473 - 484,692 4,915,922 - 277,057 - 38,065 - 554,113 694,747 - 934,034 - 4,775,931 745,048	- 1,122,665 3,758,207 - (13,262,690) 1,314 - 641,907 5,693,807 - 338,128 - 338,128 - - 77,154 - - 676,256 1,081,871 - 2,175,908 - 13,017,766 2,510,761	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - 7,227,705 - 1,433 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Payment in Lieu of Taxes Excess Fees Tuition Rent Investment Income Gain on Sale of Investments Net Increase (Decrease) in Fair Value of Investments Gifts, Grants and Bequests Student Fees: Adult General Education Course Fees Postsec Career Cert-Appl Tech Diploma Course Fees Continuing Workforce Education Course Fees Continuing Workforce Education Course Fees Copital Improvement Fees Postsecondary Lab Fees Lifelong Learning Fees GED® Testing Fees Financial Aid Fees Other Student Fees Preschool Program Fees Preschool Program Fees Prekindergarten Early Intervention Fees School-Age Child Care Fees Other Student Sees Other Schools, Courses and Classes Fees Miscellaneous Local: Miscellaneous Local:	- 313,010 6,857,594 1,195,825 (5,666,349) 14,473 - 484,692 4,915,922 - 277,057 - 8,065 - - 38,065 - - 3554,113 694,747 - 934,034 - 4,775,931 745,048	- 1,122,665 3,758,207 - (13,262,690) 1,314 - 641,907 5,693,807 - 338,128 - 77,154 - 676,256 1,081,871 - 2,175,908 - 13,017,766 2,510,761 - 48,187,653	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - 7,227,705 - - 1,433 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Payment in Lieu of Taxes Excess Fees Tuition Rent Investment Income Gain on Sale of Investments Net Increase (Decrease) in Fair Value of Investments Gifts, Grants and Bequests Student Fees: Adult General Education Course Fees Postsec Career Cert-Appl Tech Diploma Course Fees Continuing Workforce Education Course Fees Copital Improvement Fees Postsecondary Lab Fees Lifelong Learning Fees GED® Testing Fees Financial Aid Fees Other Student Fees Preschool Program Fees Prekindergarten Early Intervention Fees School-Age Child Care Fees Other Schools, Courses and Classes Fees Miscellaneous Local: Miscellaneous Local Sources	- 313,010 6,857,594 1,195,825 (5,666,349) 14,473 - 484,692 4,915,922 - 277,057 - 38,065 - 554,113 694,747 - 934,034 - - 934,034 - - 26,223,699 1,108,306,498	- 1,122,665 3,758,207 - (13,262,690) 1,314 - 641,907 5,693,807 - 338,128 - 77,154 - 676,256 1,081,871 - 2,175,908 - 13,017,766 2,510,761 - 48,187,653 1,160,158,314	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - 7,227,705 - - 1,433 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Payment in Lieu of Taxes Excess Fees Tuition Rent Investment Income Gain on Sale of Investments Net Increase (Decrease) in Fair Value of Investments Gifts, Grants and Bequests Student Fees: Adult General Education Course Fees Postsec Career Cert-Appl Tech Diploma Course Fees Continuing Workforce Education Course Fees Continuing Workforce Education Course Fees Copital Improvement Fees Postsecondary Lab Fees Lifelong Learning Fees GED® Testing Fees Financial Aid Fees Other Student Fees Preschool Program Fees Prekindergarten Early Intervention Fees School-Age Child Care Fees Other Schools, Courses and Classes Fees Miscellaneous Local: Miscellaneous Local:	313,010 6,857,594 1,195,825 (5,666,349) 14,473 484,692 4,915,922 - - 277,057 - 277,057 - - 3,8,065 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- 1,122,665 3,758,207 - (13,262,690) 1,314 - 641,907 5,693,807 - 338,128 - - 338,128 - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - 7,227,705 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	
Payment in Lieu of Taxes Excess Fees Tuition Rent Investment Income Gain on Sale of Investments Net Increase (Decrease) in Fair Value of Investments Gifts, Grants and Bequests Student Fees: Adult General Education Course Fees Postsec Career Cert-Appl Tech Diploma Course Fees Continuing Workforce Education Course Fees Continuing Workforce Education Course Fees Copital Improvement Fees Postsec Career Cert-Appl Tech Diploma Course Fees Continuing Workforce Education Course Fees Copital Improvement Fees Postsecondary Lab Fees Lifelong Learning Fees Financial Aid Fees Other Student Fees Other Student Fees Preschool Program Fees Preschool Program Fees Prekindergarten Early Intervention Fees School-Age Child Care Fees Other Schools, Courses and Classes Fees Miscellaneous Local Sources Total Local Total Revenue Transfers In	313,010 6,857,594 1,195,825 (5,666,349) 14,473 484,692 4,915,922 - - 277,057 - 277,057 - - 3,8,065 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- 1,122,665 3,758,207 - (13,262,690) 1,314 - (13,262,690) 5,693,807 - 338,128 	 961,000 961,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 3,000 6,000,000 6,000,000 2,77,056 2,77,056 3,000 2,220,000 2,220,000 3,5,600,000 3,5,600,000 49,775,004 1,224,753,861 2,473,761,281 144,376,831 	- - - 7,227,705 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		

NOTE: 2023-24 is based on the FEFP First Calculation.

		2020-21	2020-21	2021-22	2021-22	2022-23	2022-23	2022-23	2022-23	2023-24	2023-24
		Expenditures	Positions	Expenditures	Positions	Positions	Adopted	Amendments	Amended Budget	t Positions	Proj. Budget
ELEMENTARY	Administration	30, 287, 808	323.0	30,052,441	318.4	321.2	31,890,125	89,829	31,979,954	316.1	32,163,673
	Teachers	291,543,294	5,322.4	241,276,703	4,675.0	4,589.2	279,484,016	(6,281,973)	273,202,043	4,541.5	273,995,936
	Support Teachers	44,797,737	867.0	45,017,469	820.7	861.0	58,929,119	(5,416,038)	53,513,081	966.1	60,011,391
	Paraprofessionals	14,708,401	854.1	14,102,685	800.2	892.5	18,322,643	296,187	18,618,830	973.8	21,910,719
	Clerical	21, 758, 603	660.7	19,906,260	605.7	687.2	23,960,268	166,598	24,126,866	683.5	24,197,674
	Operational	23, 252, 537	651.5	23,386,263	649.1	885.5	25,069,706	5,281,513	30,351,219	930.5	32,675,435
	Supplies	9,067,745		10, 763, 926			11,589,363	2,516,895	14,106,258		7,184,866
	Other Salary	43, 208, 187		53, 596, 250			46,581,345	11,984,055	58,565,400		75,666,610
	Other Expenditures	11,070,144		8,177,348			5,542,401	18,452,385	23,994,786		14,331,494
ELEMENTARY Total		489,694,454	8,678.6	446,279,344	7,869.2	8,236.5	501,368,986	27,089,451	528,458,437	8,411.5	542,137,798
MIDDLE	Administration	14,012,358	144.0	13,870,062	144.0	144.2	14,368,464		14,368,464	144.0	14,401,080
	Teachers	107,412,847	1,961.2	92,494,537	1,755.3	1,749.0	107,997,444	(4,467,249)	103,530,195	1,756.5	105,032,847
	Support Teachers	20,181,835	365.7	19,470,700	349.8	346.0	22,896,633	(1,102,500)	21,794,133	374.2	23,198,375
	Paraprofessionals	3, 210, 313	186.6	3, 364, 664	191.8	185.6	4,150,632	(63,114)	4,087,518	189.7	4,427,507
	Clerical	8,490,645	276.7	7,439,055	249.3	281.5	9,221,036	(5,616)	9,215,420	279.9	9,244,800
	Operational	9,622,183	316.1	9,431,894	313.4	453.6	10,379,169	4,357,539	14,736,708	456.0	15,574,400
	Supplies	3, 435, 528		3,970,123			2,852,694	502,734	3,355,428		2,286,890
	Other Salary	19,604,192		22,634,275			18,135,842	3,612,329	21,748,171		28,508,566
	Other Expenditures	2, 751, 855		2, 116, 125			1,655,366	4,272,252	5,927,618		4,423,877
MIDDLE Total		188, 721, 755	3,250.4	174, 791, 436	3,003.6	3,160.0	191,657,280	7,106,374	198,763,654	3,200.2	207,098,342
HIGH	Administration	15,352,493	155.1	15,603,048	159.2	160.6	16,595,940	(96,779)	16,499,161	162.1	16,743,572
	Teachers	157,356,087	2,770.8	144,715,876	2,651.6	2,627.1	162,688,116	(7,839,378)	154,848,738	2, 709.7	162,659,017
	Support Teachers	23,818,347	427.1	23,096,218	392.4	406.4	26,929,359	(1,453,119)	25,476,240	454.6	28,107,377
	Paraprofessionals	6, 329, 993	342.2	6,419,159	338.4	344.7	7,860,390	40,697	7,901,087	344.1	8,156,375
	Clerical	11, 437, 254	383.8	10,632,409	359.3	383.3	12,497,851	(44,896)	12,452,955	390.0	12,731,790
	Operational	12,025,598	393.8	11,751,295	386.2	635.6	13, 189, 252	7,679,725	20,868,977	637.2	22,151,046
	Supplies	10, 266, 820		11, 251, 711			10, 792, 261	752,497	11,544,758		9,670,736
	Other Salary	37,037,862		43,401,246			39,651,202	5,175,537	44,826,739		51, 522, 698
	Other Expenditures	9, 346, 132		8, 131, 908			5,639,838	9,002,809	14,642,647		9, 301, 446
HIGH Total		282,970,586	4,472.7	275,002,870	4,287.1	4,557.7	295,844,209	13,217,093	309,061,302	4,697.6	321.044.057

GENERAL FUND SCHOOL APPROPRIATIONS

Note: 2023-24 is based on FEFP First Calculation

FINANCIAL ·

GENERAL FUND SCHOOL APPROPRIATIONS

		2020-21	2020-21	2021-22	2021-22	2022-23	2022-23	2022-23	2022-23	2023-24	2023-24
		Expenditures	Positions	Expenditures	Positions	Positions	Adopted	Amendments	Amended Budget	t Positions	Proj. Budget
MULTI-LEVEL	Administration	2,678,182	27.9	2,654,429	27.0	23.0	2, 376, 005		2,376,005	23.0	2,384,000
	Teachers	24,327,363	462.4	20,434,695	416.1	346.0	20,477,775	(488,124)	19,989,651	339.1	20,276,093
	Support Teachers	4,048,380	78.4	3,978,167	73.3	63.1	4,460,331	(293,506)	4,166,825	71.4	4,420,972
	Paraprofessionals	925,627	56.9	884,896	54.9	41.8	821,409	122,429	943,838	48.1	1,081,216
	Clerical	1,647,476	52.8	1,460,568	48.9	45.9	1, 585, 348		1,585,348	45.8	1,510,940
	Operational	2,187,996	73.8	2,264,912	78.6	102.6	2, 239, 168	1,090,272	3,329,440	102.5	3,504,333
	Supplies	1,078,874		1,079,453			574, 794	300,589			509,416
	Other Salary	4,284,355		4,879,037			3, 881, 793	23,767	3,905,560		5,334,136
	Other Expenditures	780,913		1,005,954			440,096	788,223	1,228,319		1,000,985
MULTI-LEVEL Total		41,959,166	752.2	38,642,111	698.8	622.4	36,856,719	1, 543, 650	38,400,369	629.9	40,022,091
CENTERS	Administration	7 266 533	27.0	2 305 209	0.7.0	77.0	7 379 537	10 190	77 289 777	27.0	7 413 833
	Teachers	7.437.216	144.0	6.901.926	135.0	136.6	7.938.753	434.822			8.272.518
	Support Teachers	5,077,545	93.8	5,146,154	90.3	86.8	5, 282, 840	(223,843)			5,796,002
	Paraprofessionals	3,762,481	191.3	3,476,775	184.6	170.4	4, 173, 335	63, 114	4,236,449		4,486,738
	Clerical	1,707,640	53.0	1,622,039	49.6	51.6	1, 825, 533	13,966	1,839,499	50.7	1,831,995
	Operational	1,248,443	32.4	1,217,345	33.9	57.5	1, 266, 789	878,083	2,144,872	60.9	2,385,798
	Supplies	497,937		625,622			693, 471	185,061	878,532		796,962
	Other Salary	2,133,260		2,850,897			2, 384, 275	366,478	2,750,753		3,986,709
	Other Expenditures	2,213,562		1,865,264			1, 703, 251	587,682	2,290,933		2,045,929
CENTERS Total		26,344,616	541.5	26,011,229	520.4	529.9	27,647,784	2, 315, 553	29,963,337	544.8	32,016,484
ADULT HIGH	Administration	1,328,656	13.1	1,493,778	15.0	15.1	1,583,117		1,583,117	15.0	1,587,324
	Teachers	6,771,657	117.7	5,324,033	101.8	104.1	6, 241, 697	(59, 153)	6,182,544	104.3	6,232,889
	Support Teachers	3,507,999	62.6	3,434,306	55.0	63.4	3,997,715	(59, 153)	3,938,562	61.1	3,803,939
	Paraprofessionals	1,020,920	51.4	909,375	48.3	49.8	1,054,881		1,054,881	49.8	1,105,607
	Clerical	1,497,129	50.2	1,262,998	42.3	45.0	1,533,091		1,533,091	42.9	1,507,006
	Operational	1,593,341	44.7	1,643,027	45.0	75.0	1,684,644	989, 929	2,674,573	73.0	2,727,107
	Supplies	257,684		341,978			267, 773	77,015	344,788		382,890
	Other Salary	4,800,311		2,795,690			2,752,509	151,055	2,903,564		3,620,284
	Other Expenditures	177,368		303,097			477,464	419,813	897, 277		816,371
ADULT HIGH Total		20,955,065	339.7	17,508,282	307.5	352.3	19,592,891	1,519,506	21.112.397	346.1	21.783.417

Note: 2023-24 is based on FEFP First Calculation

		2020-21	2020-21	2021-22	2021-22	2022-23	2022-23	2022-23	2022-23	2023-24	2023-24
		Expenditures	Positions	Expenditures	Positions	Positions	Adopted	Amendments	Amended Budget	Positions	Proj. Budget
TECH COLLEGES & COMM SCHOOLS Administration	ministration	3,067,790	31.2	3,005,748	32.4	32.7	3,237,991		3,237,991	31.6	3,190,969
Tea	Teachers	25,601,175	409.9	24,483,783	414.8	423.7	25,297,650	(61,269)	25,236,381	431.5	25,796,828
Sup	Support Teachers	3,917,826	63.9	3,773,712	61.4	60.1	3,683,776		3,683,776	63.1	3,955,570
Para	Paraprofessionals	1,092,601	46.7	1,083,761	47.9	46.9	1,149,081		1,149,081	45.6	1,182,002
Cler	Clerical	6,652,488	199.3	6,475,634	198.1	198.5	7,125,752		7,125,752	198.8	7,215,145
Ope	Operational	4, 323, 465	144.1	4,471,871	142.2	149.3	4,430,428	323,774	4,754,202	151.4	5,193,954
Sup	Supplies	1, 138, 368		1,758,051			3,794,387	12,710	3,807,097		5,043,590
Oth	Other Salary	7,999,354		11,371,339			12,723,365	(255,962)	12,467,403		13,916,030
Oth	Other Expenditures	8, 793,030		9,004,036			10,165,009	5,295,281	15,460,290		12,463,733
TECH COLLEGES & COMM SCHOOLS Total	_	62, 586,095	895.2	65,427,935	896.9	911.2	71,607,439	5,314,534	76,921,973	922.0	77,957,821
		1, 113, 231, 737	18,930.3	1,043,663,207	17,583.4	18,369.9	1,144,575,308	58,106,161	1,202,681,469	18,752.2	1,242,060,010

GENERAL FUND SCHOOL APPROPRIATIONS

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Note: 2023-24 is based on FEFP First Calculation

FINANCIAL -

GENERAL FUND DIVISION APPROPRIATIONS

		2020-21	2020-21	2021-22	2021-22	2022-23	2022-23	2022-23	2022-23	2023-24	2023-24
		Expenditures	Positions	Expenditures	Positions	Positions	Adopted	Amendments	Amended Budget	Positions	Proj. Budget
BOARD	Administration	420,638	9.0	423,392	9.0	9.0	423,392	2,912	426,303	9.0	427,500
	Clerical	532,696	9.6	537,777	9.0	9.4	537,777	36,072	573,850	10.0	606,134
	Supplies	8,648		9,246			12,697		12,697		12,697
	Other Salary			6,033					•		
	Other Expenditures	136,540		217,117			242,668		242,668		269,668
BOARD Total		1,098,522	18.0	1,193,564	18.0	18.4	1,216,534	38,984	1, 255, 518	19.0	1, 315, 999
SUPERINTENDENT & GEN. COUNSEI Administration	SEI Administration	2,231,607	14.1	2,378,801	15.9	11.9	2,035,497	(257,024)	1,778,472	12.0	1,892,399
	Technical	1,487,769	20.0	1,516,732	20.0						
	Clerical	1, 155, 782	23.0	1,180,985	23.3	12.5	669,897	50,351	720,248	13.0	749,523
	Supplies	3,619		26,853			12,088		12,088		12,088
	Other Salary	25,302		268,492			1,996		1,996		1,996
	Other Expenditures	1,719,310		1,353,338			924,216		924,216		925,816
SUPERINTENDENT & GEN. COUNSEL Total	SEL Total	6,623,388	57.1	6,725,201	59.2	24.4	3,643,693	(206,673)	3,437,020	25.0	3,581,821
	-										
CHIEF AUDI IOK	Administration					7.0	290,284	4,31b	294,600	3.0	424,878
	Technical					18.2	1,345,910	72,349	1,418,259	20.0	1,533,990
	Clerical					10.0	435,165	40,380	475,546	10.0	473,087
	Supplies						16,550		16,550		18,950
	Other Expenditures						635,406		635,406		873,006
CHIEF AUDITOR Total						30.2	2,723,316	117,045	2,840,360	33.0	3,323,911
	Administration	000 200	0		0 0	U	701 701	(E1 113)	036 062	U U	כבכ אבא
		111 200	0 0 7 7	102/000	0.7		101,101	(074/70)		b c	
	Technical	151,223	2.0	157,726	2.0	2.0	845,831	(414,884)	430,947	5.0	423,458
	Clerical	333,144	6.0	411,269	7.2	8.2	815,381	(354,298)	461,083	8.0	375,765
	Support	882,602	20.0	895,520	20.0	20.0	895,520	(16,702)	878,818	20.0	872,923
	Supplies	45,546		21,433			134,379		134,379		59,455
	Other Salary	19,240		43,266			43,791		43,791		38,651
	Other Expenditures	22,840		136,879			24,082,141		24,082,141		56,036
CHIEF OF STAFF Total		1,791,674	30.0	1,996,376	31.2	38.6	27,598,824	(837,297)	26,761,527	38.0	2,482,540
SAFETY, SECURITY & EMERGENCY PI Administration	PI Administration	875,779	6.0	1,118,306	8.0	5.4	674,574	80,803	755,377	5.4	750,357
	Technical	7,359,565	107.9	7,552,133	109.5	65.8	6,835,860	(1,570,733)	5,265,126	67.0	5,290,950
	Clerical	1,836,890	43.6	2,396,070	54.6	37.4	1,791,570	(96,533)	1,695,037	38.4	1,772,204
	Instructional Specialist					3.8		303,570	303,570	4.0	324,878
	Support	19,124,604	724.5	21,519,112	761.9	144.5	21,509,247	(15,299,520)	6,209,727	168.1	7,298,081
	Supplies	249,030		520,958			488,937		488,937		533, 735
	Other Salary	418,486		602,261			497,974		497,974		6,776,970
	Other Expenditures	38,668,778		39,904,345			13,998,710		13,998,710		14,531,366
	Safety Referendum Reserve	erve									11,930,115
	Safety FEFP Reserve								ı		1,022,810
SAFETY. SECURITY & EMERGENCY PREP Total	' PREP Total	68,533,131	882.1	73,613,185	934.0	256.9	45,796,872	(16,582,413)	29,214,459	282.9	50,231,467

FINANCIAL

Note: 2023-24 is based on FEFP First Calculation

		2020-21	2020-21	2021-22	2021-22	2022-23	2022-23	2022-23	2022-23	2023-24	2023-24
		Expenditures	Positions	Expenditures	Positions	Positions	Adopted	Amendments	Amended Budget	Positions	Proj. Budget
DEPUTY SUPERINTENDENT, TEACHI Administration	CHI Administration			72,127	0.3	13.0	219,948	1,785,363	2,005,311	13.0	2,024,285
	Technical					3.2		383,372	383,372	3.0	338,484
	Clerical			42,708	0.6	17.0	133,996	756,233	890,230	17.0	843,937
	Instructional Specialist									6.0	381,289
	Supplies						35,000		35,000		198,383
	Other Salary										3,677
	Other Expenditures										75,500
DEPUTY SUPERINTENDENT, TEACHING & LEARNING Total	CHING & LEARNING Total			114,835	1.0	33.2	388,944	2,924,968	3,313,912	39.0	3,865,555
ACADEMICS	Administration	1.866.247	15.0	2,270,957	18.0	19.7	2.390.110	136.011	2.526.121	23.0	3.066.869
	Technical	7.376.746	111.3	7.678.527	115.9	144.3	9.006.755	1.383.747	10.390.502	143.4	9.973.698
	Clerical	2,992,897	71.5	3,103,421	74.0	85.8	3,621,228	95,247	3,716,475	83.3	3,612,273
	Instructional Specialist	23,524,840	378.2	23,663,352	385.5	401.4	23,716,286	1,337,024	25,053,310	394.0	24,858,958
	Support	419,348	8.8	469,422	9.8	10.8	469,422	30,702	500,124	7.8	379,741
	Supplies	3,864,368		9,118,709			21,510,239		21,510,239		21,651,491
	Other Salary	1,995,034		4,935,204			6,134,323		6,134,323		9,773,452
	Other Expenditures	27,765,487		36, 240, 189			39,812,442		39,812,442		37,130,667
ACADEMICS Total		69,804,969	584.9	87,479,781	603.3	661.5	106,660,806	2,982,730	109,643,536	651.5	110,447,149
REGIONAL/ASSOC. SUPERINTENDE! Administration	DEI Administration					6.0	2.689.602	(1.811.202)	878.401	6.0	829.734
	Technical					17.0	1.789.045	(154.819)	1.634.225	17.0	1.681.998
	Clerical					21.5	1.897.002	(901,604)	995.398	22.0	1.014.312
	Instructional Specialist					7.7	341.549	134.994	476.543	10.0	615,414
	Support					2.0	82.134	2.039	84.174	2.0	84.174
	Supplies						316.744		316.744		324.718
	Other Salary						1.004.994		1.004.994		1.076.846
	Other Expenditures						7.815.589		7.815.589		7.787.563
REGIONAL/ASSOC. SUPERINTENDENT Total	DENT Total					54.2	15,936.659	(2.730.591)	13,206.067	57.0	13.414.758
OSPA	Administration	2,585,586	18.0	2,900,760	20.6						
	Technical	1,474,270	15.8	2,509,349	27.8						
	Clerical	1,287,405	30.0	1,896,280	44.0				I		
	Instructional Specialist	57,839	1.0	341,549	5.0						
	Support			91,962	2.1						
	Supplies	79,919		530,911					I		
	Other Salary	643,343		1,029,712							
	Other Expenditures	523,978		1,751,541							
OSPA Total		6,652,340	64.8	11,052,063	99.5				I		
STUDENT SUPPORT INITIATIVES	Administration	887,600	7.0	1,024,259	8.3	6.0	708,093	38,200	746,292	6.0	732,556
	Technical	4,482,447	60.8	5,128,883	68.4	53.1	4,580,697	(498,791)	4,081,906	59.8	4,705,556
	Clerical	1,762,082	43.6	1,998,171	49.6	44.5	1,768,129	98,567	1,866,696	45.0	1,877,568
	Instructional Specialist	13,516,136	238.6	14,457,002	254.6	243.4	14,391,900	(346,395)	14,045,505	249.4	14,357,401
	Support	59,914	1.0	59,914	1.0	1.0	59,914	. 1	59,914	1.0	59,914
	Supplies	208,369		340,408			1,217,090		1,217,090		440,683
	Other Salary	269,654		1,985,644			1,696,232		1,696,232		6,574,690
	Other Expenditures	1,704,701		2,519,682			5,293,272		5,293,272		4,478,018
	Mental Health Referendum Reserve	um Reserve							I		8,513,133
	Mental Health FEFP Reserve					_					499, 143
STUDENT SUPPORT INITIATIVES Total	Total	22.890.902	351.0	77 513 963	381 9	348 O	29.715.327	(708 419)		C 190	C22 OCC CV

GENERAL FUND DIVISION APPROPRIATIONS

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Note: 2023-24 is based on FEFP First Calculation

FINANCIAL -

APPROPRIATIONS	
DIVISION	
ENERAL FUND	

		2020-21	2020-21	2021-22	2021-22	2022-23	2022-23	2022-23	2022-23	2023-24	2023-24
		Expenditures	Positions	Expenditures	Positions	Positions	Adopted	Amendments	Amended Budget	Positions	Proj. Budget
DEPUTY SUPERINTENDENT, FIN & O Administration	O Administration			73,584	0.3	1.0	225,000	•	225,000	1.0	225,000
	Clerical			33,076	0.5	2.0	133,908	8,581	142,489	2.0	145,641
	Supplies			200			35,134		35,134		35,134
	Other Expenditures			2,385			8,250		8,250		8,000
DEPUTY SUPERINTENDENT, FIN & OPER Total	OPER Total			109,246	0.8	3.0	402,292	8,581	410,873	3.0	413,775
CHIEF PEOPLE OFFICE	Administration	902,101	7.0	912,801	7.0	7.0	912,801	(1,070)	911,731	7.0	911.478
	Technical	2,682,781	34.8	2,755,436	35.6	39.3	2,816,254	303,404	3,119,658	40.3	3,225,030
	Clerical	2,437,975	58.7	2,386,472	56.7	57.7	2,340,352	184,497	2,524,849	59.0	2,553,470
	Instructional Specialist	184,473	4.1	55,656	0.9	12.8		150,077	150,077	1.0	56,404
	Supplies	34,623		59,123			39,170		39,170		42,206
	Other Salary	131,939		191,694			122,747		122,747		187,418
	Other Expenditures	786, 161		927,396			764,981		764,981		751,078
CHIEF PEOPLE OFFICE Total		7,160,053	104.6	7,288,578	100.3	116.7	6,996,305	636,908	7,633,212	107.3	7,727,083
COMMUNICATIONS & LEGISLATIVE Administration	/E Administration	396.749	3.0	418.013	3.1	5.0	645.497	19.139	664.636	6.0	824.853
	Technical	3,399,757	50.0	3,298,894	48.0	48.9	3,585,768	(63, 189)	3,522,579	48.0	3,446,055
	Clerical	830,346	19.0	847,416	19.0	20.0	847,416	94,064	941,480	20.0	934,229
	Instructional Specialist	115,072	2.0	1							
	Support	627,797	10.0	623,680	10.0	11.0	623,680	77,023	700,703	11.0	701,660
	Supplies	78,574		56,069			123,824		123,824		127,401
	Other Salary	28,469		102,277			36,457		36,457		36,457
	Other Expenditures	1,211,541		1,029,081			1,745,060		1,745,060		1,484,828
COMMUNICATIONS & LEGISLATIVE Total	/E Total	6,688,306	84.0	6,375,431	80.1	84.9	7,607,701	127,037	7,734,739	85.0	7,555,482
FACILITIES	Administration					3.7	302,178	186,849	489,027	3.7	512,716
	Technical					61.0	1,885,915	3,337,032	5,222,947	61.4	5,242,063
	Clerical					55.9	1,939,879	438,721	2,378,600	55.2	2,315,693
	Support					62.9	2,254,809	565,679	2,820,488	66.5	3,014,406
	Supplies						11,214,217		11,214,217		11,220,371
	Other Salary						181,698		181,698		165,015
	Other Expenditures						55,002,790		55,002,790		70,861,983
FACILITIES Total						183.4	72,781,486	4,528,281	77,309,767	186.8	93, 332, 246
FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT	Administration	1,052,685	8.3	1, 138, 052	9.4	13.6	1,599,079	195,457	1,794,536	11.1	1,426,992
	Technical	4,016,602	57.0	4,081,164	58.2	112.4	7,546,680	970,221	8,516,902	70.3	5,139,761
	Clerical	2,412,901	59.2	2,574,114	62.1	174.5	7,293,872	685,048	7,978,919	76.0	3,482,121
	Instructional Specialist	59,652	1.0	66,744	1.0	1.0	66,744	4,115	70,859	1.0	69,206
	Support					50.4	2,858,029	(202,103)	2,655,926		
	Supplies	55,581		111,311			144,150		144,150		196,734
	Other Salary	16, 755		66,012			28,419		28,419		77,195
	Other Expenditures	19,120,457		1,903,539			2,816,792		2,816,792		28, 283, 965
FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT Total		26,734,633	125.5	9,940,937	130.7	351.9	22,353,765	1,652,738	24,006,504	158.3	38,675,974

FINANCIAL

Note: 2023-24 is based on FEFP First Calculation

		2020-21	2020-21	2021-22	2021-22	2022-23	2022-23	2022-23	2022-23	2023-24	2023-24
		Expenditures	Positions	Expenditures	Positions	Positions	Adopted	Amendments	Amended Budget	Positions	Proj. Budget
INFORMATION & TECHNOLOGY	Administration	1,028,144	8.0	1,038,136	8.1	18.7	1,213,844	1,067,992	2,281,836	25.0	2,944,775
	Technical	8,243,598	99.7	10,513,830	127.2	139.3	10,623,559	899, 733	11,523,292	140.0	11, 331, 468
	Clerical	2,390,735	50.0	2,452,356	51.0	56.4	2,505,448	310,982	2,816,430	58.0	2,912,377
	Support					15.0		1,015,848	1,015,848	15.0	1,017,293
	Supplies	11,641		753,270			535,375		535,375		535,375
	Other Salary	2,032,306		53,238							
	Other Expenditures	17,081,849		16,912,814			14,617,368		14,617,368		18, 717, 368
	Emergency IT Positions										
INFORMATION & TECHNOLOGY Total	[otal	30, 788, 273	157.7	31,723,643	186.3	229.5	29,495,595	3, 294, 554	32, 790, 149	238.0	37,458,656
	A durini stration									L C	100 100
											2 L 11 LOC
	lechnical									44.8	3,544,506
	Clerical									100.1	4,490,705
	Support									50.4	2,626,683
	Supplies										55,762
	Other Salary										26,112
	Other Expenditures										982,451
OPERATIONS Total										197.8	12, 108, 026
STRATEGY & OPERATIONS	Administration	1, 186, 502	8.8	1,260,226	9.6						
	Technical	4,634,052	57.5	4,837,541	59.9						
	Clerical	6,682,149	154.1	6,357,230	147.2						
	Support	5,951,226	122.1	5,813,920	118.1						
	Supplies	3,938,100		3,412,544					I		
	Other Salary	606,343		377,092							
	Other Expenditures	63,055,481		52,793,145							
STRATEGY & OPERATIONS Total		86,053,853	342.6	74,851,698	334.7				1		
	Administration	C10 757	C U								
	Technical	1 748 408	21.0								
	Clerical	787 420	18.0								
	Instructional Specialist	594.051	8.0								
	Support	95,007	2.0								
	Supplies	457,901							1		
	Other Salary	336,201									
	Other Expenditures	3,241,226									
PORTFOLIO SERVICES Total		7,997,256	55.0								
						_					
		342,817,302	2,857.2	339,978,501	2,961.1	2,434.7	373,318,119	(4,753,569)	368,564,550	2,482.8	428.173,107

GENERAL FUND DIVISION APPROPRIATIONS

Note: 2023-24 is based on FEFP First Calculation

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GENERAL FUND OTHER APPROPRIATIONS

		2020-21	2020-21	2021-22	2021-22	2022-23	2022-23	2022-23	2022-23	2023-24	2023-24
		Expenditures	Positions	Expenditures	Positions	Positions	Adopted	Amendments	Amended Budget	Positions	Proj. Budget
TRANSPORTATION COST	Administration	235, 256	2.0	249,568	2.0	2.8	249,568	72,455	322,023	2.0	235,341
	Technical	2,643,113	35.0	2,661,783	35.3	40.4	2,790,316	362, 241	3,152,557	43.0	3,372,864
	Clerical	1,891,600	52.0	1,933,148	52.0	61.3	1,933,148	392, 725	2,325,874	62.0	2,328,303
	Support	44,452,492	1,696.2	47,331,283	1,695.8	1,508.8	44,501,109	(466,592)	44,034,517	1,487.0	43,341,846
	Supplies	3,174,883		3,605,463			4,963,174		4,963,174		6,892,174
	Other Salary	4,192,971		11, 129, 462			7,981,652		7,981,652		8,062,210
	Other Expenditures	1,816,132		3,359,137			4,059,903		4,059,903		4,328,903
	District-Fuel	4,432,759		10,449,738			13,000,000		13,000,000		13,900,000
TRANSPORTATION COST Total		62,839,206	1,785.2	80,719,583	1,785.1	1,613.2	79,478,870	360,830	79,839,700	1,594.0	82,461,642
UTILITIES	Communication	8,257,986		8,324,671			8,300,000		8,300,000		8,300,000
	Electric	38,312,637		47,175,761			55,700,000		55,700,000		60,446,440
	Water/Sewer	9,421,083		12,046,566			12,200,000		12,200,000		12,200,000
	Gas/Oil	383,370		535,309			575,000		575,000		575,000
	Refuse	4,964,578		5,460,698			5,900,000		5,900,000		5,900,000
UTILITIES Total		61,339,654		73,543,004			82,675,000		82,675,000		87,421,440
FRINGE	Health Ins	169,374,687		168,597,504			162,683,886		162,683,886		177,675,926
	Dental						2,328,322		2,328,322		2,335,096
	Vision	3,518,672		2,953,365			1,113,755		1,113,755		1,116,902
	Flex Account						98,354		98,354		98,590
	Life	1,889,513		1, 752,003			1,820,397		1,820,397		1,825,236
	Disability	2,850,315		2,574,200			2,832,870		2,832,870		2,840,613
	Unemployment	2,116,978		1,060,042			991,772		991,772		1,057,078
	Workers Comp	10,447,502					13,699,138		13,699,138		14,502,096
	FICA	95,707,006		93, 140, 298			91,883,611		91,883,611		97,558,013
	Retirement	128,339,623		134,000,560			151,293,385		151,293,385		180,118,151
FRINGE Total		414,244,296		404,077,973			428,745,490		428,745,490		479,127,701
CHARTER SCHOOLS	Other Expenditures	375,040,685		376, 769, 610			389,192,044	25,321,088	414,513,132		486,521,037
CHARTER SCHOOLS Total		375,040,685		376, 769, 610			389,192,044	25,321,088	414,513,132		486,521,037
OTHER FINANCIAL USES	Transfers Out to Capital	1,663,950		30,000							
	Transfers Out to Debt Svc - COPs	320,816		344,825			320,825		320,825		320,825
	Transfers Out to Debt Svc - Energy Leases	eases									
	Transfers Out to Debt Svc - TAN						ı		ı		
	Transfers Out to Special Revenue	44,982		40,000			40,000		40,000		40,000
OTHER FINANCIAL USES Total		2,029,748		414,825			360,825		360,825		360,825



		2020-21	2020-21	2021-22	2021-22	2022-23	2022-23	2022-23	2022-23	2023-24	2023-24
		Expenditures	Positions	Expenditures	Positions Positions	Positions	Adopted	Amendments	Amended Budget	Positions	Proj. Budget
DISTRICT WIDE	FTE Not Rolled Out						16,358,017	(16,358,017)			2, 312, 823
	Supplement Adv. Degree	1,078,910		1,058,847			1,085,576		1,085,576		458,123
	Sick/Vacation Payout	7,711,259		9,556,425			7,711,259		7,711,259		7,711,259
	Sick Leave Incentive	2,444,346		2,837,794			2,444,346		2,444,346		2,063,312
	DROP Sick Pay	8,815,687		8,374,266			8,815,687		8,815,687		8,815,687
	Federation Incentive	657,265		97,857			659, 115		659,115		659,115
	Early Retire/Resig Reward	104,500					104,500		104,500		
	Extended Sick Leave	193,836		7,776			511,930		511,930		1,290
	Longevity	1,183,040		1, 117, 494			1,183,040		1,183,040		1,056,600
	CAP Adjustment	724,500		477,000			760,897		760,897		459,300
	Contracted Supplements	3,167,118		4,358,049			4,029,644		4,029,644		4,029,644
	Nat'l Teacher Cert Supp	1,339,142		1,207,374			1,790,722		1,790,722		1,095,616
	Lead Program	3,245,553		3,512,097			4,139,450		4,139,450		4,934,703
	Expected Salary Lapse						(62,000,000)		(62,000,000)		(64,859,558)
	GF Contribution to Referendum Supplements	oplements					2,492,314		2,492,314		2,492,314
	TSIA (Increase over previous year)						13,802,215		13,802,215		15,662,284
	Debt Svc for TAN and Energy Lease						2,210,000		2,210,000		2,210,000
	FES Scholarship						110,520,228		110,520,228		215,472,425
	FES Scholarship (FEFP Deduction)					_		(117,818,565)	(117,818,565)		
	BTU-ESP Additional Day						347,073		347,073		
	Transfer CSR to ESSER						(708,213)		(708,213)		(708,213)
	FNS Credit						(3,689,765)		(3,689,765)		(5,000,000)
	Transfer FES Growth to ARP						(20,000,000)		(20,000,000)		(20,000,000)
	ARP Non-Enrollment Assistance						(2,000,000)		(2,000,000)		
	\$15 Minimum Wage Increase						2,000,000		2,000,000		
	Kelly Services - Substitute Teachers						20,250,000		20,250,000		
	Kelly Services - Administrative Fee						5,062,500		5,062,500		
	48 Teacher Positions						(2,839,344)		(2,839,344)		
	Transferred Capital Positions					89.0	8, 729, 287		8,729,287		
	Settlement Payment							8, 333, 333	8,333,333		
	Security Athletic Sports						1,489,432		1,489,432		
DISTRICT WIDE Total		30,665,156		32,604,979		89.0	125,259,910	(125,843,249)	(583,339)		178,866,724
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GENERAL FUND OTHER APPROPRIATIONS

Note: 2023-24 is based on FEFP First Calculation

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GENERAL FUND SUMMARY & FUND BALANCE

		2020-21	2020-21	2021-22	2021-22	2022-23	2022-23	2022-23	2022-23	2023-24	2023-24
		Expenditures	Positions	Expenditures	Positions	Positions Positions	Adopted	Amendments	Amended Budget	Positions	Proj. Budget
SCHOOLS		1,113,231,737	18,930.3	1,043,663,207	17,583.4	18,369.9	1,144,575,308	58, 106, 161	1,202,681,469	18,752.2	1,242,060,010
DIVISIONS		342,817,302	2,857.2	339,978,501	2,961.1	2,434.7	373,318,119	(4,753,569)	368,564,550	2,482.8	428, 173, 107
OTHER		946,158,745	1,785.2	968, 129, 974	1,785.1	1,702.2	1,105,712,139	(100,161,331)	1,005,550,808	1,594.0	1,314,759,368
		2,402,207,784	23,572.7	2,351,771,683		22,329.6 22,506.8	2,623,605,566	(46,808,739)	2,576,796,827	22,828.9	2,984,992,486
FUND BALANCE	FUND BALANCE Nonspendable	25,449,927		27,837,941			27,837,941		27,837,941		27,837,941
	Restricted	13,417,326		15,540,776			15,540,776	(13,670,885)	1,869,891		1,869,891
	Committed	54,327,295		54,327,295			54,327,295		54,327,295		54,327,295
	Assigned/Unassigned	108,057,944		120,441,617			114,974,163	(23,607,038)	91,367,125		91,367,125
		201,252,492		218,147,630			212,680,175	(37,277,923)	175,402,252		175,402,252
		2,603,460,276	23,572.7	2,569,919,312		22,329.6 22,506.8	2,836,285,741	(84,086,662)	2,752,199,079	22,828.9	3,160,394,738
			•								

Note: 2023-24 is based on FEFP First Calculation

	Elementary	Middle	High	Multi-Level
UNWTD FTE: K-12	82,357.45	39,284.48	62,673.81	6,858.63
UNWTD FTE: Workforce Education	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	82,357.45	39,284.48	62,673.81	6,858.63
WTD FTE: K-12	94,663.41	41,089.64	65,148.77	7,138.30
WTD FTE: Workforce Education	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	94,663.41	41,089.64	65,148.77	7,138.30
INSTR ALLOCATION: K-12 INSTR ALLOCATION: Workforce Education	\$147,712,841	\$72,228,180	\$109,632,005	\$12,282,900
TOTAL	\$147,712,841	\$72,228,180	\$109,632,005	\$12,282,900
SUPPORT ALLOCATION: K-12	\$92,365,390	\$41,701,018	\$52,119,815	\$8,100,388
CATEGORICAL	\$302,010,067	\$93,203,700	\$159,322,414	\$19,675,019
TOTAL SCHOOL GENERAL FUND	\$542,088,298	\$207,132,898	\$321,074,234	\$40,058,307

CATEGORICALS	Elementary	Middle	High	Multi-Level
1. Additional Support Funding	563,165	352,375	350,807	60,388
2. Administrative costs - Adults with Disabilities	-	-	-	-
Adults with Disabilities	-	-	-	-
4. Adv. Int. Cert. of Education (AICE)	-	-	10,473,516	106,471
5. Advanced Placement	-	-	5,320,308	105,351
6. Alternative to External Suspension Program	-	-	-	-
7. Armed Safe School Officer	1,467,072	-	-	-
8. Assistant Principal Summer Scheduling	-	-	135,000	-
9. Athletics	-	-	1,092,124	70,866
10. Behavior Change	-	20,250	345,491	-
11. Boost	590,639	27,432	-	22,859
12. Broward County Family Counseling	320,861	-	-	-
13. Broward Truancy Intervention Program (BTIF	285,197	-	-	6,622
14. Broward Virtual Education	-	-	6,009,060	-
15. Budget Reduction Adjustment - Prior Years	-	-	-	-
16. Business Support Center Package Fees	(2,415,500)	(550,500)	(615,000)	(212,000)
17. Campus Monitors - Additional Support	-	22,610	355,732	22,610
18. Children Service Council-Transportation	-	-	354,662	32,336
19. Class Size Reduction - State	64,642,909	27,112,502	42,962,838	4,847,619
20. FY22 CSR K-3 Reduction FY24 FY23 FY22	-	-	-	-
21. Community Foundation of Broward	-	940,548	-	-
22. Custodial - Community School	-	91,340	146,144	-
23. Custodial Allocation	24,417,199	10,202,438	13,410,079	1,937,542
24. DJJ Supplemental Allocation	-	-	-	-
25. DOP Contracts	-	-	-	-
26. DOP Staff	-	-	-	-

Behavior Change	Exceptional	Alternative/ Adult High	Technical	Community	DJJ Sites	FY24 POFR
378.48	664.76	2,859.92	1,783.78	-	216.86	197,078.17
-	-	486	10,796.92	3,005.19	-	14,288.43
378.48	664.76	3,346.24	12,580.70	3,005.19	216.86	211,366.60
380.92	2,326.83	2,866.90 851	1,852.85 13,340.40	0.00 5,265.44	225.48	215,693.10 19,456.90
380.92	2,326.83	3,717.96	15,193.25	5,265.44	225.48	235,150.00
\$1,254,047	\$7,579,421	\$5,518,859 1,373,611	\$1,699,537 42,635,627	\$0 7,708,603	\$559,225	\$358,467,015 51,717,841
\$1,254,047	\$7,579,421	\$6,892,470	\$44,335,164	\$7,708,603	\$559,225	\$410,184,856
\$2,226,844	\$4,964,463	\$6,464,514	\$1,795,801	\$0	\$553,233	\$210,291,466
\$5,244,759	\$8,780,597	\$8,399,377	\$24,032,275	\$60,224	\$855,256	\$621,583,688
\$8,725,650	\$21,324,481	\$21,756,361	\$70,163,240	\$7,768,827	\$1,967,714	\$1,242,060,010

	Behavior						
_	Change	Exceptional	Alternative/ Adult High	Technical	Community	DJJ Sites	FY24 POFR
	1,130,556	369,153	231,738	638,916	-	190,398	3,887,496
	-	229,932	192,839	-	-	-	422,771
	-	641,612	158,388	-	-	-	800,000
	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,579,987
	-	-	-	175,285	-	-	5,600,944
	804,821	-	-	-	-	-	804,821
	36,949	122,256	40,752	81,496	-	-	1,748,525
	-	-	-	-	-	-	135,000
	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,162,990
	1,130,868	391,664	-	-	-	-	1,888,273
	-	-	-	-	-	-	640,930
	-	-	-	-	-	-	320,861
	-	-	-	-	-	-	291,819
	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,009,060
	-	(281,000)	(1,065,293)	-	-	-	(1,346,293)
	(41,000)	(61,500)	-	-	-	-	(3,895,500)
	-	-	-	-	-	-	400,952
	-	-	-	-	-	-	386,998
	-	-	1,062,059	1,146,634	-	-	141,774,561
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	940,548
	-	-	-	-	(237,484)	-	-
	330,763	699,599	893,347	1,374,192	-	-	53,265,159
	-	28,814	-	-	-	116,169	144,983
	-	100,000	504,543	-	-	533,382	1,137,925
	-	-	138,416	-	-	-	138,416

	Elementary	Middle	High	Multi-Level
27. Drew Resource Center	-	-	-	-
28. Dual Enrollment	-	-	(663,525)	(2,700)
29. ELL Meta Consent ESP	4,903,132	1,259,590	1,079,286	267,918
30. ESE	100,154,406	18,449,041	24,465,022	3,748,002
31. Federal Aid Fund Trust FAFT	-	-	-	-
32. Fees	7,873,442	236,178	71,250	377,484
33. High School Scheduling	-	-	-	266,144
34. Industry Certified Career - CAPE	-	-	125,000	-
35. Industry Certified Career - DIGITAL TOOLS	-	22,775	-	-
36. Innovative & Magnet Programs	2,792,312	2,119,184	2,218,806	678,942
37. Instructional Materials & Science Lab	517,197	247,881	396,611	43,178
38. Instructional Mitigation Units	1,932,416	-	-	120,776
39. Intensive Reading Program	-	-	4,521,612	182,603
40. International Baccalaureate	-	-	444,764	-
31. Materials & Supplies Instructional Allocation	2,096,864	807,967	1,239,399	136,748
42. Medicaid	757,320	23,623	-	-
43. Other	247,392	72,122	164,481	12,288
44. Purchased Services - Brinks	-	-	-	
45. Purchased Services - Lexmark	-	-	-	
46. R.O.T.C.	-	-	1,826,735	60,388
47. Reading Coach	-	-	-	-
48. Referendum Security and Supplements	67,068,286	24,483,257	31,836,787	4,942,495
49. Referendum Mental Health (Nurses - Park Ri	114,396			
50. Security Positions	67,830	1,837,090	5,411,212	475,498
51. Security Relief	-	484,100	11,128	258,099
52. Service Learning	-	-	187,670	6,281
53. Small School Funding	2,294,744	-	-	181,164
54. Substitutes	8,603,875	2,432,844	2,941,349	437,678
55. Summer Programs	5,794,286	308,457	346,858	172,536
56. Supplemental Academic Instruction (SAI) Edu	2,714,742	2,207,052	1,774,860	278,639
57. Teen Parent Program	-	-	-	
58. Transfers	-	(20,250)	(345,491)	
59. Transition Funding	59,919	13,794	87,839	
60. Turnaround School Supplemental Services A	733,760	-	-	
61. Vending Machines	-	-	800,000	
62. Voluntary Pre-K	2,627,162	-	40,000	-
63. Workforce Education (WFE)	-,,	-	-	-
64. World Language	785,044	-	-	30,194
Total School General Fund Allocations	\$302,010,067	\$93,203,700	\$159,322,414	\$19,675,019

Behavior Change	Exceptional	Alternative/ Adult High	Technical	Community	DJJ Sites	FY24 POFR
-	-	196,758	-	-	-	196,758
-	-	-	-	-	-	(666,225
-	14,896	157,766	-	-	-	7,682,588
379,696	2,672,202	678,535	1,431,775	-	15,157	151,993,836
-	-	-	650,000	-	-	650,000
-	-	60,000	1,801,841	40,000	-	10,460,195
-	-	-	-	-	-	266,144
-	-	-	-	-	-	125,000
-	-	-	-	-	-	22,775
-	-	-	275,127	-	-	8,084,371
2,925	4,004	18,047	11,256	-	864	1,241,963
-	-	-	-	-	-	2,053,192
41,500	-	73,779	13,834	-	-	4,833,328
-	-	-	-	-	-	444,764
-	51,045	44,763	31,715	-	-	4,408,501
-	31,851	-	-	-	-	812,794
3,000	4,520	7,135	7,284	-	1,000	519,222
(4,000)	4,000	(4,190)	4,190	-	-,000	010,222
(15,316)	20,616	(31,379)	31,379	-	(5,300)	-
-		-		-	-	1,887,123
-	120,776		-	-	-	120,776
347,525	2,781,629	2,204,547	4,162,473	-	-	137,826,999
440,335	2,101,020	2,204,047	4,102,410			554,731
350,875	163,295	793,713	277,427		-	9,376,940
	100,200		211,421	-	-	753,327
698	866	7,778	5,352	_	-	208,645
030	000	60,388	5,552		_	2,536,296
186,330	230,231	258,112	264,798		3,586	15,358,803
100,000	424,609	200,112	76,634		3,300	7,123,380
10 207		1,133,459	7,838	-	-	
19,297	15,527	207,621	7,030	-	-	8,151,414 207,621
-	-	207,021	-	-	-	(365,741
- 09.027	-	-	-	-	-	
98,937	-	-	-	-	-	260,489
-	-	-	-	-	-	733,760
-	-	-	-	-	-	800,000
-	-	-	-	-	-	2,667,162
-	-	375,756	11,562,829	257,708	-	12,196,293
-	-		-	-	~	815,238
\$5,244,759	\$8,780,597	\$8,399,377	\$24,032,275	\$60,224	\$855,256	\$621,583,688

- 1. Additional Support Funding that has been requested by various locations and approved by Department Head, Cabinet Member, and CFO to meet legislation, federal requirement, or initiative.
- 2. Administrative Costs Adults with Disabilities Whispering Pines & Seagull receive funds to assist with administrative position assisting with this program.
- 3. Adult with Disabilities Whispering Pines and Seagull receive local grant funds for adults with disabilities.
- Advanced International Certificate of Education (AICE) Add on FTE earned by students scoring 3 or higher on the assessment. Statute requires allocation be used for instructional staff, materials, and teacher bonus payments.
- Advanced Placement Add on FTE earned by students scoring 3 or higher on the assessment. Statute requires allocation be used for instructional staff, materials, and teacher bonus payments.
- 6. Alternative to External Suspension (AES) Program at our Behavior Change Centers that serves students who committed a serious Code of Conduct offense.
- 7. Armed Safe School Officer Schools receive funding for the new Armed Safe School Officer-Marshal/Guardian Program.
- 8. Assistant Principal Summer Scheduling Additional funding for Assistant Principal working during the summer, off contracted calendar for scheduling.
- 9. Athletics Middle, High, and Multi Level (ML) 6-12 schools receive funds for athletic transportation & equipment and funds for middle schools' flag football and volleyball coach supplements.
- 10. Behavior Change Funding for at-risk student intervention staffing at 3 Behavior Change Centers and funding for ESE Specialist and Behavior Specialist at Bright Horizons, Cross Creek, The Quest, and Whispering Pines.
- 11. BOOST Payment Funds that provide merit pay to principals that successfully operate an aftercare program at their school.
- 12. Broward County Family Counseling Fund 1010 Match.
- 13. Broward Truancy Intervention Program (BTIP) Funds to offset tracking/intervention cost to curb severe truancy at select elementary & K-8 schools.
- 14. Broward Virtual Education School Board operated Virtual school.
- 15. Budget Reduction Prior Years ESE Centers and Alternative High schools only. Those schools were not part of the funding model revision.

- 16. Business Support Center (BSC) Package Fees charged to select schools for services rendered by the BSC.
- 17. Campus Monitors Additional Support funds for select high schools & Dillard 6-12.
- 18. Children's Services Council Select High Schools are funded for transportation services to support the programs offered by the Children's Services Council.
- 19. Class Size Reduction State State categorical funds used for meeting the CSR requirements. The school allocation based on the state CSR funding formula.
- 20. FY22 CSR K-3 Reduction FY24 FY23 FY22 Beginning in 21-22 State reduced CSR funding for K-3 students. It's currently being funded by ARP funding.
- 21. Community Foundation of Broward Reimagining Middle Grades initiative that funds personalization for Academic and Social Emotional Learning (PASL) courses for Community Foundation of Broward schools.
- 22. Custodial Allocation Community School Funding for several traditional schools that are providing night and community school.
- 23. Custodial Allocation Funding based on the number of teachers and students, and the square footage of the facility. Additional support to Walter C. Young, Stranahan, Cypress Run, Lanier James, Pine Ridge, Wingate Oaks, Atlantic Tech, McFatter Tech, and Sheridan Tech receive additional funding for Custodians.
- 24. Department of Juvenile Justice (DJJ) Supplemental Allocation State categorical funding for DJJ sites.
- 25. Dropout Prevention Contracts (DOP) PACE and AMI contracted DJJ programs.
- 26. DOP Staff Alternative/Adult schools will receive categorical funding for Dropout Prevention support. Each center will receive \$33,372 for 50% of a 216-day Counselor.
- 27. Drew Resource Center Dave Thomas Education Center manages the Center and receives funds to cover the cost of its operations.
- 28. Dual Enrollment Schools with students dual enrolled in a college reimburse the district a portion of the cost per FTE.
- 29. English Language Learners (ELL) Meta Consent Funding for the META Consent Decree requirement for schools with at least 15 students speaking the same native language to provide at least one Bilingual ESP proficient in the same language and trained to assist in ESOL basic subject area instruction.
- 30. Exceptional Student Education (ESE) funding provided to schools to meet the educational needs of students with disabilities as identified on their Individualized Educational Plan (IEP).



- 31. Federal Aid Fund Trust (FAFT) Districts shall use fund collected from the financial aid fee assessment to waive in full or in part the fees of persons with demonstrated financial need in accordance with Florida Statute Section 1009.22(5). The financial aid fee is equal to 10% of the state required tuition fee for workforce education programs.
- 32. Fees Revenue schools receive to offset cost of services provided such as the Before & Afterschool Child Care program.
- 33. High School Scheduling Lauderhill 6-12 funding to implement High School Block Scheduling model after FY19 IA realignment.
- 34. Industry Certified Career CAPE For each student who earned an industry certification on the Florida Department of Education Funding List within a State-Registered Career and Professional Education Academy and/or a State-Registered Career Theme Course will generate.4 bonus FTE.
- 35. Industry Certified Career DIGITAL TOOLS For each student who earned a Digital Tool Certificate on the Florida Department of Education Funding List, the certificate will generate .025 ADD ON FTE. In accordance with Florida Statute 1011.62(1)01.B, an ADD ON FTE for an elementary or middle grade student may not exceed 0.1 for certificates or certifications earned within the same fiscal year. Schools will be allocated 100% of the revenue, after CTACE has verified actual test scores reported as ADD ON FTE and Survey 5 is completed.
- 36. Innovative & Magnet Programs Funds for unique programs. Programs requirements are reviewed annually.
- 37. Instructional Materials Science Lab Lab materials funded through the State Instructional Materials allocation. The allocations are provided by the Innovative Learning Department.
- 38. Instructional Mitigation Units Funding provided for Additional Instructional Positions.
- 39. Intensive Reading Program Funding is for high school, multi-level 6-12, alternative & behavior change centers based on number of students that have not passed the Florida Standards Assessment (FSA).
- 40. International Baccalaureate Add on FTE earned by students scoring level 3 or higher on the Assessment. Statute requires allocation be used for instructional staff, materials, and bonus payments for IB teachers.
- 41. Materials & Supplies Instructional Allocation (IA) Funds classroom materials and supplies.
- 42. Medicaid Medicaid funds 50% of the ESE Specialist position for elementary schools with less than 300 ESE weighted FTE students and have four or more ESE Special Programs. Also, additional funding of ESE Support Facilitators and Behavior Techs for Centers and Technical Colleges. Medicaid 504 supplemental funds health services and trained support personnel.
- 43. Other Various categorical funds schools receive such as Human Relations Council, Innovation Zone, Lost & Damaged Textbooks, School Discretionary and Shared Savings Incentive Award.



- 44. Purchased Services-Brinks Budget realigned to Treasury's Office for billing.
- 45. Purchased Services-Lexmark Budget realigned to IT Department for billing.
- 46. R.O.T.C. One R.O.T.C. instructor is funded per school; however, if a school has two or more programs with two or more R.O.T.C. instructors, then the school is funded for 1.25 instructor.
- 47. Reading Coach Funds one reading coach position. The Reading Coach allocation for elementary, middle, high, and multi-level schools was added to their Support Allocation in FY19.
- 48. Referendum Security and Supplements On August 23, 2022, Broward County voters were presented and approved to renew a property tax referendum to continue to support the District's priorities: increase teacher compensation supplements for teachers and staff to attract and retain highly qualified employees; ensuring safer learning environments; and investing in mental health and other essential services for students and families. The referendum renewal of one mill for the following four years, passed with 57 percent of the vote and replaces the half-mill referendum, which was voter approved in 2018 and expired in school year 2022-23.
- 49. Referendum Mental Health Park Ridge ES & Walker ES are funded a nurse each. Behavior Change Centers funded Behavior Technicians, Guidance/Family Counselors, Social Workers, Teacher-Behavioral Support and Teacher-Resource positions.
- 50. Security Position Security positions funded by Safety & Security.
- 51. Security Relief Funding for security positions historically coded to school budgets and resulting in deficit in other areas of support (i.e., Custodial).
- 52. Service Learning High and multi-level schools receive \$3 per unweighted FTE (UFTE) for grade 9-12 grade students to pay staff to monitor the Service Learning graduation requirement.
- 53. Small School/ Funding Elementary schools with less than 450 UNWTD FTE are funded one instructor. Multi-Level K-8 schools with less than 450 UNWTD FTE in grades 6-8 and Seagull are funded one instructor.
- 54. Substitutes Funding for substitutes that cover ESE IEP meetings, PSAT Proctors, Instructional Allocation for daily subs needed for absences, Pool Subs, and subs for Release Time for Department Heads, Grade Level Chairpersons and Team Leaders.
- 55. Summer Programs Extended School Year (ESY) Exceptional Education Students with a documented need (on the IEP) for service during the summer may attend ESY. Third Grade Reading Third Grade students scoring a Level 1 on the Florida Standards Assessment for English Language Arts and/or retained students are eligible for the Summer Academy for Third Grade. BASCC (Summer Camp) Schools that offer Summer Camps collect and remit fees to SBBC.
- 56. Supplemental Academic Instruction/FY24 Educational Enhancement per FEFP Funds to provide additional instruction and support to enable students to meet grade-level standards.



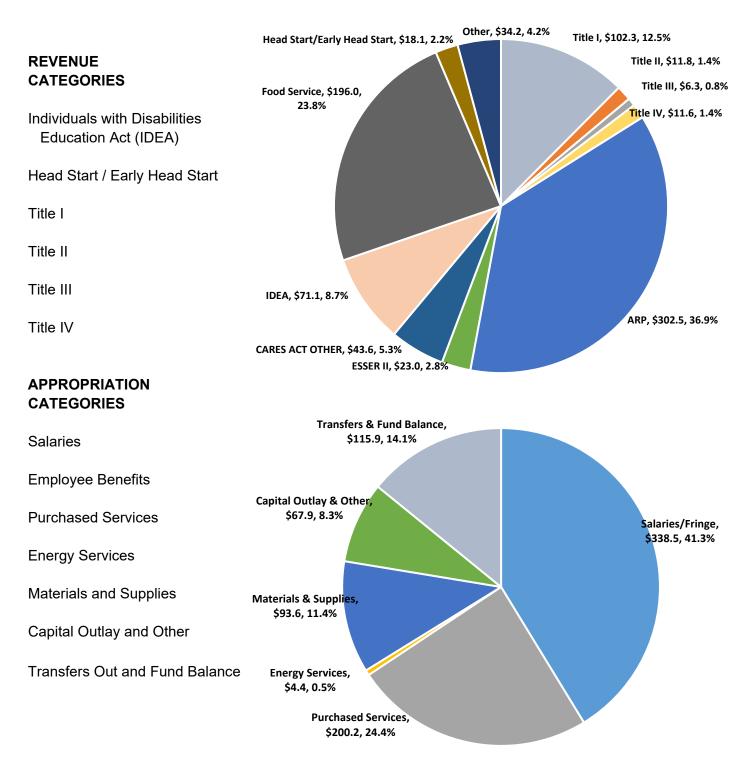
- 57. Teen Parent Program Funding provided for a 216 calendar Resource Teacher/Child Care Director who oversees the Teen Parent Program at 3 of the Alternative Adult High Schools.
- 58. Transfers Transfer of funds from one location to another in the 00000 activity.
- 59. Transition Funding Salary lapse funds realigned to mitigate impact of funding formula change.
- 60. Turnaround School Supplemental Services Allocation Additional funding provided to schools that are consistently receiving below average school grades.
- 61. Vending Machines– The District gives schools funds to supplement revenue from vending machines because of loss in revenue from switching vending machines from regular snacks to healthy snacks, schools saw a significant loss in revenue.
- 62. Voluntary Pre-K (VPK) The state funds three hours of VPK, plus an optional additional 3 hours of instructional enrichment funded through parent fees.
- 63. Work Force Education (WFE) Schools/centers will be funded for Workforce Education Programs based on Workload/FTE earned (instructional hours reported) utilizing the most recent three (3) year average. Budgets may be amended after each survey period (Fall, Winter, and Spring) as deemed necessary to reflect actual Workload/FTE earned. Workload/enrollments are weighted according to the state assigned program cost factors.
- 64. World Language Funding for 24 elementary schools that offer programs to provide instruction in a target world language.

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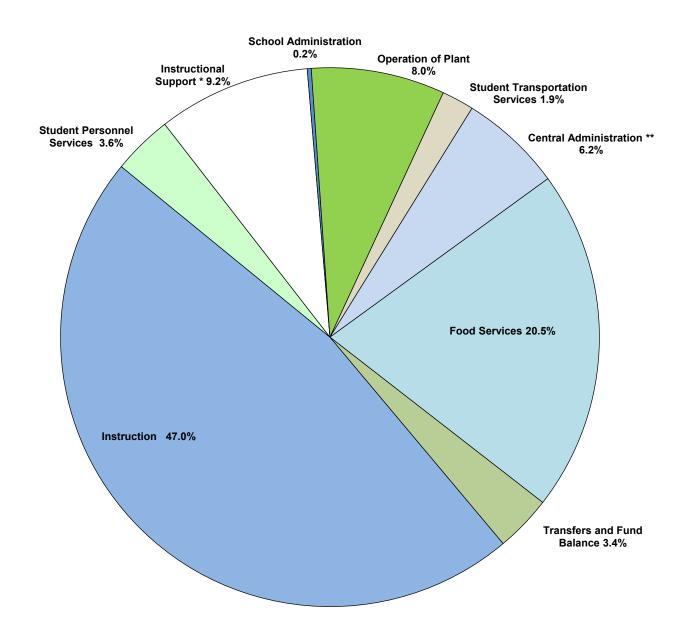
2023-24 SPECIAL REVENUE ESTIMATED REVENUE AND APPROPRIATIONS (in millions)



Due to the rounding of whole numbers, some tables/schedules may not add to total.



SPECIAL REVENUE APPROPRIATIONS BY CATEGORY (BY FUNCTION)



Includes Instructional Media Services, Instructional and Curriculum Development Services, Instructional Staff Training Services, Community Services.

** Includes General Administration and Central Services.

Due to the rounding of whole numbers, some tables/schedules may not add to total.



SPECIAL REVENUE COMPARISON OF REVENUES

Revenues:		2023 - 24 First Hearing	2022 - 23 Amended*		Difference	_
IDEA	\$	71,085,344	\$ 66,462,391	\$	4,622,953	(a)
HS/EHS	·	18,059,691	18,059,691		-	()
TITLE I		102,252,416	92,286,205		9,966,211	(b)
TITLE II		11,797,186	11,520,700		276,486	(c)
TITLE III		6,370,721	7,394,154		(1,023,433)	(d)
TITLE IV		11,558,450	13,114,342		(1,555,893)	(e)
FOOD SERVICES		195,960,373	184,189,077		11,771,296	(f)
CARES ACT OTHER		43,568,254	56,444,179		(12,875,925)	(g)
OTHER		34,348,028	64,578,546		(30,230,518)	(h)
ESSER II		23,008,325	51,709,918		(28,701,593)	(i)
ARP		302,459,666	486,874,000	(184,414,334)	_ (j)
TOTAL	\$	820,468,454	\$ 1,052,633,203	\$ (2	232,164,750)	=

Comments:

- (a) Increase is mainly due to FY 2023 certified roll-forward reflected in FY 2024 allocation.
- (b) Increase from FY 2024 estimated roll froward of \$6.8 M and FY 2024 state allocation of \$3.1 M.
- (c) FY 2024 state allocation increase.
- (d) Decrease is due to reduced funding allocation \$.6 M and FY 2023 roll forward was greater than FY 2024 estimated roll forward \$.4 M.
- (e) Decrease is due to reduced funding allocation with Twenty First Century.
- (f) Increase in Federal State funding for Food Services \$11.8 M.
- (g) Decrease due to other Cares Act grants ending \$3.1 M and spending of ARP/ESSER grants received during FY 2023 per narrative/allocation.
- (h) Various grants either ended in FY 2023 or funding reduced and grants are in the initial application preparation stage.
- (i) Grant is in final year. Decrease in line with narrative/allocation award \$28.7 M.
- (j) Grant is in 3rd year of allocation. Decrease is in line with spending per narrative/ allocation award \$184.4 M.

*Note: Information for FY 2023 is from all Special Revenue latest Amendments.

SPECIAL REVENUE COMPARISON OF APPROPRIATIONS

APPROPRIATIONS:	2023-24 First Hearing	2022-23 Amended*	Difference	
Instruction	\$385,761,845	\$519,273,119	(\$133,511,274)	(a)
Pupil Personnel Services	29,440,020	40,926,355	(11,486,335)	(b)
Instructional Media Services	-	30,000	(30,000)	(c)
Instruction and Curriculum Dev Svc	36,760,821	38,580,932	(1,820,111)	(d)
Instructional Staff Training Services	38,418,952	53,014,883	(14,595,931)	(e)
Instruction Related Technology	22,194,575	35,645,861	(13,451,286)	(f)
General Administration	28,305,109	36,190,591	(7,885,483)	(g)
School Administration	1,963,733	6,840,962	(4,877,229)	(h)
Facilities Acquisition and Construction	59,800,238	82,988,637	(23,188,399)	(i)
Fiscal Services	847,506	2,170,879	(1,323,373)	(j)
Food Services	196,031,929	185,484,035	10,547,894	(k)
Central Services	8,318,419	17,251,671	(8,933,252)	(I)
Student Transportation Services	4,662,945	7,869,108	(3,206,163)	(m)
Operation of Plant	5,962,406	15,899,543	(9,937,137)	(n)
Community Services	1,999,956	10,466,627	(8,466,671)	(o)
Total	\$ 820,468,454	\$ 1,052,633,203	\$ (232,164,749)	=

Comments:

- (a) The result of multi-year grants expenditures and realignment: ESSER II, ARP, and Other Cares Act in conjunction with a positive offset of Title I Part A by \$9.6 M.
- (b) The result of multi-year grants expenditures and realignment: ESSER II, ARP and Other Cares Act coupled with Twenty First Century reduced allocation.
- (c) Title III difference in funding.
- (d) Antiterrorism and Emergency Assistance Program Grant ended in FY 2023.
- (e) The result of multi-year grants expenditures and realignment: ESSER II, ARP and Other Cares Act. In addition to function allocation changes on Title I A, Title II A, Title IV, Equity for Instructional Performance (EQUIP), and Title I UNISIG.
- (f) Multi-year grants expenditures and realignment: ESSER II and ARP.
- (g) Decrease due to expenditures of ARP and reduction of restricted indirect cost rate from 7.06% to 4.72%.
- (h) The result of multi-year grants expenditures and realignment: ARP and Other Cares Act.
- (i) Decrease due to HVAC expenditures and realignment in ESSER II and ARP.
- (j) Multi-year grants expenditures and realignment: ESSER II and ARP.
- (k) Increase in Food Services thru Federal State funding.
- (I) Multi-year grant expenditures and realignment of COVID medical claims: ARP.
- (m) The result of multi-year grants expenditures: ESSER II, ARP, and Other Cares Act along with Twenty First Century reduction.
- (n) Multi-year grant expenditures and realignment: ESSER II and ARP; and Twenty First Century reduction.
- (o) The result of FY 2023 PELL funds and the HERF Cares ACT Tech Center grant sunset.
- * Note: Information for FY 2023 is from all Special Revenue latest Amendments.



SPECIAL REVENUE ESSER II

	ESSERII	
Division	ESSER II (J98580008.2123) Technology Assistance Description	Estimated Balance
Information Technology	 Technology Firewall Upgrade; Access Switches; F5Loader; Break/Replace; Servers 	\$ 285,635
	TECHNOLOGY TOTAL	\$ 285,635
Division	ESSER II (J97300006A.2023) Lump Sum Description	Estimated Balance
Information Technology	1. Technology Firewall Upgrade; Access Switches; F5Loader;	\$-
	Break/Replace; Servers 2. Poly Studio Video Bars	
Ctudent Cuppert Initiatives	-	-
Student Support Initiatives & Recovery (SSIR)	3. Climate Survey	-
a Recovery (SSIR)	4. Choose Peace/Stop Violence	452,348
	5. SERV Positions	-
	6. Contracted Services for Mental Health Support	-
	7. Contracted Services for Nursing Services (include medically	-
	fragile students) Invo Healthcare Associates; Speech Rehab	
	Services; Sinai Home Health Sierra Lifecare; Creative Solution;	
	Trinity Health; CR & RA Investment	
Regional & Non-Traditional	8. Teacher Incentive Funds	-
Offices for Schools	9. Professional Development	80,000
	10. Additional Supplies & Material Allocation to Schools	
	(Mini Grants) Material & Supplies, Instructional Staff;	
	Non-Instructional Staff; Security	
	11.Summer Experience	
	Instructional; Non-Instructional; Administration; Guidance	
	Counselor; Social Workers; Micro-Tech; Printing; TutorMate;	
	Substitute; Summer Attendance Stipends	
Cofoty Coourity 9		
Safety, Security &	12.Summer Experience Security	-
Emergency Preparedness	Security Specialist; Campus Monitors; Armed Guards; SRO	
Strategy & Operations	13. Summer Experience Transportation	-
	14. PPE	-
	15. HVAC	-
	16. Additional Hours for Custodial Services	-
Academics	17. Instructional Material ELA Adoption	-
	18. Instructional Software-Nearpod & Vocabulary.com	-
	19. Translator Service for COVID communication	-
Finance	20. COVID-19 Related Medical Claim Cost	-
	21. FY22 State Reduction of Class Size Funding	-
	22. Funds Set Aside to Retain Staff in the event Enrollment	-
	Growth does not Materialize (E2)	
	23. COVID -19 Vaccination Financial Incentive Program for	-
	employees	
	24. Additional hours for staff to provide supervision to students	-
	during lunch period to ensure social distancing (Lunch)	
Human Resources	25. Additional Positions -Academic Acceleration -	-
	Options: Teachers; Teacher Assistant; Interim Substitutes;	
	Extra Periods	
	26. HR Staff	-
SSIR	27. IMT/Registrars - Non-enrollment Activities	-
	28. Ask BRIA	-
Offices for Schools	LUMP SUM TOTAL	\$ 532,348
	Total (Tech & Lump Sum)	
	Charter School Staff	
	Charter School Allocation	\$-
		20,264,423
	Indirect Cost	1,925,919
	GRANT TOTAL	\$ 23,008,325

Notes: ¹ The estimated balances will be revised after year-end closing.

SPECIAL REVENUE

	America	n Rescue Plan 21-22 to 23-24	
Division	Priority	ARP LEARNING LOSS (J97300009.2124) Description	Estimated Balance
Human Resources	1. Academic & SEL	Additional Teachers (Academic Acc)	\$ 10,162,279
	JEL .	Supplemental Instructional Services	7,322,169
		Subs - Kelly Services	100,000
Regional & Non-Traditional		¹ Summer Experience:	15,775,624
Offices for Schools		1) Instructional	
		 2) Non-Instructional 3) Administration; Guidance Counselor; 	
		4) Social Workers; Micro-Tech;	
		5) Printing; Tutor Mate;	
		6) Substitute, Summer Attendance	
		Stipends	
		Professional Development - Summer Instructional Material & Supplies - Summer	1,322,333
			2,026,505
		Student Tutoring Services on Saturday	102,349
		Math Textbooks Instructional	314,335
		Social StudiesTextbooks Instructional	6,803,945
		Spring Intervention Camp	2,500,931
		Winter intervention Camp Ask BRIA	1,505,546
Academics		ASK BRIA PCG - Tutoring	200,295
-ua de 111105		Scholastic	1 400 004
			1,408,834
Safety, Security &	4. School	Summer Experience Security	1,524,053
Emergency	Support		_,,
Strategy & Operations		Summer Experience - Transportation	3,004,985
		TOTAL	\$ 54,074,181
Division	Priority	ARP LUMP SUM (J97300008.2124) Description	Estimated Balance
Human Resources	1. Academic & SEL	Additional Teachers (Academic Acc)-Learning Loss	\$ 1,383
		Employee re-opening supplements	11,561
		Sign-on Bonuses-ESPs, Campus Monitors, & Fac.	37,717
		Supplement to Itinerants	-
		Supplemental Instructional Services- Learning Loss	1,383
		Disaster Relief	699
Student Support Initiatives & recovery (SSIR)		Contracted Services for Mental Health	5,013,843
		Support	
Regional & Non-Traditional Offices for Schools		Spring Intervention Camp - Learning Loss Winter intervention Camp - Learning Loss	464
		Math Textbooks Instructional	226
	-	Social Studies Textbooks Instructional	7,585,400
			050,000
SSIR	2. Health &	Contracted Nursing Services	30,799
	Safety		,
Finance		Sick Leave Days Cost	1,018
Strate and One	4	COVID-19 Related Medical Claim Cost PPE	6,704,350
Strategy & Operations		HVAC	50,032
		Additional Custodial Assignments	59,600,238
			2,256,132
Information Technology	3. Information	Educational technology	16,997,654
	Technology	Tech Capacity support	
SSIR	4. School	Non Enrollment Assistant allocation	702 707
	Support		762,767
Finance	5. Retain	State Reduction of Class Size Funding	23,708,041
	Existing Staff	FES Scholarship Expansion - Estimated	3,157
Human Resources		Financial Impact to the District Subs - Kelly Services	245 020
raman nesources		HR Staff	345,839
		Employee retention supplements	1,055,188
		TOTAL	\$ 126,393,724
		TOTAL	
		Charter School Staff	\$ 238,196

Note: ¹ The estimated balances will be revised after year-end closing.

SUMMARY – SPECIAL REVENUE COMPARISON OF APPROVED BUDGETS

Grant	2022-23	2023-24	Inc/(Dec)	2022-23	2023-24	Inc/(Dec)
SPECIAL REVENUE						
Other	3,758.46	3,301.84	(456.62)	868,444,127	624,508,081	(243,936,046)
Food Service	1,319.00	1,319.00	0.00	184,189,077	195,960,373	11,771,296
Capital Projects	133.10	133.10	0.00	12,179,633	13,249,098	1,069,465
GRAND TOTAL	5,210.56	4,753.94	(456.62)	\$ 1,064,812,837	\$ 833,717,552	\$ (231,095,285)

SPECIAL REVENUE COMPARISON OF APPROVED BUDGETS

	Posi	tions	UTLD	Budge	t	
SPECIAL REVENUE - OTHER	2022-23		Inc/(Dec)	2022-23	2023-24	Inc/(Dec)
AAA Foundation for Traffic Safety	0.00	0.00	0.00	6,000	-	(6,000)
Achieving Career Equity For Students (ACES)	2.78	18.00	15.22	3,302,611	3,012,558	(290,053)
Adult General Education (AGE)	24.68	21.29	(3.39)	3,092,192	2,391,429	(700,763)
AmeriCorps	0.00	0.00	0.00	259,603	-	(259,603)
Antiterrorism & Emergency Assistance Program (AEAP)	0.86	0.00	(0.86)	3,694,642	-	(3,694,642)
ARP - IAWA	0.00	0.00	0.00	4,233,043	3,449,007	(784,036)
ARP - Summer Learning Camp	0.00	0.00	0.00	5,336,595	3,844,935	(1,491,660)
ARP ESSER Instructional Materials	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,715,608	2,715,608	-
ARP ESSER Supplemental	0.00	0.00	0.00	14,732,716	14,732,716	-
ARP IDEA Part B	0.00	0.00	0.00	13,819,884	8,045,272	(5,774,612)
ARP IDEA Special Education Preschool Entitlement ARP Targeted Math and STEM	0.00	0.00	0.00	909,901	765,307	(144,594)
ARP-Homeless	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,495,355	2,426,461	(68,894)
ARP/ESSER III	7.49	8.00	0.51	3,125,606	2,476,214	(649,392)
BESTT	879.19	454.18	(425.01)	486,874,000	302,459,666	(184,414,334)
Broward Comp Universal Reduction of Violence (BCURV)	0.03 0.46	0.00 1.00	(0.03) 0.54	105,966 370,834	- 271,399	(105,966) (99,435)
Build Your Future	0.40	0.33	(0.44)	193,415	109,148	(84,267)
Cares Act Relief Fund	0.00	0.00	0.00	3,103,522	-	(3,103,522)
Carl Perkins DJJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	74,179	-	(74,179)
Carl Perkins Postsecondary	7.01	5.79	(1.22)	938,120	776,003	(162,117)
Carl Perkins Secondary	7.50	7.50	(0.00)	2,796,534	2,975,152	178,618
Community Oriented Policing Services (COPS)-Raptor	0.00	0.00	0.00	126,778	110,484	(16,294)
Computer Science	0.00	0.00	0.00	1,672,993	680,101	(992,892)
Computer Science 4 ALL	1.00	1.00	0.00	255,970	148,853	(107,117)
Dolphin Digital Early Head Start	0.00	0.00	0.00	100,000	-	(100,000)
EARMARK - Broward Mentoring Program	28.20 0.00	28.30 0.00	0.10 0.00	1,284,022 500,000	1,284,022 305,618	- (194,382)
English Literacy & Civics	5.67	5.09	(0.58)	1,081,948	834,902	(247,046)
Entrepreneurship Education & Training	0.00	0.00	0.00	100,000		(100,000)
Equity for Instr Performance (EQUIP)	23.34	24.41	1.07	5,814,963	5,828,449	13,486
ESSER High Quality	0.00	0.00	0.00	184,622	-	(184,622)
ESSERI	0.00	0.00	0.00	662,822	-	(662,822)
ESSER II	58.34	13.23	(45.11)	51,709,918	23,008,325	(28,701,593)
ESSER II - Civic Literacy	0.00	0.00	0.00	969,843	969,843	-
ESSER II - Literacy, Reading, Tutoring,K3	0.00	0.00	0.00	4,680,109	1,180,188	(3,499,921)
ESSER II SUPPLEMENTAL	0.00	0.00	0.00	12,956,446	10,564,736	(2,391,710)
ESSERII - Career Dual Enrollment	2.00	1.00	(1.00)	1,422,593	335,196	(1,087,397)
Family Counseling Program	21.91	21.91	0.00	1,654,232	1,500,000	(154,232)
FDLRS	14.13	14.13	0.00	1,420,785	1,420,785	-
FDLRS General Revenue	0.27	0.27	0.00	29,470	29,470	-
Grow your Future	1.00	1.00	0.00	150,790	209,149	58,359
Head Start	302.87	285.85	(17.02)	16,775,669	16,775,669	-
Healthcare Relief	0.00	0.00	0.00	711,036	-	(711,036)
HITS - High Impact Reading	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,928,821	873,350	(2,055,471)
	9.63	11.00	1.37	2,769,711	3,492,771	723,060
IDEA Part B- Entitlement IDEA Part B- PreK		1,411.62	2.29	63,254,888	67,684,731	4,429,843
	15.00	15.00	0.00	1,672,588	1,865,697	193,109
In School Youth Jobs for FL Graduates	1.39	2.00	0.61	187,881	187,881	-
LEAP AHEAD/TIF	0.54 2.63	0.00 2.00	(0.54) (0.63)	765,000 189,861	-	(765,000) (189,861)
Mental Health - Internship CA	1.00	1.00	0.00	946,866	- 1,021,703	74,837
National Science Foundation	0.00	0.00	0.00	220,145	217,911	(2,234)
New York Life Grief	0.00	0.00	0.00	165,000	165,000	-
Open Door	0.00	0.00	0.00	500,000	-	(500,000)
Other Local	0.00	0.00	0.00	239,738	19,114 512 654	(220,624)
Out of School Youth (OSY) Pathways to Career Opportunies	3.33 0.00	4.00 0.00	0.67 0.00	512,654 138,339	512,654 -	- (138,339)
PELL	0.00	0.00	0.00	4,528,770	-	(4,528,770)
Promoting Adolescent	3.00	3.00	0.00	692,697	-	(692,697)
Public Charter School Program	0.00	0.00	0.00	960,951	-	(960,951)
School is Cool	0.00	0.00	0.00	83,897	-	(83,897)
SEDNET IDEA Part B	0.64	0.64	0.00	72,628	72,628	-
SEDNET IDEA Part B Trust	0.36	0.36	0.00	41,502	41,503	1
SFAA Regional Marketplace	0.00	0.00	0.00	149,975	165,000	15,025
STOP	2.00	2.00	0.00	1,731,130	-	(1,731,130)
Supplemental Summer PD	0.00	0.00	0.00	570,950 228 705	-	(570,950)
Teacher Prep (TPrep) Technology Empowered Agriculture (TEA) Gardens	0.00 3.05	0.00 3.00	0.00	228,795 222,168	-	(228,795) (222,168)
	5.05	5.00	(0.05)	222,100	-	(222,100)

6-43

SPECIAL REVENUE COMPARISON OF APPROVED BUDGETS

		Positions			Budget	
SPECIAL REVENUE - OTHER	2022	-23 202	3-24 Inc/(Dec)	2022-23	2023-24	Inc/(Dec)
Title I - Turnaround	0.00	0.00	0.00	366,013	-	(366,013)
Title I - UNISIG	0.31	0.00	(0.31)	2,023,553	-	(2,023,553)
Title I - UNISIG Unified	6.46	8.53	2.07	-	2,621,680	2,621,680
Title I Part A	769.61	781.17	11.56	89,105,782	99,038,669	9,932,887
Title I Part C Migrant	1.80	1.80	0.00	107,438	104,314	(3,124)
Title I Part D	7.29	7.00	(0.29)	683,419	487,753	(195,666)
Title II, Part A	60.08	63.44	3.36	11,520,700	11,797,186	276,486
Title III - English Language Learners (ELL)	37.04	37.23	0.19	7,394,154	6,370,721	(1,023,433)
Title IV - Student Support & Academic Enrichment	19.04	22.16	3.12	9,062,583	9,506,690	444,107
Title IV - Twenty First Century	4.34	5.06	0.72	4,051,760	2,051,760	(2,000,000)
Title IX: Homeless Education	1.86	2.00	0.14	222,700	222,700	-
Transfer IN - GL	0.00	0.00	0.00	40,000	40,000	-
UNISIG - Strategic Initiatives	4.30	2.00	(2.30)	2,090,363	-	(2,090,363)
UniSIG Supplemental Teacher Allocation	0.00	0.00	0.00	660,000	-	(660,000)
Verizon Innovation Learning	4.90	3.54	(1.36)	525,000	310,000	(215,000)
Wallace	0.00	0.00	0.00	14,629	-	(14,629)
Youth Mental Health	0.00	0.00	0.00	355,743	-	(355,743)
TOTAL	3,758.46	3,301.84	(456.62) \$	868,444,127 \$	624,508,081 \$	(243,936,046)

SPECIAL REVENUE COMPARISON OF APPROVED BUDGETS

	Positions			Budget
	2022-23	2023-24	Inc/(Dec)	2022-23 2023-24 Inc/(Dec)
SPECIAL REVENUE - FOOD SERVICE				
Food Service	1,319.00	1,319.00	0.00	184,189,077.00 195,960,373.00 11,771,296.00
TOTAL	1,319.00	1,319.00	0.00	\$ 184,189,077.00 \$ 195,960,373.00 \$ 11,771,296.00
SPECIAL REVENUE - CAPITAL PROJECTS Capital Projects TOTAL	<u>133.10</u> 133.10	133.10 133.10	0.00	<u>12,179,633</u> <u>13,249,098</u> <u>1,069,465</u> <u>\$ 12,179,633</u> <u>\$ 13,249,098</u> <u>\$ 1,069,465</u>
GRAND TOTAL	5,210.56	4,753.94	(456.62)	\$ 1,064,812,837 \$ 833,717,552 \$ (231,095,285

Note: An increase or decrease in the budgeted amounts may not necessarily reflect the increase or decrease in staff because there may have been funding changes in non-salary items. Also, type and number of Competitive Grants may differ each year.

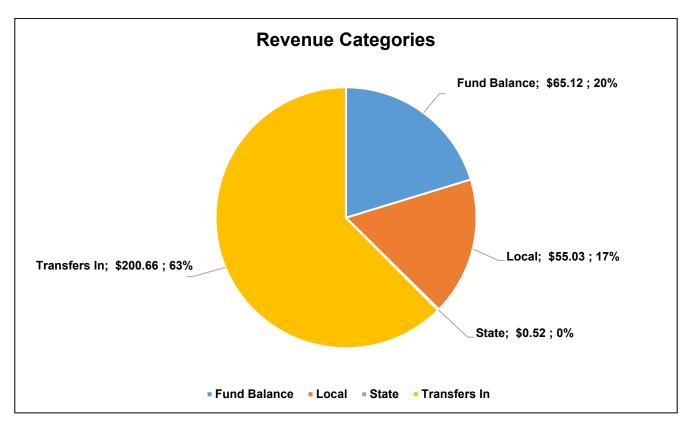
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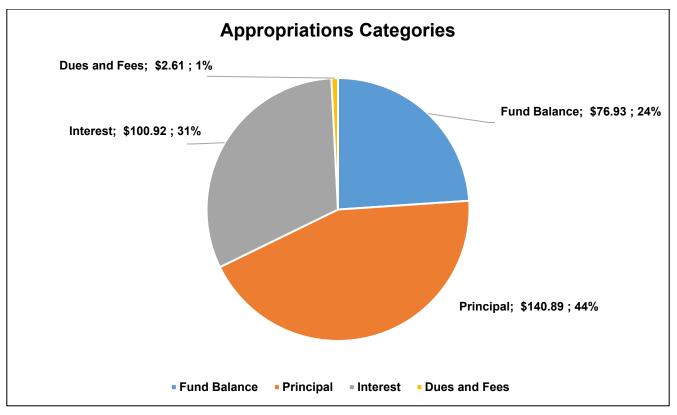




DEBT SERVICE ESTIMATED REVENUE AND APPROPRIATIONS

(in millions)





Due to the rounding of whole numbers, some tables/schedules may not add to total.



DEBT SERVICE: COMPARISON OF REVENUES

Revenues:		3-24 learing		2-23 pted	Diffe	rence	
State SBE/COBI Bonds	\$	521,645	\$	1,404,720	\$	(883,075)	(a)
Local District Bonds District Bonds - Fund Bala	nce	55,034,072 -		48,106,886 6,651,853		6,927,186 (6,651,853)	(b) (c)
Other Financing Sources Transfers In		200,664,131		201,208,096		(543,965)	(d)
TOTAL	\$	321,337,019	\$	322,488,726	\$	(1,151,707)	

Comments:

(a) Due to defeasance of COBI State bonds Series 2020A.

(b) Increase due to issuance of fourth and final tranche GOB Series 2022 resulting in additional P & I payments.

(c) Accumulated fund balance from prior years to be used for P& I GOB payments.

(d) Due to the uniqueness of each bonds' payment schedule yearly payments will vary.

DEBT SERVICE: COMPARISON OF APPROPRIATIONS

Appropriation:	2023-24 First Hearing	2022-23 Adopted	Difference	
Redemption of Principal	\$ 140,885,755	\$ 132,979,854	\$ 7,905,901	(a)
Interest	100,918,273	108,276,664	(7,358,391)	(b)
Dues and Fees	2,606,011	2,162,500	443,511	(c)
Other Financing Sources Other - Fund Balance	76,926,980	79,069,708	(2,142,728)	(d)
TOTAL	\$ 321,337,019	\$ 322,488,726	\$ (1,151,707)	

Comments:

(a) + (b) Due to the uniqueness of each bonds' payment schedule yearly payments will vary. As bonds principal payments

a) + (b) mature the respective interest payments go down.

(c) Cost of issuance plus other operating/trustee expenses.

(d) Fund balance reduction to be used for P&I GOB payments.



2023-24 CAPITAL OUTLAY BUDGET ESTIMATED REVENUE AND FINANCING SOURCES

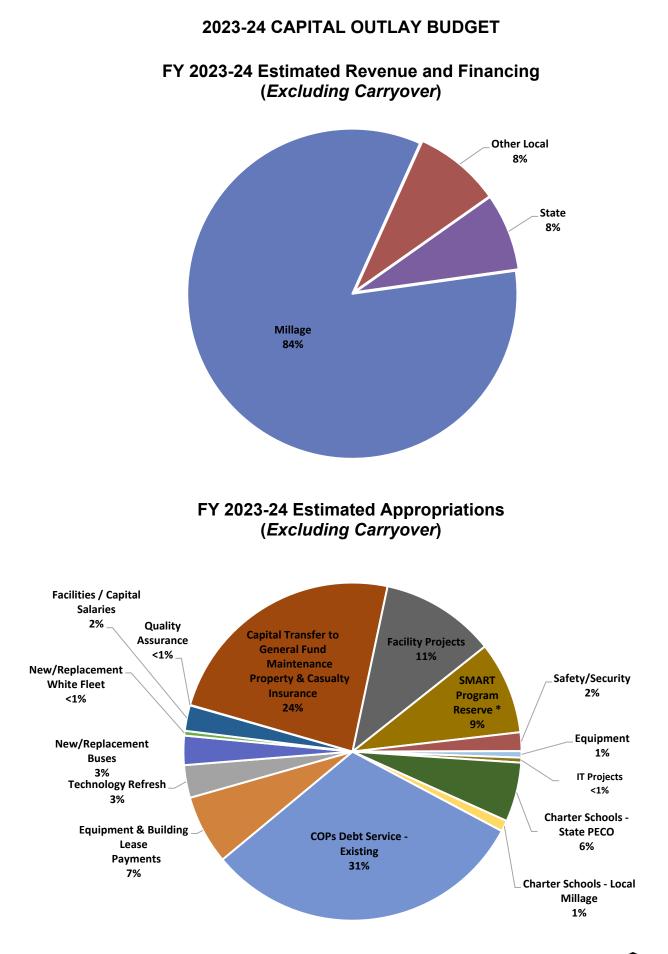
REVENUE AND FINANCING (in millions):

	FY 2023-24
Millage	\$435.4
Local	44.0
State	39.2
Sub-Total (New Revenue)	518.6
Carryover Sources	
Carryover Allocated to Capital Project & Programs	761.4
Unallocated Carryover	115.9
Sub-Total (Carryover)	877.3
TOTAL REVENUE AND FINANCING	\$1,395.9

2023-24 CAPITAL OUTLAY BUDGET ESTIMATED APPROPRIATIONS

APPROPRIATIONS (in millions):

	FY 2023-24
COPs Debt Service - Existing	\$165.8
Equipment & Building Lease Payments	35.2
Technology Refresh	16.6
New/Replacement Buses	14.9
New/Replacement White Fleet	2.4
Facilities / Capital Salaries	13.0
Quality Assurance	0.2
Capital Transfer to General Fund	
Maintenance	126.9
Property & Casualty Insurance	
Facility Projects	58.4
SMART Program Reserve *	47.0
Safety/Security	9.5
Equipment	3.3
IT Projects	2.5
Charter Schools - State PECO	30.2
Charter Schools - Local Millage	5.6
Sub-Total (Appropriations)	531.5
Carryover Allocated to Capital Project & Programs	761.4
Unallocated Reserve *	103.0
Sub-Total (Carryover & Unallocated Reserve)	864.4
TOTAL APPROPRIATIONS	\$1,395.9



6-51

Revenues & Financing Sources:	F	2023-24 ïrst Hearing	2022-23 Amended	 Difference	
Local					
Millage	\$	435,396,135	\$ 385,266,034	\$ 50,130,101	(a)
Other ¹		43,980,864	58,543,978	(14,563,114)	(b)
State ²		39,200,000	59,766,658	(20,566,658)	(c)
Carryover ³		877,308,725	993,337,038	(116,028,313)	(d)
TOTAL	\$	1,395,885,724	\$ 1,496,913,708	\$ (101,027,984)	

CAPITAL FUNDS BUDGET: COMPARISON OF REVENUES

Comments:

- (a) Increased revenue from millage is the result of continuing increases in property values.
- (b) Final FY 2022-23 local revenue includes proceeds from construction financing (COPs Series 2022) issued during the year. No construction financing is planned in 2023-24.
- (c) The higher revenue from State sources in FY 2022-23 is primarily the result of the Florida Department of Environmental Protection's (DEP) electric bus grant.
- (d) Carryover decrease is related to ongoing SMART Program and other construction projects that will continue to spend fund balances down during FY 2023-24. As construction projects continue to move from the design phase, into the construction phase and subsequent completion, the carryover in future years is expected to decrease accordingly.
- ¹ Local Other includes impact/mitigation fees, sale of land and equipment lease proceeds.
- ² State includes the school safety hardening grants, charter school capital outlay (from PECO), and funds from motor vehicle license revenue (CO&DS).
- ³ For FY 2023-24, Carryover includes \$247.5 million from Millage, \$341.2 million from other local sources, \$256.1 million from GOB, and \$32.5 million from State sources.

	2023-24	2022-23	
Appropriation:	First Hearing	Amended	Difference
COPs Debt Service - Existing	\$ 165,750,923	\$ 166,184,665	\$ (433,742) (a)
Equipment & Building Lease Payments	35,229,912	33,513,330	1,716,582 (b)
Technology Refresh	16,569,578	-	16,569,578 (c)
New/Replacement Buses	14,900,000	12,326,800	2,573,200 (d)
New/Replacement White Fleet	2,356,286	3,659,900	(1,303,614) (d)
Facilities / Capital Salaries	13,000,000	11,911,161	1,088,839 (e)
Quality Assurance	230,000	230,000	-
Capital Transfer to General Fund			
Maintenance	126,917,947	129,303,854	(2,385,907) (f)
Property & Casualty Insurance	50 000 500	40,000,000	
Facility Projects	58,398,500	19,208,082	39,190,418 (g)
SMART Program Reserve *	47,000,000	67,483,000	(20,483,000) (h)
Safety/Security	9,531,000	2,146,769	7,384,231 (i)
Equipment	3,314,735	4,354,000	(1,039,265) (j)
IT Projects	2,480,766	5,704,809	(3,224,043) (k)
Charter Schools - State PECO	30,200,000	27,800,000	2,400,000 (l)
Charter Schools - Local Millage	5,561,351	-	5,561,351 (m)
Carryover Allocated to Capital Project & Programs	761,424,726	888,468,205	(127,043,479) (n)
Unallocated Reserve *	103,020,000	124,619,133	(21,599,133) (o)
TOTAL	\$ 1,395,885,724	\$ 1,496,913,708	\$ (101,027,984)

CAPITAL FUNDS BUDGET: COMPARISON OF APPROPRIATIONS

Comments: (a) Payments for outstanding COPs issuances.

(b) Increase for new technology equipment lease and new bus & white fleet lease payments.

- (c) Technology refresh for school and department technology equipment. This annual program was funded from the Federal ESSER grant programs in fiscal year 2022-23.
- (d) Replacement vehicle funding is increased due to inflation on vehicle prices increased costs related to new mandates on bus safety systems. This will allow the Transportation Department to continue purchasing 100 replacement buses per year.
- (e) In FY 2022-23 the vacancy rate was higher than normal. This increase accounts for filling capital funded positions assuming a more normal vacancy rate.
- (f) During FY 2022-23, \$11 million in funding was added to the Physical Plant Operations department budget for an emergency flood response. FY 2023-24 does not include the additional funding for the flood. However, additional inflationary cost increases account for the remaining difference.
- (g) The increase is related to funding for planned facilities renovation projects. Examples are the new Coral Glades High auditorium and Parkway Middle replacement.



FINANCIAL

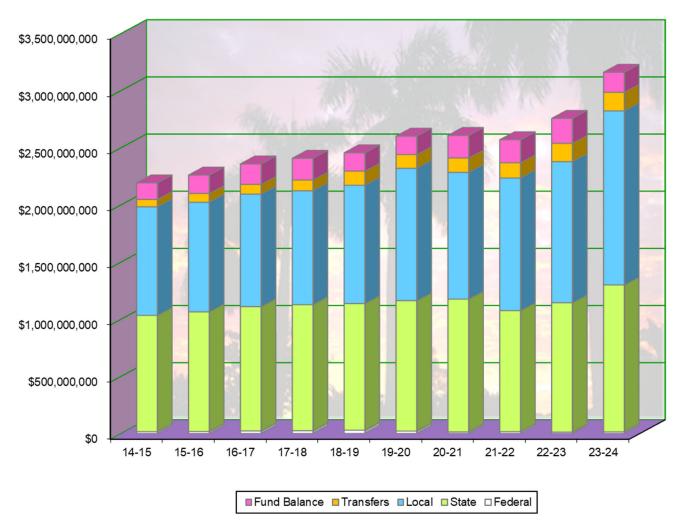
CAPITAL FUNDS BUDGET: COMPARISON OF APPROPRIATIONS

Comments (continued):

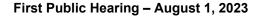
- (h) FY 2023-24 appropriation of additional SMART Reserve funding is to keep this reserve aligned with the SMART Program Risk Assessment. The SMART program reserve will continue to decrease as budget impacts are approved by the School Board when construction contracts are awarded.
- (i) FY 2023-24 includes funding for additional safety projects such as the intercom upgrade/replacement project, bi-directional antennas, and protective netting for baseball and softball fields.
- (j) For FY 2022-23 the Board appropriated one-time funding of \$900k for music equipment replacement for equipment that was moisture damaged during the summer.
- (k) FY 2022-23 included funding for E-rate that is not included in FY 2023-24 appropriations. The IT department continues to monitory the availability of funds from the Federal E-rate program.
- (I) The State budget increased annual funding for Charter school PECO (Public School Capital Outlay).
- (m) Amended Florida Statutes require the District to share capital millage with charter schools. The amended statute has a phase-in period such that by fiscal year 2027-28 the calculated value of the proportionate share will be 100% or effectively an equal split of the capital millage after accounting for the cost of debt service from financings completed before 2017.
- (n) Carryover is expected to continue decreasing as the major construction projects from the District's SMART Program are completed.
- (o) Unallocated reserve balance after funding newly approved District Educations Facilities Plan (DEFP) needs. **Use of the unallocated reserve requires the School Board's approval**.

6-55

GENERAL FUND BUDGET TEN-YEAR REVENUE TREND



Participation in the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) provides state and local revenue sources based primarily on student enrollment. The majority of transfers represent the capital budget transfer into the general fund budget for facility repair and maintenance costs.



CAPITAL OUTLAY BUDGET TEN-YEAR REVENUE TREND

Over the past ten-year period, the District's capital outlay revenues show a significant increase. This is directly related to the voter-approved funding for the General Obligation Bond to support the **S**afety, **M**usic & Art, **A**thletics, **R**enovation and **T**echnology Program (SMART). Additionally, the Board has authorized two recent construction financings (Certificates of Participation – COPs) that also support the SMART Program and other important construction projects.

SMART Program

The SMART Program is currently \$1.6 billion and is supported with funding from the \$800 million GOB and other capital outlay funding. As the construction projects that are funded from the SMART Program are completed, we will see future revenues that will be more in-line with the levels shown in FY15 through FY18 in the chart below.

10 Year Revenue Trend



10 Year Revenue Narrative

• Local funds

- From fiscal year 2014 to 2024 Capital Millage increase by an average of 7.3%. Four General Obligation Bonds (GOB) series were issued to support the SMART program.
 \$162.6 million was issued in fiscal year 2015, \$200.0 million in 2018, \$275.7 million in 2020 and \$295.2 million in 2022 for a total project funds of \$933.5 million.
- State Funds
 - Charter school capital outlay increased over the last 10 years.

• Committed Project Balance

 Ongoing construction projects constitutes most of the committed project balance. Spike related to SMART program are shown as ongoing projects in FY 2020 through 2024

• Federal Sources

• No significant revenue from Federal Sources.

CAPITAL OUTLAY BUDGET TEN-YEAR REVENUE TREND

Charter School Capital Outlay Funding

The 2017 Florida Legislature passed HB 7069, which contains provisions that require the sharing of capital outlay millage with charter schools if the Legislature does not fund charter schools at a minimum per pupil amount. In FY18 the District paid \$11.5 million to charter schools for capital outlay because of this new law. The 2018 Florida Legislature passed HB 7055 to mitigate that loss and increased State funding for charter school capital outlay. Every year since FY18, the Florida Legislature has included charter school capital outlay in the State budget that flows through the District to be distributed to charter schools. The 2023 Florida Legislature passed HB 1259 which requires the sharing of capital outlay millage on a per-pupil basis with charter schools. The projected impact over the next five years is as follows:

- FY 2024 \$5.4 million
- FY 2025 \$12.2 million
- FY 2026 \$22.3 million
- FY 2027 \$34.9 million
- FY 2028 \$50.7 million

School Safety Funding

The District is committed to providing a safe and supportive environment and recognizes that students and staff need to feel safe and supported in order to perform and achieve their maximum potential.

As part of the District's strategic goals, the District strives to develop approaches that foster safer schools and buildings.

In FY2018-19, SB 7026 provided funding to replace the 1200 Building (Bldg. 12) at Marjory Stoneman Douglas High School. In total, the 2018 Florida Legislature approved \$26.3 million for the District to replace the 1200 building and construct a memorial. The following projects were developed to accomplish this:

- Provide temporary portables This project is complete
- Build a new permanent classroom building This project is complete
- Demolish 1200 Building (Bldg 12)
- Construct a memorial

Also, in 2018-19 the District used funding from the State security grant to fund \$6.2 million for security cameras, \$1.8 million for public announcement (PA) systems at schools, and \$1.6 million for charter schools. The District also entered into a \$19.8 million capital lease to implement additional PA systems and upgrade the District's radio communications system.

In 2019-20 the District used \$4 million in State security grant to enhance the District's single point of entry and implement additional school security upgrades at District schools and provided \$0.8 million to charter schools.



CAPITAL OUTLAY BUDGET TEN-YEAR REVENUE TREND

In FY2020-21 the District used \$3.3 million in State security funding to upgrade school security hardware and provided \$0.7 million to charter schools. In addition, the District is using Federal funding in the E-rate program to further improve its infrastructure to support security cameras.

In FY2021-22 the District identified local funding to continue to upgrade and replace security cameras. The State Security Grant funds provided another \$3.3 million for District schools and \$0.7 million for charter schools to continue upgrading school security hardware.

In FY2022-23 The State security grant funding identified approximately \$1.9 million to fund school hardening needs identified in the Florida Safe School Assessment Tool (FSSAT) completed by District and charter schools.

In FY2023-24 The District did not receive State security grant funding, however, in this year's DEFP \$51 million in new safety/security funding is included to address intercoms and security communications equipment as well as address safety and security concerns district-wide.

Overview from the District Educational Facilities Plan published under separate cover

This District Educational Facilities Plan (DEFP-FY24) covers the five-year period beginning July 1, 2023, and ending June 30, 2028. This plan sustains funding for the **S**afety, **M**usic and Arts, **A**thletics, **R**enovations and **T**echnology (SMART) Program and other projects that were approved in the DEFP adopted on September 6, 2022.

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Funding for Capital Outlay Needs

The DEFP-FY23 sustains funding for district-wide maintenance, student and staff computers, school buses and white fleet vehicles. The plan also funds the District's debt service for past and current financings as well as funding for building leases, capital outlay staff and charter school capital outlay.

New funding recommendations totaling \$116.5 million in this plan include funding for:

- Safety and Security Intercom Upgrades
- 25 New playgrounds and other playground upgrades and repairs
- Covered walkway projects at 6 schools
- Increased funding for school furniture fixtures & equipment (FF&E) and school custodial equipment
- Portable Demolitions

New Recommendations - Summary (in thousands)									
Category	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	FY 2028	Total			
Safety/Security	\$6,031	\$12,250	\$11,250	\$11,000	\$10,500	\$51,031			
Facilities	11,059	3 <i>,</i> 980	4,273	4,320	3 <i>,</i> 538	27,170			
Equipment	2,762	1,190	1,186	1,188	1,190	7,516			
Vehicles	1,488	2,877	3,346	3,847	4,374	15,932			
Maintenance/Minor Capital Outlay	2,380	2,380	2,380	2,380	2,380	11,900			
Environmental	1,185	435	435	435	435	2,925			
Total	\$24,905	\$23,112	\$22,870	\$23,170	\$22,417	\$116,474			



New Recommendation Details (in thousands)

Safety/Security Projects	FY	2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	FY 2028	Total
Armored Vests	\$	53	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 53
Bi-Directional Antenna		500	500	500	500		2,000
Electronic Door Access		500	250	250			1,000
Fire Alarm Operational Analysis		300	300	300	300	300	1,500
Intercom Project		3,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	43,000
IT Radio Coverage		150					150
Knox Boxes		208					208
Local Government Radio System		120					120
Playground Repairs		250	250				500
Protective Netting for Baseball and Softball		750	750				1,500
School Replacement Radios		100	100	100	100	100	500
Stairwell Protections/Safety Renovations		100	100	100	100	100	500
Total Safety/Security Projects	\$	6,031	\$12,250	\$ 11,250	\$11,000	\$10,500	\$ 51,031

Facilities Projects	FY 2024	FY 202	5	FY 2026	FY 2	2027	FY 2028	Total
ADA Projects	\$	\$ 50	0	\$ 500	\$	150	\$ 150	\$ 1,300
Capital Overhead (PMOR DEFP Projects)	4,654							4,654
Covered Walkway - Coconut Creek High				1,073				1,073
Covered Walkway - Glades Middle		78	0					780
Covered Walkway - Stranahan	600							600
Covered Walkway - Tradewinds Elem	780							780
Covered Walkway- Castle Hill Elem					1	.,170		1,170
Covered Walkway- Pinewood Elem							488	488
Driftwood ES - Structural Repairs	3,200							3,200
New Playgrounds (25 Sites)	700	1,20	0	1,200	1	,500	1,400	6,000
Playground Poured-in-Place Surfacing	500	50	0	500		500	500	2,500
Portable Demolitions	1,525							1,525
Resurfacing of Outdoor Athletic Play-Courts	1,000	1,00	0	1,000	1	.,000	1,000	5,000
Roof Asset Management Program (RAMP) *	(2,500)							(2,500)
Structural Inspection Program	600							600
Total Facilities Projects	\$ 11,059	\$ 3,98	0	\$ 4,273	\$4	,320	\$ 3,538	\$ 27,170

PMOR = Project Management Owner's Representative ADA = The Americans with Disabilities Act FF&E = Furniture, Fixtures & Equipment

Equipment	FY	2024	FY 20	025	FY 2	2026	FY	2027	FY 2(28	otal
Broadcast/Technology Equipment Refresh	\$	50	\$	50	\$	50	\$	50	\$	50	\$ 250
Damaged Music Instrument/Equipment		45									45
Replacements		45									45
Football Helmets		369									369
KCW Board Room and Control Room Equipment		400									400
Refresh		400									400
Kiln Replacements		87		90		86		88		90	441
Kronos Project		550									550
Network Switch Replacements		200		200		200		200		200	1,000
School Classroom, Media Center, and Cafeteria FF&E		350		350		350		350	:	350	1,750
School Custodial Equipment		500		500		500		500	:	500	2,500
Video playback and archive system		160									160
Video Router		50									50
Total Equipment	\$	2,761	\$1,	190	\$ 1	L,186	\$ 1	1,188	\$ 1,3	190	\$ 7,515

Vehicles	F	/ 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	FY 2028	Total
Bus Lifts	\$	300	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 300
Bus Replacement Increase		2,326	2,877	3,346	3,847	4,374	16,770
Hazmat Sheds		220					220
White Fleet Adjustment *		(1,359)					(1,359)
Total Vehicles	\$	1,487	\$ 2,877	\$ 3,346	\$ 3,847	\$ 4,374	\$ 15,931

Maintenance/Minor Capital Outlay	F	Y 2024	FY 2025	F	Y 2026	FY 2027	FY 2028	Total
Maintenance of Schools	\$	2,380	\$ 2,380	\$	2,380	\$ 2,380	\$ 2,380	\$ 11,900
Total Maintenance/MCO	\$	2,380	\$ 2,380	\$	2,380	\$ 2,380	\$ 2,380	\$ 11,900

Environmental	F	2024	FY	2025	FY 2	026	FY	2027	FY	2028	Total
Aging Tank Removal/Replacement including Fuel Depot Canopy	\$	750	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$ 750
Lead-Based Paint Survey/Stabilization		50		50		50		50		50	250
Surface Water Management Licenses		225		225		225		225		225	1,125
Trash Compactors		160		160		160		160		160	800
Total Environmental	\$	1,185	\$	435	\$	435	\$	435	\$	435	\$ 2,925

This funding is to address any critical capital needs, sustain efforts to complete the SMART Program, and preserve unallocated reserves to address needs identified in the Long-Range Plan.

SMART Program

The SMART Program was originally supported with funding from the \$800 million General Obligation Bond (GOB) and \$184 million in other capital outlay funding totaling \$984.1 million. The District recognized shortfalls for the program and set aside funding in a SMART Program Reserve to mitigate these funding risks. As projects are awarded to execute the program these reserve funds are used to offset the additional costs to complete the projects. The SMART program is \$1,585.7 million as of March 31,2023.

The update to the DEFP-FY24 focuses on adding funding to bring the SMART reserves in alignment with the Atkins Risk Assessment. To keep the SMART Program on schedule to complete by October 2025, and align with contract awards, \$47 million is needed in FY 2024.

Then as more projects close out in FY 2025 and FY 2026, \$23 million from project savings is expected to return to capital reserves. After the final SMART projects are awarded the program risk greatly diminishes.

More information about the SMART Program is available on a quarterly basis when the District prepares the quarterly Bond Oversight Committee reports. The websites where this information can be found are:

<u>http://www.broward.k12.fl.us/boc/index.html</u> (Bond Oversight Committee website) <u>https://bcpssmartfutures.com</u> (District's SMART Program Updates)

Each quarter after the Bond Oversight Committee meets, a representative from the Committee presents an update to the School Board at a workshop.





Fiscal Planning – Long Range Facility Planning

To ensure that the District uses sound data driven decision-making processes, funding for long-range facility planning is included in this DEFP. The long-range facilities plan will provide a comprehensive view of the District's facility needs and is a critical element in fiscal planning. The District cannot fund all of its facility needs and will need to prioritize limited financial resources to best meet the most critical of those needs. It is important that the District allows the long-range facilities plan to drive decisions about how we spend limited resources.

The District is developing a comprehensive long-range educational facility master plan to plan for the facilitation and execution of the master planning and modernization of its public-school buildings.

In conjunction with the long range plan the District is also moving forward with a structural assessment and evaluation program funded in this plan at \$1.1 million to include:

- Scope of assessment includes building structural systems
- Incorporation of other significant building conditions affecting structural system performance or condition (e.g., building enclosure failure causing deterioration)
- Assessment parameters shall be defined for consistent application and comparison of conditions across a building and across the portfolio
- Relative rating/prioritization system to be established to enable comparison of conditions within a building and across the District portfolio
- Identify target facilities for pilot field assessment in collaboration with the District seeking to provide as representative a sample of the portfolio as possible; anticipate approximately 5 to 10 percent of the buildings will be included in the pilot sample

Program Manual deliverable detailing assessment scope, methodology, criteria, and rating system; for use by the selected consultant for the pilot assessment and by multiple consultants to complete assessment of the remainder of the portfolio

Also in place is the Roof Asset Management Program with an annual appropriation of \$3.0 million that includes the following components:

- Roof surveys and condition assessments
- Roof asset management plan (RAMP)
- 10-year budget plans for the total cost of ownership
- Online database and reporting tools
- Moisture analysis –as needed
- · Preventive maintenance and minor repair
- Training for in-house capabilities
- Mentoring to expand local contractor capabilities
- Annual updates to budgets and project scopes
- Emergency leak response management

Reserves

The District sustains reserves to stabilize the SMART Program and other capital projects in the DEFP. These reserves protect ongoing projects over the duration of the SMART Program so that changes in the economic environment and other risks are mitigated. There are SMART reserve funds the Board previously identified to be set aside for the SMART Program. These reserves are shown on the Appropriations page, and details of the approved transactions that impact the reserve funds are shown in the Appendix.

Total SMART Reserve

\$ 225 million	SMART Reserve established FY 2018
\$ 211 million	COPs Series 2020A
\$ 47 million	PMOR Allocation (FY21, FY22, and FY23)
\$ 29 million	SMART Program Needs (Markham ES FY22)
\$ 46 million	SMART Program Needs (FY24 and FY25) \rightarrow Realigned into FY23
\$ 133 million	Cumulative GOB Premiums (May 17, 2022)
<u>\$ 47 million</u>	Aligning Funding to the Atkins Risk Assessment (FY24)
\$738 million	

The capital budget also includes an unallocated reserve that can be used for future SMART Program budget impacts and other Board approved needs. Additional allocations to the SMART Program require the Board's approval, and all future amounts are subject to change based on economic conditions and the results of annual legislative action.

Supporting the District's Strategic Plan

The process of Adopting the DEFP provides the public with an opportunity to provide input into the plan and meets the District's guardrails of safety, equity, school support, accountability, and wellness support. Funding for the SMART Program, other capital construction projects, technology and academic equipment, buses and support vehicles provides the means to create and maintain a Safe & Supportive Environment and allows the District's educational professionals to have the appropriate classroom environments to provide High Quality Instruction to over 250,000 students.





GOALS

Early Literacy Proficiency

The percent of grade 3 students who demonstrate grade-level performance or above on the state English Language Arts (ELA) assessment will grow from 52% in June 2022 to 65% by June 2027.

Algebra Proficiency

The percent of students who met the Algebra graduation testing requirement by the end of grade 9 will grow from 53% in June 2022 to 63% by June 2027.

Science Proficiency

The percent of grade 8 students who demonstrate grade-level performance or above on the Florida Statewide Science Assessment or Biology EOC will grow from 47% in June 2022 to 55% by June 2027.

College & Career Readiness

The percent of graduates who earned any combination of two from the following list: College credit on an AP exam, IB exam, AICE exam, or dual enrollment course; Industry certification; CTACE internship; will grow from 41% in June 2022 to 51% by June 2027.

2022 - 2027 STRATEGIC PLAN

The School Board of Broward County, Florida has adopted a student outcomes-focused approach to governing to improve what students know and can do with the knowledge and skills Broward County Public Schools provides to succeed in the future.

GUARDRAILS

Safety

The Superintendent may not allow a breach of safety policies and procedures that result in an increase in threatening or unsafe circumstances for students and staff.

Equity

The Superintendent may not allow resources to be allocated without firm evidence of their equitable distribution.

School Support

The Superintendent may not allow classrooms in C, D, F or Unsatisfactory rated schools to go without essential material and human resources.

Accountability

The Superintendent may not allow the District to operate without an accountability system for policy implementation that includes expectations, evaluation, transparency and continuous improvement.

Wellness Support

The Superintendent may not make decisions without ensuring students and staff are connected with necessary wellness resources.

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IMPACT OF NONRECURRING CAPITAL EXPENDITURES ON OPERATING BUDGET

The impact of nonrecurring capital expenditures, such as the construction of a new school, plays a vital role in the development of the District's operating budget. The operating budgets for elementary, middle, and high schools are allocated based on predefined formulas. The allocation categories are:

- <u>Instructional Allocation</u> to cover the cost of salaries and classroom supplies for teachers, as well as funding for substitutes for days when teachers cannot work.
- <u>Support Allocation</u> to cover the cost of staff other than teachers, such as administration, guidance, media, and clerical.
- <u>Categorical Allocations</u> to cover costs such as custodial, instructional materials, class size reduction, reading needs, and special programs.

In addition to these typical allocations, many schools receive special revenue funding for programs such as Title I, which is determined on an individual school basis. The District also funds additional costs, such as utilities and building maintenance, from central operating budget accounts.

There are several factors in the new school opening process that impact the District's General Fund operating budget. Any cost associated with the number of students in a school, such as the Instructional Allocation for teacher salaries and classroom supplies, will not create an additional expense to the District. However, a new school will require:

- Additional positions that are funded through the Support Allocation, such as administration, guidance and media center personnel, clerical and other support staff. These expenses will be partially offset by the decrease in the Support Allocation at the schools from which students will have a boundary change to attend the new school.
- Additional cost for positions funded categorically, such as custodial, program specialists, class size reduction, and school resource officers.
- Increased utilities and building maintenance expenses from central operating budget accounts.
- Start-up funding required for staff needed prior to the actual opening of the school. These expenses begin in the school year prior to the school year in which the school will open.

The last time the District opened a new school was school year 2010-11. Below is a breakdown of the estimated impact, including fringe benefits, to the General Fund operating budget for the opening of Beachside Montessori school:

General	General Fund Financial Impact for the opening of Beachside Montessori School								
			Students	Support	Categorical				
Start Up	Utilities	Personnel	Activities	Allocation	Allocations	Total			
\$165,068	\$241,281	\$115,080	\$23,878	\$979,370	\$1,043,726	\$2,568,403			

Initial start-up supplies, textbooks, library books, furniture, and equipment are provided by the capital outlay budget. Thereafter, funding for school staffing and supplies is generated by student enrollment through the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP).

CAPITAL TRANSFER TO GENERAL FUND

CAPITAL TRANSFER

Why is there a transfer of funds from the capital budget to the general fund budget when there is such a great need on the capital side?

The funds that are transferred are used for the maintenance and repair of existing facilities, replacement of equipment, and property and casualty insurance premiums. A preventive maintenance program reduces the chance of building system failures and extends useful life. The use of the capital budget to fund maintenance and repair costs; and the property and casualty insurance for District facilities is allowed in Fla. Stat. § 1011.71(2)(b) and § 1011.71(5)(b).

FACILITIES INFORMATION

Total square feet of District facilities (including portables and covered walkways):37,106,577Total Facilities (excluding sites under construction):256

Use of Capital Transfer by Departments

	Positions	Labor	Non-Labor *	Total Budget
Physical Plant Operations (Includes all District based Maintenance Positions)	650	\$56,292,349	\$38,866,648	\$95,158,997
	000	ψ 00,292,0 +9	\$30,000,0 + 0	φ 3 5,130,337
Environmental Health and Safety (Includes Energy Conservation)	23.2	2,065,856	2,225,000	4,290,856
Athletics	2	119,043	933,450	1,052,493
Applied Learning			193,804	193,804
BECON			150,000	150,000
Building Department			250,000	250,000
п	15	1,411,509	1,000,000	2,411,509
Chief Fire Official	1.5	148,367	150,000	298,367
Procurement & Warehouse (including Material Stockroom)	23.8	1,974,091		1,974,091
Risk Management (Property & Casualty Insurance)	20.0	1,011,001	26,616,113	26,616,113
TVISK Management (Froperty & Casualty Insurance)			20,010,113	20,010,113
Charter School PECO (Flow-through funding from the State)			30,200,000	30,200,000
	715.5	\$62,011,215	\$100,585,015	\$162,596,230

* Includes materials, equipment, supplies, travel, etc that directly support the maintenance and repair of District facilities.

DEBT OVERVIEW

Debt instruments are issued to finance new school construction, renovate existing facilities, as well as facilitate major purchases such as technology, chillers, buses and other vehicles and energy saving improvements. In addition, the District is continually reviewing opportunities to reduce existing debt service by restructuring or refinancing existing obligations. To minimize taxpayer costs, the District strives to ensure that the debt service millage levied for voter approved bonded debt, is the lowest necessary to adequately fund debt service costs in a given fiscal year, and that discretionary capital outlay millage is used in the most efficient way possible to service capital outlay needs.

The District's current long-term debt is in the form of Capital Outlay Bond Issues by the State (COBI Bonds), voter-approved General Obligation Bonds (GOBs) and Certificates of Participation (COPs). The use of these debt instruments and others for capital purposes is authorized and limited by either Florida State Statutes or the Florida State Constitution. The chart below defines the legal parameters associated with each debt instrument for capital purposes available to a Florida school district. Sales tax revenue bonds should be included either (i) pursuant to Section 212.055(2), which may be issued by the District or the County and secured by a "Local Government Infrastructure Surtax" of up to a penny levied by the County, to be divided up among the County, the School Board and municipalities pursuant to an interlocal agreement, or (ii) pursuant to Section 212.055(6) which may be issued by the District. Both levies require a voter referendum at a general election only, require that the referendum question be placed on the ballot by the County Commission, require a performance audit of the District by OPPAGA prior to the vote, and under circumstances described below, may have to be structured as COP's when used to finance construction of new student stations. (See "COP's" below and sec. 1013.64). The Capital Outlay Surtax must be shared with charter schools. (See page 3 below.)

DEBT TYPE	DEBT STATUTES AND USES	LEGAL LIMITS OF DEBT
GOBs Sec 1010.40 Florida Statutes	School districts may issue General Obligation Bonds (GOBs) with voter approval, secured by an additional ad-valorem levy that does not count against the District's constitutional 10 mill limit. Funds may be used for schools including technology listed in the advertised project list and approved by the FLDOE. The School District's implied General Obligation ratings are Aa2 by Moody's and AA- by S&P.	The school district can bond up to an amount approved by the FLDOE and the voters. In May 2014, FLDOE approved issuance of \$800 million of GOBs, and the voters approved it on November 4, 2014. The District issued the first \$155,055,000 of GOBs, Series 2015 on June 18, 2015, \$174,750,000 of GOB's, Series 2019 on January 29, 2019, \$207,465,000 of GOB's, Series 2021 on February 16, 2021 and \$262,730,000 of GOB's, Series 2022 on May 18, 2022. The District has exhausted its GOB issuance capacity.
RANs Sec 1011.14 Florida Statutes	Revenue Anticipation Notes (RANs) may be issued for purchases of buses, land, equipment, and educational facilities, and under limited circumstances may be used to pay casualty insurance premiums. These obligations may be incurred for up to one year at a time but may be renewed on a year-to-year basis for a total term of 5 years, including the first year.	The obligation may not exceed one-fourth of District ad valorem tax revenue for operations for the preceding year. Resolution must provide a one-year plan of payment from current revenue, even if the debt is renewed. Currently that equates to a debt capacity of approximately \$274 million.
RANs Sec 1011.15 Florida Statutes	In order to eliminate major emergency conditions RANs may be incurred for up to one year but may be renewed on a year-to-year basis for a total of 5 years including the first year, similar to the RANs described above.	The School Board must adopt a resolution declaring an emergency. Resolution must provide a one-year plan of payment, even if the debt is renewed. Statutes require that all payments maturing be paid from current revenue.
COBI Bonds Article XII Sec d FI. Constitution	Capital Outlay Bonds (COBI Bonds) are issued on behalf of the District by the State of Florida Board of Education. Projects must be on the state-approved Project Priority List.	State computes eligibility amount annually in August of each year and notifies the District.



DEBT OVERVIEW

DEBT TYPE	DEBT STATUTES AND USES	LEGAL LIMITS OF DEBT
COPs Sec 1001.42 (2) and (11), 1003.02(1)(f), 1013.15(2) and 1011.71(2),(3), (4) and (5); 1013.31,1013.6 2 and 1013.64 Florida Statutes	Certificates of Participation (COPs) are issued by the Trustee at the direction of the Broward School Board Leasing Corp., for the benefit of the School Board. The proceeds are used to pay for new and replacement construction of educational facilities, land, equipment, and buses under a lease purchase agreement entered into by the School Board. The District is assigned underlying ratings of Aa3 by Moody's and A+ by S&P. Impact fees can be used for lease payments on eligible capacity expansion projects. Sales surtax (see below) can also be used for lease payments on eligible projects. Capital outlay millage cannot be used to finance the portion of the cost of new construction of educational plant space with a total cost per student station that exceeds statutory maximums set forth in sec. 1013.64, as adjusted annually by FDOE, unless architectural or construction contracts were entered into prior to July 1, 2017. Further, a School Board cannot use funds from any source to finance the cost of new construction of educational plant space exceeding such limits, unless such financing is structured as a lease purchase agreement, which would include a COP issue, or is paid entirely from local impact fees. Thus, under current law, a school board with sales surtax bonding authority must structure its financing as a COP, rather than a sales tax revenue bond, if its CIP includes construction of new classroom space that might exceed statutory cost maximums. In that situation COP payments could be funded primarily from sales surtax revenues.	Annual lease payments from capital outlay millage may not exceed an amount equal to three-quarters of the proceeds from the capital millage levied by the School Board which is 1 ½ mills. In 2012, the legislature excluded all leases entered into prior to June 30, 2009 from the three-quarters limit. Currently, that equates to a debt service capacity of \$289 million per year; however, pursuant to HB 7069 (Chapter 2017-116 Laws of Florida), the District is required to share this millage pro-rata with eligible charter schools, after subtracting the amount necessary to service its outstanding obligations that were incurred as of March 1, 2017. The amount to be shared can be further reduced by legislative appropriations for charter school capital, as provided in CS/HB 7055 (2018). Sec. 1013.62 provides that State appropriations for charter capital outlay are to be credited against the District's sharing obligation, with compliance to be verified by the Auditor General. 2019-2022 appropriations for charter school capital have been sufficient such that the District has not had to share any of its capital outlay millage with charter schools. On May 25, 2022 the School Board issued \$151,260,000 Certificates of Participation, Series 2022B for various capital projects.
Local Government Infrastructure Surtax/Sales Tax Revenue Bonds Sec. 212.054. 212.055(2) Florida Statutes	A half or full penny sales surtax can be levied by a county upon enactment of an ordinance and approval by the governing bodies of municipalities in such county with a majority of the county's population, and voter approval at a general election. The county, municipalities described above, and a school district may enter into an interlocal agreement to divide-up the surtax. School districts can use the proceeds of their share of the surtax for fixed capital expenditures or fixed capital outlay associated with construction or improvement of public facilities with a life expectancy of 5 years or more. It also includes classroom instructional technology, including interactive devices, hardware and software. School districts can use the sales tax revenue bonds, enter into bank loans or can use the sales tax to make lease payments for COP's, including for the incremental cost of student stations in excess of statutory maximums (see "COP's" above and sec. 1013.64(6)(b)1. and 2.)	The term of the sales surtax is determined by the local governments and approved by the voters; there is no statutory limit. Prior to the referendum, OPPAGA must perform a program performance audit. Charter school sharing is not yet mandated by the statute.

DEBT OVERVIEW

DEBT TYPE	DEBT STATUTES AND USES	LEGAL LIMITS OF DEBT
School Capital Outlay Surtax/ Sales Tax Revenue Bonds Sec. 212.054, 212.055(6) Florida Statutes	School districts may levy up to a half penny of capital outlay surtax by authorizing a resolution, placement on the ballot by the County Commission and approval by the voters at a general election. The surtax may be used for fixed capital expenditures or fixed capital costs associated with the construction, reconstruction or improvement of school facilities and campuses with a useful life greater than 5 years, including land; retrofitting and providing for technology, including hardware and software. School districts can issue sales tax revenue bonds or can use the sales tax to make lease payments for COP's, including for the incremental cost of student stations in excess of statutory maximums (see "COP's" above and sec. 1013.64(6)(b)1. and 2.)	The term of the sales surtax is determined by the School Board and approved by the voters; there is no statutory limit. Prior to the referendum, OPPAGA must perform a program performance audit. Proceeds of the surtax must be shared with charter schools.

SERIES 2001A-2			
SERIES 200 TA-2	Energy Management		
District Wide	Equipment	Complete	15,000,000
District Wide	Modular Buildings	Complete	4,440,000
SERIES 2000-QZAB			/ /
Blanche Ely High School	Remodeling & Renovation	Complete	2,811,800
Stranahan High School	Remodeling & Renovation	Complete	3,499,111
SERIES 2001-QZAB			
Dillard High School	Remodeling & Renovation	Complete	1,201,450
	, contractioning of the contraction	••••••	.,_0.,,.00
SERIES 2001B-1			
Atlantic Technical Center	Classroom Addition	Complete	6,637,800
Broward Estates Elementary School	Cafeteria Replacement	Complete	3,311,192
Castle Hill Elementary School	Cafeteria Replacement	Complete	7,369,583
Deerfield Beach High School	Classroom Addition	Complete	12,425,824
Driftwood Elementary School	Classroom/Media Center	Complete	5,713,129
Silver Shores Elementary School (R)	Addition New School	Complete	15,671,820
Fort Lauderdale High School	Classroom Addition	Complete	26,661,414
Monarch High School (GGG)	New School	Complete	36,941,100
Martin Luther King Elementary School	Cafeteria Replacement	Complete	3,914,051
Robert Markham Elementary School	Cafeteria Replacement	Complete	3,369,498
Dave Thomas Education Center West	New School	Complete	13,699,620
Pompano Beach High School Institute o		•	30,605,220
International Studies		Complete	
Southwest Bus/Maintenance Facility	New Facility	Complete	8,166,571
SERIES 2001B-2			
West Central Bus/Maintenance Facility	Completion of Facility	Complete	3,333,980
	Completion of raciity	Complete	3,333,900
SERIES 2003A-1			
Mary M. Bethune Elementary School	Classroom Addition	Complete	9,396,907
Blanche Ely High School	Classroom Addition	Complete	19,348,958
Broward Fire Academy	Special Program	Complete	4,286,517
Cooper City High School	Classroom/Athletic Addition	Complete	14,637,037
Hallandale High School	Classroom Renovation	Complete	4,385,630
Coral Glades High (JJJ)	New School	Complete	43,300,828
Lake Forest Elementary School	Classroom/Cafeteria	Complete	8,678,118
-	Renovation		
Lauderdale Manors Elementary	Cafeteria Replacement	Complete	3,104,353
McArthur High School	Classroom Addition	Complete	26,306,682
Miramar High School	Classroom Addition	Complete	8,886,888
Plantation High School	Cafeteria Renovation	Complete	10,583,380
Royal Palm Elementary School	Classroom Addition	Complete	2,643,095

School	Project	Status	Amount
SERIES 2003A-1 (continued)	e		
South Plantation High School	Classroom Addition/Athletic	Complete	15,361,316
Tedder Elementary School	Classroom/Cafeteria Renovation	Complete	8,684,494
Walker Elementary School	Classroom Addition	Complete	3,889,739
Whiddon-Rogers Education Center	Classroom Addition	Complete	7,894,245
SERIES 2003A-2			
JP Taravella High School	Remodeling/Renovations	Complete	7,147,049
District Wide	Indoor Air Quality	Complete	12,000,000
District Wide	Modular Buildings	Complete	2,000,000
SERIES 2004			
Apollo Middle	Classroom Addition	Complete	5,745,979
Boulevard Heights Elementary	Cafeteria Replacement	Complete	6,160,030
Broadview Elementary	Classroom Addition	Complete	6,601,157
Central Park Elementary	Classroom Addition	Complete	3,807,558
Cooper City Elementary	New Cafeteria / Kitchen / Multipurpose area / Stage	Complete	3,721,739
Coral Cove Elementary (Y)	New School	Complete	17,508,525
Dolphin Bay Elementary	New School	Complete	24,685,909
Fox Trail Elementary	Classroom Addition	Complete	3,225,000
Harbordale Elementary	Remodeling / New Construction	Complete	7,579,238
Meadowbrook Elementary	Kitchen/Cafeteria	Complete	5,663,946
Glades Middle (OO)	New School	Complete	52,221,671
Nob Hill Elementary	Classroom Addition	Complete	1,145,963
North Fork Elementary	Classroom Addition	Complete	2,729,680
Palm Cove Elementary	Classroom Addition	Complete	5,197,064
Pasadena Lakes Elementary	Classroom Addition	Complete	1,035,868
Perry, Annabel Elementary	Classroom Addition/New Kitchen/Cafeteria	Complete	9,549,535
Piper High	Existing Project	Complete	1,419,440
Pompano Beach Middle	Classroom Addition	Complete	7,181,010
Quiet Waters Elementary	Classroom Addition	Complete	2,257,500
Sheridan Park Elementary	Classroom Addition and Cafeteria Replacement	Complete	6,618,316
Stirling Elementary	Classroom Addition	Complete	1,141,351
Taravella J P High	Remodeling/Renovation	Complete	1,870,500
Tropical Elementary	Kitchen/Cafeteria	Complete	5,678,316
······	Remodel, Renovate, and	• • • • • • • • • •	-,,
Village Elementary	Expand Cafeteria / Kitchen / Multipurpose area / Stage	Complete	6,145,042
Westchester Elementary	Classroom Addition	Complete	2,580,000
Winston Park Elementary	Classroom Addition	Complete	3,225,000
Districtwide	Indoor Environmental Quality	Complete	15,000,000
Districtwide	Modular Buildings	Complete	15,000,000
		2	



School Project		Status	Amount
SERIES 2005			
Atlantic West Elementary	Classroom Addition	Complete	1,882,961
Challenger Elementary	Classroom Addition	Complete	2,966,500
Coral Glades High (JJJ)	Classroom Addition	Complete	5,928,595
Coral Springs High	37 Classroom Addition	Complete	9,070,037
Coral Springs Middle	40 Classroom Addition	Complete	14,933,790
Country Isles Elementary	Classroom Addition	Complete	2,194,425
Cypress Bay High	Additions	Complete	6,228,298
Cypress Elementary	Kitchen/Cafeteria	Complete	4,320,000
Elementary School "Z" (Area A #1)	New School	Complete	22,012,617
Elementary School (Area A #2)	New School	Complete	21,816,000
Forest Glen Middle	Classroom Addition	Complete	5,909,162
Hallandale High	Remodeling & Renovation	Complete	2,928,209
Hollywood Hills High	Classroom Addition	Complete	6,102,000
Indian Ridge Middle	Classroom Addition	Complete	3,222,183
Lloyd Estates Elementary	Kitchen/Cafeteria/Multipurpos e Area/Stage	Complete	3,945,240
Margate Elementary	Classroom Addition	Complete	4,573,198
Northeast High	Classroom Addition	Complete	2,547,610
Nova High/Nova Middle	Classroom Addition	Complete	7,526,472
Oakland Park Elementary	Classroom Addition	Complete	4,472,062
Pines Middle	Replacement School	Complete	34,236,000
Ramblewood Middle	Classroom Addition	Complete	2,428,529
Rickards Middle	Classroom Addition	Complete	2,314,813
Sandpiper Elementary	Classroom Addition	Complete	2,604,068
Seagull School	Classroom Addition	Complete	2,156,383
Stranahan High	Classroom Addition	Complete	2,241,940
Tamarac Elementary	Classroom Addition	Complete	5,274,262
Walker Elementary	New Cafeteria, Kitchen, Multipurpose Area, Stage	Complete	4,623,383
Western High	Classroom Addition	Complete	6,706,800
Districtwide	Indoor Environmental Quality	Complete	8,000,000
Districtwide	Modular Buildings	Complete	7,500,000
Districtwide	Energy Management	Complete	10,000,000
Coral Springs High	Remodeling & Renovation	Complete	492,356
Districtwide	Playgrounds	Complete	6,000,000
District-Wide	Comprehensive Needs	Complete	23,136,648

School	School Project		Amount
SERIES 2006	•		
Coral Springs Elementary	Classroom Addition	Complete	4,583,900
Fort Lauderdale High	Classroom Addition	Complete	9,902,000
High School "LLL"	New High School	Complete	115,429,300
Norcrest Elementary	Phased Replacement	Complete	20,520,800
North Andrews Gardens Elementary	Classroom Addition	Complete	2,705,300
Orange Brook Elementary	Replacement School	Complete	26,750,000
	New	•	
Palmview Elementary	Kitchen/Cafeteria/Parking & Drainage	Complete	6,500,800
Peters Elementary	New Kitchen/Cafeteria	Complete	8,557,500
Taravella High	Classroom Addition	Complete	10,739,700
Attucks Middle	Air Handler Replacement	Complete	2,407,700
Cooper City High	Additions	Complete	2,964,600
	Roofing, Drainage Repairs,		
Flamingo Elementary	Restrooms and Covered Walkways	Complete	2,078,300
Sandpiper Elementary	Additions	Complete	916,900
	IAQ Repairs, Roofing, Bus		
Seminole Middle	Drive, Fire Alarm Upgrade, and Relocatables	Complete	3,436,100
Silver Lakes Middle	Air Handler Replacement	Complete	1,218,800
South Plantation High	Additions	Complete	1,923,000
Southwest Ranches Property	Site Acquisition	Complete	4,500,000
District-Wide	Comprehensive Needs	Complete	44,312,500
SERIES 2007			
Elementary School "C" (Area G #1)	New Elementary School	Complete	29,280,000
Bennett Elementary	Kitchen/Cafeteria Replacement	Complete	9,195,500
	Kitchen/Cafeteria		
Bethune Elementary	Replacement & Classroom Addition	Complete	15,948,388
Blanche Ely High	Classroom Addition	Complete	14,640,000
Colbert Elementary	Concurrent Replacement/ Remodeling/Renovation	Complete	25,620,000
Cypress Elementary	Kitchen/Cafeteria Replacement	Complete	10,253,380
Dania Elementary	Kitchen/Cafeteria Replacement	Complete	7,571,299
Deerfield Beach Elementary	Kitchen/Cafeteria Replacement	Complete	8,988,944
Hollywood Hills Elementary	Kitchen/Cafeteria Replacement	Complete	8,705,780
Lanier-James Education Center	Concurrent Replacement	Complete	30,093,333



FINANCIAL -

CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION (COPs)

School	Project	Status	Amount
SERIES 2007 (continued)	•		
	Kitchen/Cafeteria	Complete	7,002,890
Margate Elementary	Replacement	Complete	7,002,090
	Kitchen/Cafeteria		
Mirror Lake Elementary	Replacement & Remodel	Complete	11,393,369
	existing in to classrooms		
Pembroke Pines Elementary	Kitchen/Cafeteria Replacement & Remodel	Complete	14,384,237
r embroker mes Elementary	existing in to classrooms	Complete	14,004,207
	New Media Center/		
Pines Lakes Elementary	Remodeling	Complete	3,152,202
Stonomon Dougloo High	Classroom Addition and	Complete	12 250 000
Stoneman Douglas High	Science Labs	Complete	13,250,000
Tradewinds	Site Expansion for Classroom	Complete	3,203,540
	Addition		
Tradewinds	Classroom Addition	Complete	7,320,000
	Reroofing, Covered		
Flamingo Elementary	Walkways, Emergency	Complete	3,182,418
	Lighting, Fire Sprinkler with Main		
	Kitchen/Cafeteria		
Tropical Elementary	Replacement & Remodel	Complete	10,573,505
Toploal Elementary	existing in to classrooms	Complete	10,010,000
District-Wide	Roofing Projects	Complete	10,000,000
	Indoor Air Quality (IAQ)		
District-Wide	Projects	Complete	10,000,000
	BRITE Project- Financial		
District-Wide	Software System -Enterprise	Complete	20,000,000
	Resource Planning (ERP)		
District-Wide	Modular Buildings	Complete	5,000,000
District Wide	Americans with Disabilities		
District-Wide	Act (ADA) Restrooms	Complete	5,000,000
SERIES 2008	2		
Apollo Middle	Classroom Addition	Complete	11,381,963
Boyd Anderson High	Kitchen/Cafeteria	Complete	16,320,615
Coconut Creek High	Physical Education Center	Complete	4,995,000
Cooper City High	Kitchen Cafeteria	Complete	18,358,776
Cypress Run Ed. Ctr.	New School	Complete	15,593,626
Foster, Stephen Elementary	Classroom Addition	Complete	4,165,553
Harbordale Elementary Lauderdale Manors Elementary	Classroom Addition Classroom Addition	Complete Complete	6,900,870 5,366,850
New School Z (Area A#1)	New School	Complete	9,095,150
New School A (Area C#1)	New School	Complete	7,446,766
Northeast High	Kitchen/Cafeteria	Complete	11,462,693
Nova High	Swimming Pool Complex	Complete	6,607,830
Peters Elementary	Kitchen/Cafeteria	Complete	6,539,550
i etero Elementary	Classroom Addition,	Complete	3,000,000
Pompano Beach Middle	Cafeteria/Kitchen,	Complete	10,051,109
	Multipurpose Area/Stage		, ,
Southwest Rue Darking Essilition	New Construction - Fleet	Complete	20 014 125
Southwest Bus Parking Facilities	Maintenance Facility	Complete	20,014,125
6-76		Broward Co	unty Public Schools

– Broward County Public Schools

School	Project	Status	Amount		
SERIES 2008 (continued)					
Tropical Elementary	Classroom Addition	Complete	4,887,430		
Western High	Classroom Addition	Complete	28,984,875		
Margate Elementary	Land Purchase	Complete	2,220,000		
District-Wide	Comprehensive Needs	Complete	79,306,651		
SERIES 2009					
Banyan ES	New Media Center	Complete	2,725,000		
Blanche Ely HS	Physical Education Center	Complete	7,665,959		
Fort Lauderdale HS	Replacement	Complete	4,269,275		
Harbordale ES	Classroom Addition Program	Complete	2,075,214		
Northeast HS	Swimming Pool Complex	Complete	5,450,000		
Palmview ES	Kitchen Cafeteria	Complete	8,374,000		
Parkway MS	Phased Replacement	Complete	26,705,166		
Seagull Center	Media Center	Complete	2,994,583		
South Broward	Swimming Pool Complex Kitchen / Cafeteria	Complete	4,444,194		
Walker ES		Complete	7,199,520		
District-Wide	Comprehensive Needs	Complete	59,558,754		
SERIES 2010					
Cooper City HS	Phase Replacement	Complete	27,667,500		
Fort Lauderdale HS	Phase Replacement	Complete	23,332,500		
SERIES 2011-A					
Debt Service Refinance	Reduce Debt Service	Complete	N/A		
SERIES 2012-A					
Debt Service Refinance	Reduce Debt Service	Complete	N/A		
SERIES 2015-A					
Debt Service Refinance	Reduce Debt Service	Complete	N/A		
SERIES 2015-B					
Debt Service Refinance	Reduce Debt Service	Complete	N/A		
SERIES 2016-A					
Debt Service Refinance	Reduce Debt Service	Complete	N/A		
SERIES 2016-B			N 1/A		
Debt Service Refinance	Reduce Debt Service	Complete	N/A		
SERIES 2017-A		a			
Debt Service Refinance	Reduce Debt Service	Complete	N/A		
SERIES 2017-B		O a march of	N 1/A		
Debt Service Refinance	Reduce Debt Service	Complete	N/A		
SERIES 2017-C	Deduce Debt Carries	Complete	N1/A		
Debt Service Refinance	Reduce Debt Service	Complete	N/A		
SERIES 2019-A Debt Service Refinance	Reduce Debt Service	Complete	N/A		
		Complete			
SERIES 2019-B Debt Service Refinance	Reduce Debt Service	Complete	N/A		
		Complete	IN/ <i>I</i> T		

School	Project	Status	Amount
SERIES 2020			
Cypress Bay High	61 classroom addition	Complete	27,180,540
Falcon Cove Middle	47 classroom addition	On Going	21,795,207
Margate Elementary	6 classroom addition	On Going	8,626,884
McArthur High	18 classroom addition	On Going	30,043,992
Olsen MS	Major renovations	On Going	14,016,856
Plantation High	Major renovations	On Going	18,605,953
Stranahan High	Major renovations	On Going	28,146,667
William T. McFatter Technical College	Major renovations	On Going	18,061,105
District-Wide	Districtwide Roofing Projects	On Going	27,000,000
District-Wide	Districtwide HVAC Projects	On Going	27,000,000
District-Wide Districtwide Comprehensive Need Projects		On Going	29,522,796
School	Project	Status	Amount
SERIES 2022			
Rickards Middle	Replaement of Building 1	On Going	65,402,000
Markham Elementary	Replaement of Building 1	On Going	30,846,000
Stranahan High	New Cafeteria	On Going	9,216,000
Blanche Ely	New Bus Loop	On Going	1,325,000
District-Wide	Districtwide Comprehensive Need Projects	On Going	59,425,000
			\$2.254.400.400

COPs PROJECT TOTALS

\$2,251,469,469

INFORMATION

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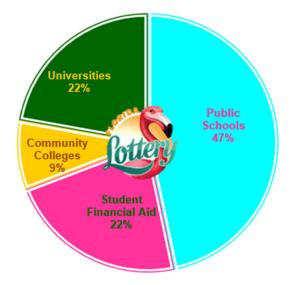


FLORIDA LOTTERY

In November 1986, a constitutional amendment creating state operated lotteries was passed in a statewide election. In 1987, the Legislature enacted the Florida Public Education Lottery Act that implemented the constitutional amendment. The purpose of the act is to enable the people of the state to benefit from significant additional moneys for education. The intent of the act is to use the net proceeds of lottery games to support improvements in public education; however, those proceeds are not to be used as a substitute for existing public education resources. The share of lottery proceeds for education is deposited into the Educational Enhancement Trust Fund (EETF). The lottery's total contribution to the EETF since start-up is more than \$33 billion. Each year the Legislature determines which educational programs will be funded from the lottery proceeds as well as the amount of such funding.

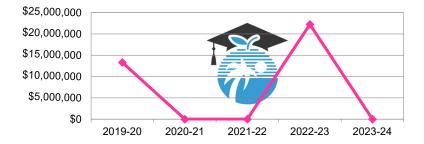
2025-24 Legislative Appropriations from the					
Education Enhancement "Lottery" Trust Fund					
Fixed Capital Outlay	\$119,633,253				
Class Size Reduction	103,776,356				
FL Education Finance Program	1,102,689,174				
Workforce Education	148,311,351				
Public Schools Total	1,474,410,134				
Student Financial Aid	708,307,738				
Community Colleges	273,857,996				
Universities	699,567,868				
Grand Total	\$3,156,143,736				

2023 24 Legislative Appropriations from the



BCPS School Recognition

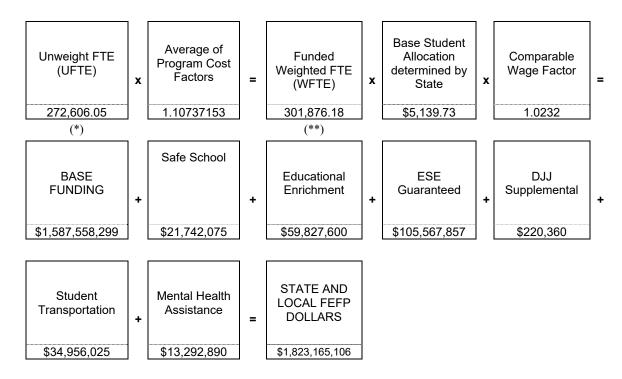
On June 29th, 2020, Governor Ron DeSantis vetoed the School Recognition line item from HB 5001, General Appropriations Act. School Recognition has not been allocated through the FEFP since the 2019-20 school year. In 2022-23, HB 5003 stipulated that the Department of Education distribute the funds appropriated in Specific Appropriation 88A once the official school grades for the 2021-22 school year were available. BCPS was funded \$22.3 million in School Recognition Funds in 2022-23.



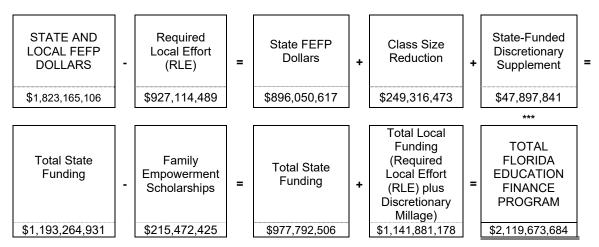
School Recognition Trend - 5 Years

DISTRIBUTION OF STATE DOLLARS

The amount of State and Local Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) dollars for each school district is determined in the following manner:



The Net State FEFP Allocation for the support of public education is derived from State and Local FEFP Dollars in the following manner:



- * BASE FUNDING includes Reading Instruction, Instructional Materials, and Teacher Classroom Supplies. Classroom Teacher and Other Instructional Salary Increase \$94,142,207 is included in BASE FUNDING as well.
- ** EDUCATIONAL ENRICHMENT includes Turnaround School Supplemental Services \$733,760.

*** REQUIRED LOCAL EFFORT \$927,114,489 and DISCRETIONARY MILLAGE \$214,766,689.

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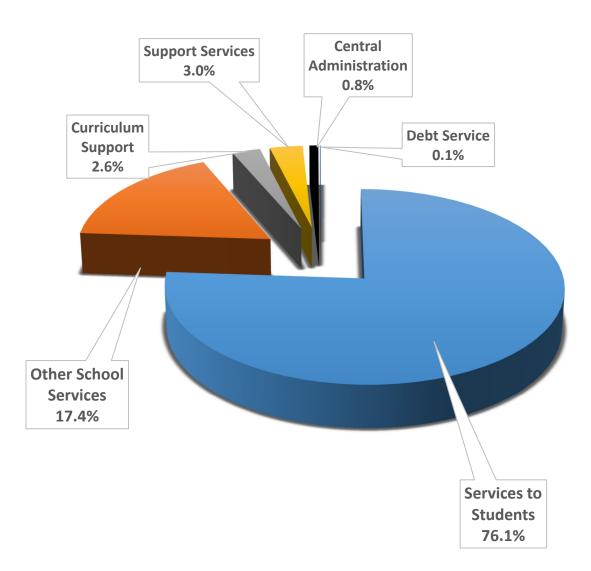
WHERE DOES THE MONEY GO? 2023-24

The District's spending decisions have been focused on student achievement while maintaining fiscal solvency and protecting an effective workforce, as well as taxpayer interest. In keeping with those principles, 93.5 percent of the District's resources are spent on school level services.

		FY 202 Amended			FY 2023 Budg	-
		otals	%		Totals	%
	(\$ 1	Villions)		(\$	Millions)	
School Level Services						
Instruction	\$	1,618.6	62.9%	\$	1,987.3	66.6%
Student Support Services		163.5	6.4%		155.4	5.2%
Instructional Media Services		23.7	0.9%		26.2	0.9%
Student Transportation Services		89.9	3.5%		102.0	3.4%
Sub-Total Direct Services to Students	\$	1,895.7	73.6%	\$	2,270.9	76.1%
Operation of Plant	\$	226.1	8.8%	\$	249.7	8.4%
Maintenance of Plant	·	90.3	3.5%		86.9	2.9%
Facilities Acquisition and Construction		10.1	0.4%		15.2	0.5%
School Administration		146.1	5.7%		155.2	5.2%
Community Services		12.7	0.5%		13.2	0.4%
Total School Level Services	\$	2,381.0	92.5%	\$	2,791.1	93.5%
Curriculum Support						
Instr. and Curriculum Dev. Services	\$	35.9	1.4%	\$	37.6	1.3%
Instructional Staff Training Services	Ŧ	6.6	0.3%	7	6.9	0.2%
Instruction-Related Technology		31.7	1.2%		32.7	1.1%
Total Curriculum Support	\$	74.2	2.9%	\$	77.2	2.6%
Support Services						
Fiscal Services	\$	11.8	0.5%	\$	13.0	0.4%
Central Services	•	71.3	2.8%	'	76.9	2.6%
Food Services		0.6	0.0%			0.0%
Total Support Services	\$	83.7	3.2%	\$	89.9	3.0%
Central Administration						
Board	\$	14.8	0.6%	\$	5.6	0.2%
General Administration	Ŧ	11.8	0.5%	Ŧ	11.7	0.4%
Administrative Technology Services		5.9	0.2%		6.9	0.2%
Total Central Administration	\$	32.5	1.3%	\$	24.2	0.8%
Debt Service	\$	2.6	0.1%	\$	2.2	0.1%
		2 5 7 4 0	100.00/		2 084 C	100.00/
Total Appropriations	Ş	2,574.0	100.0%	Ş	2,984.6	100.0%
Transfers to Other Funds	\$	2.8		\$	0.4	
Ending Fund Balance	\$	175.4		\$	175.4	
Total Appropriations, Transfers Out &						
Ending Fund Balance	\$	2,752.2		\$	3,160.4	

* FY 2022-23 is from the General Fund Amendment as of 4/30/23. Information for FY 2023-24 is from the FEFP 1st calculation. *NOTE: Due to the rounding of whole numbers, some tables/schedules may not add to total.*

WHERE DOES THE MONEY GO? 2023-24



7-6

EXISTING DEBT SERVICE OBLIGATIONS AS OF JUNE 30, 2023

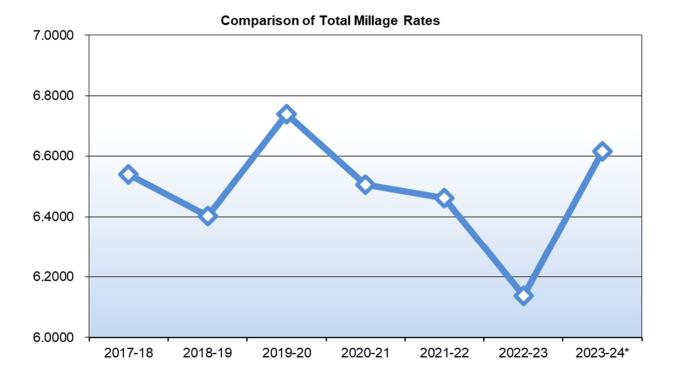
Туре	Series	Interest Rates	Final Maturity Date	Outstanding Principal
Bonds Payable:				
Capital Outlay Bond Issues:				
2017-A	2017A	2.00 - 5.00%	1/1/2028	\$ 1,991,000
2019-A	2019A	5.00%	1/1/2029	481,000
Total capital outlay bond issues				\$ 2,472,000
General Obligation Bond (GOB):				
General obligation bonds	District Bonds 2015	5.00%	7/1/2040	\$ 122,405,000
General obligation bonds	District Bonds 2019	5.00%	7/1/2047	160,815,000
General obligation bonds	District Bonds 2021	5.00%	7/1/2050	200,645,000
General obligation bonds	District Bonds 2022	5.00%	7/1/2050	259,985,000
Total general obligation bond issues				\$ 743,850,000
Lease Purchase Agreements:				
Certificates of Participation - QSCB	2009A-QSCB	(i)	7/1/2024	49,913,000
Certificates of Participation - QSCB	2010A-QSCB	6.45%	7/1/2027	51,645,000
Certificates of Participation - Refunding	2015A	5.000%	7/1/2030	169,460,000
Certificates of Participation - Refunding	2015B	5.00%	7/1/2032	125,490,000
Certificates of Participation - Refunding	2016A	3.25 - 5.00%	7/1/2033	147,385,000
Certificates of Participation - Refunding	2016B	5.000%	7/1/2027	18,735,000
Certificates of Participation - Refunding	2017B	5.000%	7/1/2034	56,300,000
Certificates of Participation - Refunding	2017C	5.000%	7/1/2026	93,905,000
Certificates of Participation - Refunding	2019A	5.000%	7/1/2029	103,090,000
Certificates of Participation - Refunding	2019B	5.000%	7/1/2029	65,085,000
Certificates of Participation	2020A	5.000%	7/1/2034	202,590,000
Certificates of Participation - Refunding	2022A	5.000%	7/1/2028	56,100,000
Certificates of Participation	2022B	5.000%	7/1/2036	 151,260,000
Total certificates of participation				\$ 1,290,958,000
Total bonds and certificate of participa	tion payable			\$ 2,037,280,000
Less: amount due with one year	\$ (118,519,500 1,918,760,500			

(i) Series 2009A-QSCBs (Qualified School Construction Bonds) are issued with principal only repaid by the District (no interest) and the investor receives a tax credit in lieu of interest payment. Annual payments of \$4,540,000 are being made for eleven consecutive years, being deposited in an escrow account held by a fiscal agent. The annual payment, however, may be reduced through the purchase of Treasury Strips by the fiscal agent, which when coupled with interest earnings and net appreciation in market value, will be sufficient to pay off the principal balance of the QSCB, in full, at maturity on July 1, 2024.

COMPARISON OF MILLAGE RATES

The Florida Department of Revenue certifies to the Commissioner of Education its most recent estimate of the current year's taxable value for each school district based on the latest available data obtained from the local property appraisers. The Commissioner of Education then certifies to each district school board the current year millage rate necessary to provide the school district's Required Local Effort (RLE) for that year. For 2023-24, the RLE millage rate for The School Board of Broward County, Florida, has been established by the state at 3.229.

The additional Required Local Effort (RLE) Prior Period Funding Adjustment Millage (PPFAM) is calculated by the state for RLE funds the District did not receive in previous years. The PPFAM rate for 2023-24 is not available.

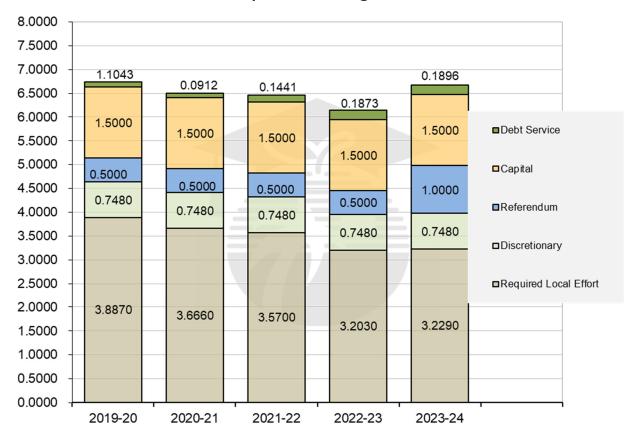


	Millage Rates				l l	Millage Rate	s	
	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24*	%Inc/(Dec)
Non-Voted Millage:								
Required Local Effort (RLE)	4.2120	3.9970	3.8250	3.6370	3.5300	3.1740	3.2290	0.81%
RLE Prior Period Adjustment	0.0140	0.0300	0.0620	0.0290	0.0400	0.0290	0.0000	0.0170
Discretionary Millage	0.7480	0.7480	0.7480	0.7480	0.7480	0.7480	0.7480	
Critical Need Operating Millage								
Capital Millage	1.5000	1.5000	1.5000	1.5000	1.5000	1.5000	1.5000	
Sub-Total Non-Voted	6.4740	6.2750	6.1350	5.9140	5.8180	5.4510	5.4770	0.48%
Voted Millage:								
Referendum			0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	1.0000	
GOB Debt Service	0.0654	0.1279	0.1043	0.0912	0.1441	0.1873	0.1896	1.23%
TOTAL NON-VOTED								
AND VOTED MILLAGE	6.5394	6.4029	6.7393	6.5052	6.4621	6.1383	6.6666	8.61%

* 2023-24 RLE is from the FEFP 1st Calculation.

MILLAGE RATES

To participate in FEFP funding, the District must levy a minimum ad valorem property tax millage for operating purposes which is set annually by the Legislature. For FY 2023-24, this Required Local Effort (RLE) levy is currently estimated to be 3.2290 mills, which does not include the Prior Period Funding Adjustment Millage rate (PPFAM).



Comparison of Millage Rates

	2019-20 Millage Rate	2020-21 Millage Rate	2021-22 Millage Rate	2022-23 Millage Rate	2023-24* Millage Rate	% Inc/(Dec) 2022-23 to 2023-24
Non-Voted Millage:	Nate	Nate	Nate	Nate	Nate	2023-24
Required Local Effort (RLE)	3.8250	3.6370	3.5300	3.1740	3.2290	0.040/
RLE Prior Period Adjustment	0.0620	0.0290	0.0400	0.0290	0.0000	0.81%
Discretionary Millage	0.7480	0.7480	0.7480	0.7480	0.7480	0.00%
Capital Millage	1.5000	1.5000	1.5000	1.5000	1.5000	0.00%
Sub-Total Non-Voted	6.1350	5.9140	5.8180	5.4510	5.4260	0.48%
Voted Millage:						
Referendum	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	1.0000	100.00%
Debt Service Millage	0.1043	0.0912	0.1441	0.1873	0.1896	1.23%
TOTAL NON-VOTED	6.7393	6.5052	6.4621	6.1383	6.6666	8.61%

* 2023-24 RLE millage rate is as of the FEFP 1st Calculation.



ROLLED BACK RATES

The Truth in Millage (TRIM) legislation of Florida requires a calculation of the change in millage rates from one year to the next called the "rolled back rate." The rolled back rate is the millage that would be necessary to generate the same amount of dollars as the previous fiscal year, after adjusting for new construction. The proposed millage rate is compared to the rolled back rate and translated into a percentage of change.

	2022-23	2023-24		
	Final	Adjusted	Gross	
Taxable Values: 1	\$265,430,875,670	\$298,398,880,679	\$302,358,426,389	
	2022-23 Millage Rate	Rolled Back Millage Rate	2023-24 Millage Rate	% Incr/(Decr) as Compared to Rolled Back Millage Rate
State Millage				
Required Local Effort (RLE)	3.1740	2.8491	3.2290	
RLE Prior Period Adjustment	0.0290	2.0401	0.0000	
Sub-Total State Millage	3.2030	2.8491	3.2290	13.33%
Local Millage				
Discretionary Millage	0.7480	0.6654	0.7480	
Referendum	0.5000	0.4448	1.0000	
Capital Millage	1.5000	1.3343	1.5000	
Sub-Total Local Millage	2.7480	2.4444	3.2480	32.88%
Total State and Local Millage	5.9510	5.2935	6.4770	22.36%
Debt Service Millage GOB Debt Service	0.1873	0.1896	0.1896	0.00%
TOTAL STATE, LOCAL, AND DEBT SERVICE MILLAGE	6.1383	5.4831	6.6666	21.58% ²

When comparing the 2022-23 State millage rate of 3.2030 to the 2.8491 Rolled Back millage rate, there is a 13.33 percent increase. The combined total State and Local millage rate to be levied exceeds the rolled back rate computed pursuant to section 200.065(1), F.S., by 21.58 percent.

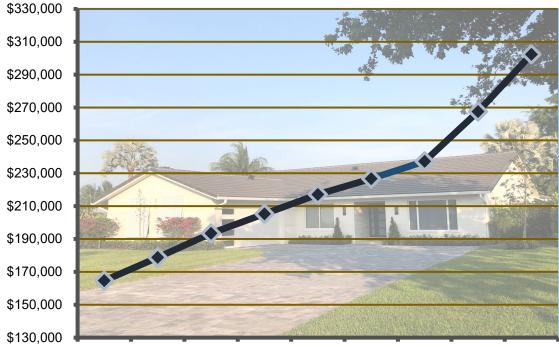
¹ 2023-24 RLE Millage provided on the FEFP 1st Calculation. Gross Taxable Value as of budget adoption using July 1st Certified Taxable values.

² As property values increase or decrease from year to year, there is a corresponding percentage of increase or decrease when comparing the current year millage rates to the Rolled Back millage rate.

BROWARD COUNTY GROSS TAXABLE VALUE

The Broward County Property Appraiser values all property at its market value as of January 1 of each year. Market value is the Property Appraiser's professional opinion of what a willing buyer would pay a willing seller for a property. Tax bills are based on a property's assessed value. This is the market value or classified use value for all properties other than Homestead properties. A Homestead is an owner/occupied residence. If a property is not a Homestead, the market value and assessed value are the same. If a property has a classified use value, such as agriculture, the assessed value is its classified use value.

Following the housing market crash of 2007, considered the worst housing crash in U.S. history, it took several years before the housing market reached a stabilization point in 2011. The market started showing positive signs in 2012 and continues through 2024 with Gross Taxable Value increases of 8.20 percent in 2017-18, 6.12 percent in 2018-19, 5.76 percent in 2019-20, 4.41 percent in 2020-21, 4.66 percent in 2021-22, 12.75 percent in 2022-23 and 13.01 percent in 2023-24.



2015-16 2016-17 2017-18 2018-19 2019-20 2020-21 2021-22 2022-23 2023-24

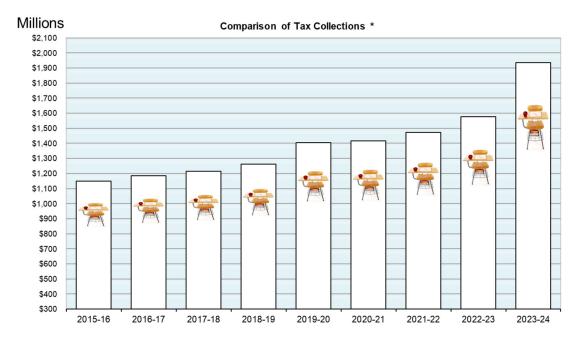
	Gross	Incr/(Decr)	% Incr/(Decr) as
	Taxable	As Compared To	Compared
Year	Value *	Prior Year	to Prior Year
2015-16	\$164,682,766,157	\$11,143,012,429	7.26%
2016-17	\$178,803,811,309	\$14,121,045,152	8.57%
2017-18	\$193,471,849,512	\$14,668,038,203	8.20%
2018-19	\$205,307,398,982	\$11,835,549,470	6.12%
2019-20	\$217,135,438,512	\$11,828,039,530	5.76%
2020-21	\$226,714,033,617	\$9,578,595,105	4.41%
2021-22	\$237,281,403,542	\$10,567,369,925	4.66%
2022-23	\$267,545,856,370	\$30,264,452,828	12.75%
2023-24	\$302,358,426,389	\$34,812,570,019	13.01%

*Gross Taxable Value as of budget adoption using July 1st Certified Taxable values



BROWARD COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOLS TAX COLLECTIONS

Local funding, mainly from property taxes, is required from each school district in order to participate in the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP). Each school board participating in the state allocation of funds for current operations of schools must levy the Required Local Effort (RLE) millage for its required local funding. Each district's share of the state total of RLE is determined by a statutory procedure, beginning with certification of the property tax valuations of each district by the Department of Revenue. The Commissioner of Education certifies each district's RLE rate, calculated by dividing the amount to be raised through the RLE by 96 percent of the gross taxable value, for school purposes, of the district. Certifications vary due to the use of assessment ratios designed to equalize the effort on the FEFP of differing levels of property appraisal in the counties. Millage rates are also adjusted, as RLE may not exceed 90 percent of a district's total FEFP entitlement.



As explained on the previous page, the housing market crash of 2007 also contributed to a subsequent decline in tax collections between 2008-09 and 2011-12. The four consecutive years of decline placed a financial hardship on school districts' budgets throughout the State of Florida. As the housing market bounced back, tax collections have also gradually increased from 2012-13 through 2023-24.

	School	Incr/(Decr)	% Incr/(Decr)
	Board	as Compared	as Compared
Year	Proceeds *	to Prior Year	to Prior Year
2015-16	\$1,149,986,343	\$53,638,801	4.89%
2016-17	\$1,185,477,852	\$35,491,509	3.09%
2017-18	\$1,214,582,221	\$29,104,369	2.46%
2018-19	\$1,261,980,236	\$47,398,015	3.90%
2019-20	\$1,404,807,229	\$142,826,993	11.32%
2020-21	\$1,415,827,330	\$11,020,101	0.78%
2021-22	\$1,472,002,715	\$56,175,385	3.97%
2022-23	\$1,576,585,664	\$104,582,949	7.10%
2023-24	\$1,935,074,581	\$358,488,917	22.74%

* Based on 96 percent collectability. The proceeds are as of budget adoption.

Note: The 2023-24 Millage rate is based on the 1st Calculation, and property values on the 7/1/2023 Taxable Value Report.

PROPERTY OWNER'S SCHOOL BOARD TAXES

Pursuant to the 1992 "Save Our Homes" (SOH) Amendment to the Florida Constitution, the assessed value of the Homestead property can increase by no more than 3 percent above last year's assessed value (or the annual consumer price index, whichever is less).

Average Home Value Property Tax

	Last	Last Year		This Year		Inc/(Dec)
Assessed Value		\$335,349	X	3.0%	\$345,409	\$10,060
Homestead Exemption ¹		25,000			25,000	0
Taxable Value		\$310,349		\$320,409		\$10,060
	Millage	Taxes	1	Millage	Taxes	
Non-Voted:						
Required Local Effort ²	3.1740	\$994		3.2290	\$1,035	\$41
RLE Prior Period Adjustment	0.0290	φ99 4		0.0000	\$1,000	
Discretionary	0.7480	232		0.7480	240	8
Capital Projects	1.5000	466		1.5000	481	15
Non-Voted Taxes	5.4510	\$1,692		5.4770	\$1,755	\$63
Voted:						
Referendum	0.5000	\$155		1.0000	\$320	\$165
GOB Debt Service	0.1873	58		0.1896	61	3
School Board Taxes	6.1383	\$1,905		6.6666	\$2,136	\$232

Average Condominium Value Property Tax

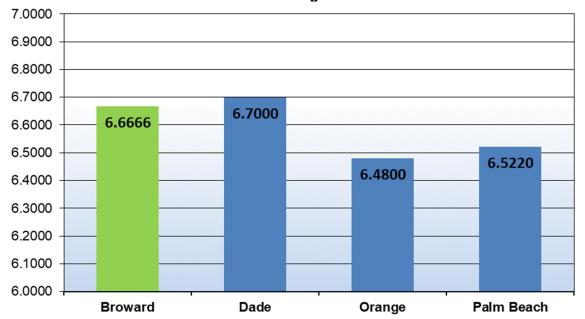
	Last Year]	This Year		Inc/(Dec)
Assessed Value		\$206,101	Χ	3.0%	\$212,284	\$6,183
Homestead Exemption ¹		25,000			25,000	0
Taxable Value	\$181,101				\$187,284	\$6,183
	Millage	Taxes] [Millage	Taxes	
Non-Voted:						
Required Local Effort ²	3.1740	\$580		3.2290	\$605	\$25
RLE Prior Period Adjustment	0.0290	φ 00 0		0.0000	\$005	φΖΟ
Discretionary	0.7480	135		0.7480	140	5
Capital Projects	1.5000	272		1.5000	281	9
Non-Voted Taxes	5.4510	\$987		5.4770	\$1,026	\$39
Voted:						
Referendum	0.5000	\$91		1.0000	\$187	\$97
GOB Debt Service	0.1873	34		0.1896	36	2
School Board Taxes	6.1383	\$1,112		6.6666	\$1,249	\$137

¹ Additional exemptions exist but do not apply to the calculation of the School Board taxes.

² The Required Local Effort is as of the FEFP 1st Calculation.

COMPARISON OF MILLAGE RATES AMONG THE FOUR LARGEST SCHOOL DISTRICTS

The proposed Required Local Effort (RLE) millage rate identified below could either increase or decrease from the following estimate based upon whether statewide tax rolls certified by the Department of Revenue in mid-July are higher or lower than those projected in the Appropriations Act passed by the Florida Legislature. In addition, the RLE prior period adjustment millage must be levied by a school district if the prior period unrealized required local effort funds are greater than zero. The Commissioner of Education shall calculate the amount of the prior period unrealized RLE funds and the millage required to generate that amount.



2023-24 Millage Rates*

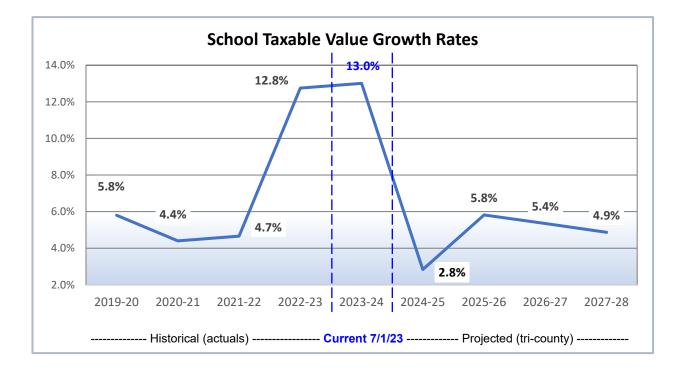
	Broward	Dade	Orange	Palm Beach
Required Local Effort (RLE)	3.2290	3.3190	3.2320	3.2740
RLE Prior Period Adjustment *	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Total RLE	3.2290	3.3190	3.2320	3.2740
Additional Operating	0.0000	0.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Discretionary Local Effort	0.7480	0.7480	0.7480	0.7480
Capital	1.5000	1.5000	1.5000	1.5000
Referendum	1.0000	1.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Voted Debt	0.1896	0.1330	0.0000	0.0000
Total Millage	6.6666	6.7000	6.4800	6.5220

* 2023-24 RLE millage rate is as of the FEFP 1st Calculation.

SCHOOL TAXABLE VALUE GROWTH RATES

The July 1, 2023, Broward County Property Appraiser's (BCPA) taxable value estimates are higher than previous projections by the State's Office of Economic and Demographic Research. BCPA taxable value estimates for the 2023-24 budget result in a 13 percent increase over the 2022-23 estimated school taxable values used to adopt the capital and general fund budgets last September. This is a direct result of recent large increases in South Florida property values. Over the next five years the District will generate additional capital millage (1.5 mills) and general funds discretionary millage (0.748 mills) when compared to estimates from last year.

The chart below shows that the future taxable value of property in Broward County is anticipated to continue to increase. However, growth rates over the next four years are anticipated to be lower than fiscal years 2022-23 and 2023-24. The District will continue to monitor trends in property values and work with the County Property Appraiser's office for future projections.



STUDENT ENROLLMENT HISTORY AND FORECASTING

Student Enrollment Projection Methodology

To forecast student enrollment at District schools, the Demographics & Enrollment Planning Department (DEP) uses a geographically based cohort survival model, similar to the one used by the U.S. Census Bureau for its population projections. A baseline kindergarten group, or cohort, is first calculated based on birth data obtained from The Bureau of Vital Statistics. The model then uses an "aging" concept that moves the cohort of students into the future and increases or decreases their numbers by attrition rates calculated from the three previous years' enrollment trends by grade. The resulting projection is then modified to reflect the impact of confounding variables such as trends in residential development, expanding school choice options, placement of Pre-K,



ESE clusters, the opening and closing of charter schools, and natural disasters, which can cause sudden changes in student enrollment.

For charter schools, which lack assigned attendance areas and can open and close unpredictably, a geographically based cohort projection model is not useful. The DEP Department employs a method that identifies the historical trend in the proportion of charter school enrollment to total District enrollment and carries that trend out over the five-year projection period to back-calculate anticipated charter school enrollment from projected District school enrollment. The resulting charter school enrollment projection is then distributed by elementary, middle, and high school levels in their entirety and is not disaggregated for individual schools.

At any given time, the following factors may have an effect on the projections:

- Changes in the rate of new housing development within the county can lead to "over" projections (for example, high-interest rates or a recession may slow new housing starts and growth).
- Economic conditions can lead to "under" projections (for example, creating jobs usually means families are moving in).
- Immigration.
- Natural phenomena (such as hurricanes) that relocate people very quickly.

There are also decisions made within the District that have an effect on projections, including:

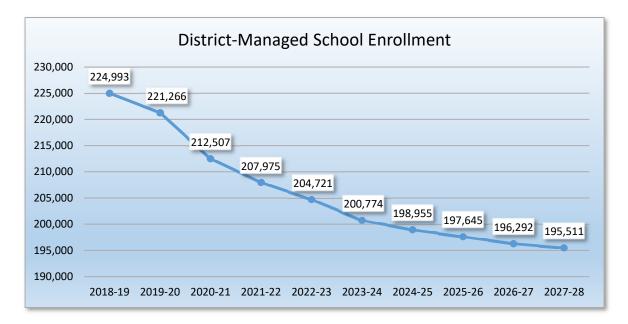
- The location and number of bilingual clusters.
- The location and number of Exceptional Student Education (ESE) clusters.
- Magnet programs (first-year projections are difficult due to the lack of a "track record").
- Reassignments Transfers between schools due to the District's reassignment policy.
- Choice Areas where students have a choice of more than one school to attend.
- Charter schools Opening and closing of charter school facilities throughout the year.
- Expanding FLDOE scholarship programs.

Once initial projections are prepared, the overall School District Cohort (grade by grade) model projections are compared and tested for reasonableness with other models, such as the Florida Department of Education projections and the Broward County Department of Urban Planning and Redevelopment population projections. In addition, District staff continues to gather all information that assists in making projections. For example, each year, the planning directors of municipalities in Broward County are contacted to discuss growth in their cities and provide current and forecasted building permits and certificates of occupancy. Staff also talks regularly with developers in the county, and growth is monitored through the Facility Planning and Real Estate Department. This information is also used in determining the adjustments to the cohort model and as a check of the model.

STUDENT ENROLLMENT HISTORY AND FORECASTING

Student Enrollment Trends

The graph below shows BCPS student enrollment from 2018-19 through 2022-23 and the five-year projected enrollment from 2023-24 through 2027-28. While the overall population in Broward County is projected to increase through 2045 and beyond, district-managed school enrollment continues to be negatively impacted by the proliferation of school choice options, such as the Family Empowerment Scholarship (FES), and the increase in virtual school options. As a result, enrollment at district-managed schools is projected to continue the steady decline over the next five years. From 2023-24 to 2007-28, enrollment in district-managed schools is projected to decrease by more than 5,200 students, with a total enrollment below 196,000.



In contrast, charter school enrollment increased by 1,617 students from 2021-22 to 2002-23 and is expected to continue the increasing trend. Over the next five years, charter schools are projected to increase by 4,157 students, from 49,663 students in 2022-23 to 53,820 students in 2027-28.

Projected Student Unweighted FTE (UFTE) vs. Enrollment Projections

Annually in December, the state requires districts to project total Unweighted FTE (students converted to Full-Time Equivalents) for the next school year using a forecasting software program provided by the state. UFTE is projected overall for the district by grade level and instructional program, including basic education, special education for exceptional students, English education for speakers of other languages, and career education. The software uses UFTE totals from previous years, grade progression ratios, non-promotions, and annual population data for births and children ages 3 and 4 years to assist districts in accurately projecting UFTE, which the state uses for calculating projected funding through the FEFP.

Every February, the District requires each school to project enrollment for the next school year based on the District's benchmark and projected enrollment data provided by the District's DEP Department. The total forecasted UFTE for the state differs from the total of the school-by-school enrollment projections due to the input allowed from the school principals that can change the projected enrollment initially provided by the DEP Department. Also, the variations for charter schools are unknown at the time of projection; therefore, administrators are unaware of the number of students who will transfer to other schools. The final projected enrollment from the schools is converted to UFTE and used to create projected budgets for each school. Projected school budgets are amended based on actual UFTE after FTE survey data is submitted to the state in October.

STUDENT ENROLLMENT DISTRICT AND CHARTER SCHOOLS

Student enrollment is based on the District's Benchmark Enrollment Count, which occurs on the Monday, or the first school day thereafter, following the Labor Day holiday. Enrollment counts are head counts in which each student, regardless of full-time or part-time status, is counted as one. However, Florida school district funding is determined by the recalibrated full-time equivalent (FTE). A student receiving 900 hours (720 hours for Pre-K through grade 3) or more of instruction per 180-day school year is recalibrated to 1.0 FTE, any student receiving less than 900 hours (720 hours for Pre-K through grade 3) per 180-day school year is recalibrate to less than 1.0 FTE. FLDOE will combine the FTE for a student reported in all Florida school districts, including FLVS, and will recalibrate all reported FTE to 1.0 FTE, except for the FTE reported by DJJ students beyond the 180-day school year. If a student is reported in more than one school district, the 1.0 FTE will be proportionally shared between all reported school districts. Also, a student that only has FTE enrollment reported in one survey of the 180-day school year (Survey 2 or Survey 3), will be capped at 0.5 FTE.

Voluntary Pre-Kindergarten (VPK) and Head Start students are included in the District's enrollment counts; however, these students do not generate FTE. BCPS serves over 110,000 adult students in the District's technical colleges and 21 community schools which are not included in enrollment counts as they do not generate FTE FEFP funding. In addition, students participating in the FLDOE scholarship programs are not included in the District's enrollment counts.

BCPS Stude	ent Enrollme	nt Counts,	2018-19 th	rough 2022	2-23	
PK - 12 Schools	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2022-23 Inc/(Dec)
Elementary Schools	97,176	94,809	87,950	85,421	86,660	1,239
Middle Schools	43,419	43,600	42,142	40,697	39,107	(1,590)
High Schools	67,946	67,416	67,180	67,199	66,124	(1,075)
Multi-Level Combination Schools	11,281	10,984	11,132	11,215	9,105	(2,110)
ESE Contract Agency Schools	362	346	294	263	227	(36)
Center Schools	4,447	4,111	3,809	3,180	3,498	318
District-Managed Schools Total	224,631	221,266	212,507	207,975	204,721	(3,254)
Charter Schools	45,919	46,704	48,208	48,046	49,663	1,617
Grand Total	270,550	267,970	260,715	256,021	254,384	(1,637)

The table below provides the District's Benchmark Day Enrollment from 2018-19 through 2022-23, with the enrollment increases or decreases between 2021-22 and 2022-23.



The tables below list the Benchmark Day Enrollment by school from 2018-19 through 2022-23, with the enrollment increases or decreases between 2021-22 and 2022-23.

Elementary Schools	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	22-23 Inc/(Dec
Atlantic West	712	690	644	633	618	(15
Banyan	612	565	490	450	401	(49
Bayview	578	551	501	526	553	2
Bennett	366	327	304	301	322	2
Boulevard Heights	669	668	648	604	586	(18
Broadview	806	746	699	684	734	5
Broward Estates	388	327	286	283	274	(9
C. Robert Markham	596	580	526	514	570	5
Castle Hill	621	590	566	554	560	
Central Park	865	815	755	730	702	(28
Challenger	1,033	948	943	903	910	
Chapel Trail	808	846	832	795	742	(53
Charles Drew	514	504	482	442	436	(6
Coconut Creek	629	606	526	468	470	
Coconut Palm	737	675	600	517	516	(*
Colbert	700	701	634	615	613	(2
Collins	369	346	334	298	307	
Cooper City	738	753	711	697	737	4
Coral Cove	666	638	560	519	500	(19
Coral Park	607	603	550	508	505	(;
Coral Springs*					465	46
Country Hills	845	870	811	866	838	(28
Country Isles	984	933	846	812	849	3
Cresthaven	585	568	515	505	468	(37
Croissant Park	771	757	710	706	691	(1:
Cypress	758	752	694	675	735	6
Dania	461	481	395	378	407	2
Davie	740	749	708	689	674	(1
Deerfield Beach	590	592	536	536	584	4
Deerfield Park	628	616	601	581	540	(4
Dillard	854	803	696	670	614	(5
Discovery	972	942	838	822	807	(1
Dolphin Bay	697	670	617	630	589	(4
Driftwood	640	601	608	528	512	(1)
Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. Academy	496	501	501	495	488	(
Eagle Point	1,420	1,349	1,245	1,160	1,175	1
Eagle Ridge	862	895	802	819	837	1
Embassy Creek	1,239	1,252	1,159	1,190	1,271	8
Endeavour Primary Learning Center	391	379	332	326	345	1
Everglades	1,031	1,027	965	902	921	1
Fairway	707	699	596	556	561	
Flamingo	666	675	609	620	651	3
Floranada	754	729	707	712	745	3
Forest Hills	726	686	711	700	696	(4
Fox Trail	1,200	1,176	1,114	1,093	1,131	3

Historic Benchmark Da	· France Il manage	0010 10 through	0000 00 /-	a satisa : . a d\
HISTORIC BERCHMARK DA	rennnment	2018-19 10/00/00	////-/3/0	onnnieni
I notorio Denormant Da		Loro is unough		on aca,

Elementary Schools, continued	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	22-23 Inc/(Dec)
Gator Run	1,313	1,259	1,210	1,252	1,213	(39)
Griffin	623	659	626	544	584	40
Harbordale	497	509	464	494	480	(14)
Hawkes Bluff	867	800	731	724	724	C
Heron Heights	1,142	1,139	1,048	1,049	1,040	(9)
Hollywood Central	433	416	368	334	346	12
Hollywood Hills	755	731	753	741	703	(38)
Hollywood Park	502	491	426	381	404	23
Horizon	587	574	558	548	562	14
Indian Trace	712	731	660	660	693	33
James S. Hunt	625	597	512	480	494	14
Lake Forest	727	661	591	561	564	3
Lakeside	749	697	650	624	622	(2
Larkdale	417	409	375	376	384	8
Lauderhill Paul Turner	674	620	552	504	549	45
Liberty	979	968	871	812	740	(72
Lloyd Estates	528	555	501	467	445	(22
Manatee Bay	1,210	1,196	1,052	1,037	1,058	2
Maplewood	746	724	655	608	580	(28
Margate	1,024	1,042	1,000	1,005	1,012	-
Mary M. Bethune	436	413	406	414	409	(5
McNab	620	665	609	600	616	16
Meadowbrook	709	745	688	703	722	19
Miramar	608	557	497	452	439	(13
Mirror Lake	671	658	598	597	602	ļ
Morrow	532	502	522	549	522	(27
Nob Hill	635	650	578	526	538	12
Norcrest	778	741	688	685	670	(15
North Andrews Gardens	875	846	820	783	774	(9
North Fork	442	422	417	413	353	(60
North Lauderdale*					635	63
North Side	363	347	337	330	326	(4
Nova Blanche Forman	769	770	763	757	774	1
Nova Dwight D. Eisenhower	768	768	758	754	757	:
Oakland Park	603	635	559	547	575	28
Oakridge	526	510	471	472	435	(37
Orange Brook	697	713	667	654	695	4
Oriole	657	667	613	565	634	6
Palm Cove	596	496	431	445	428	(17
Palmview	609	616	570	557	530	(27
Panther Run	555	493	432	401	378	(23
Park Lakes	1,006	958	919	931	956	2
Park Ridge	579	594	567	567	575	
Park Springs	1,011	1,000	878	847	840	(7
Park Trails	1,220	1,114	965	1,041	1,031	(10
Parkside	865	898	827	771	770	(1

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Historic Benchmark Day Enrollment, 2018-19 through 2022-23 (continued)

Elementary Schools, continued	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	22-23 Inc/(Dec
Pasadena Lakes	539	532	489	452	476	2
Pembroke Lakes	718	754	683	686	658	(28
Pembroke Pines	592	624	564	580	589	
Peters	716	688	623	606	612	
Pines Lakes	549	525	518	525	499	(26
Pinewood	584	669	628	623	672	4
Plantation	647	607	578	566	571	
Plantation Park	543	550	506	476	518	4
Pompano Beach	502	497	438	438	480	4
Quiet Waters	1,203	1,153	1,086	1,103	1,118	1
Ramblewood	880	797	760	718	703	(1
Riverglades	1,061	1,111	1,102	1,118	1,148	3
Riverland	557	573	534	481	484	
Riverside	732	735	693	681	676	(1
Rock Island	585	561	503	442	452	
Royal Palm	825	831	733	708	711	
Sanders Park	510	495	436	411	426	
Sandpiper	619	636	604	624	628	
Sawgrass	1,027	1,017	972	896	830	(6
Sea Castle	841	806	806	815	845	
Sheridan Hills	517	534	514	477	471	(
Sheridan Park	690	644	579	557	499	(5
Silver Lakes	414	410	375	333	358	
Silver Palms	635	582	535	504	463	(4
Silver Ridge	1,032	1,044	998	957	964	
Silver Shores	433	372	331	327	355	2
Stephen Foster	671	679	661	695	686	(
Stirling	602	567	511	522	526	, v
Sunland Park Academy	434	386	396	360	434	-
Sunset Lakes	897	835	819	782	749	(3
Sunshine	587	535	506	427	402	(2
Tamarac	740	672	645	596	628	(
Tedder	583	555	523	545	569	
Thurgood Marshall	423	431	382	317	326	
Tradewinds	1,242	1,201	1,054	996	974	(2
Tropical	1,011	980	825	904	843	(6
Village	711	663	593	550	552	,0
Virginia Shuman Young	690	698	656	668	682	
Walker	818	818	747	669	538	(13
Watkins	528	493	434	396	391	(13
Welleby	802	756	719	617	590	(2
West Hollywood	535	531	484	469	476	(2
Westchester	1,135	1,142	1,068	1,095	1,132	3
Westwood Heights	723	659	612	543	521	(2
Wilton Manors	616	601	604	543	521	(2)
Winston Park	1,206	1,123	1,033	1,006	1,031	
VVIII JUII FAIN	1,200	I,I∠Ə	1,000	1,000	1,031	L 4

*Prior to the 2022/23 school year, Coral Springs Elementary and North Lauderdale Elementary served grades prekindergarten through eight and were included in the combination schools section.

Historic Benchmark Day Enrollment, 2018-19 through 2022-23 (continued)

Historic Benchmark Day Enrollment, 2018-19 thro Middle Schools	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	22-23
Apollo	1,400	1,419	1,397	1,284	1,166	Inc/(Dec) (118)
Attucks	814	823	866	787	759	(110)
Bair	902	913	901	830	739	(50)
Coral Springs	1,147	1,185	1,053	975	1,011	36
Crystal Lake	1,147	1,165	1,055	1,148	1,011	(84)
, ,				,	,	()
Deerfield Beach	1,175	1,178	1,201	1,189	1,141	(48)
Driftwood	1,388	1,395	1,360	1,247	1,139	(108)
Falcon Cove	2,284	2,322	2,229	2,234	2,171	(63)
Forest Glen	1,360	1,313	1,240	1,125	1,104	(21)
Glades	1,396	1,492	1,360	1,341	1,168	(173)
Indian Ridge	1,982	1,979	1,904	1,954	2,013	59
James S. Rickards	882	974	952	816	759	(57)
Lauderdale Lakes	868	884	786	838	814	(24)
Lyons Creek	1,945	1,931	1,808	1,767	1,751	(16)
Margate	1,211	1,256	1,247	1,202	1,092	(110)
McNicol	745	816	775	697	653	(44)
New Renaissance	1,193	1,166	1,118	1,073	1,112	39
New River	1,574	1,621	1,537	1,548	1,583	35
Nova	1,296	1,292	1,333	1,319	1,292	(27)
Olsen	655	657	706	696	629	(67)
Pines	846	830	723	686	598	(88)
Pioneer	1,488	1,519	1,435	1,383	1,405	22
Plantation	717	688	689	660	586	(74)
Pompano Beach	1,106	1,048	1,059	1,020	1,045	25
Ramblewood	1,235	1,166	1,175	1,153	1,121	(32)
Sawgrass Springs	1,204	1,236	1,181	1,182	1,060	(122)
Seminole	1,126	1,150	1,186	1,198	1,076	(122)
Silver Lakes	706	679	662	684	776	92
Silver Trail	1,470	1,521	1,454	1,372	1,269	(103)
Sunrise	1,358	1,338	1,268	1,232	1,256	24
Tequesta Trace	1,614	1,585	1,498	1,448	1,451	3
Walter C. Young	1,108	1,071	1,014	990	872	(118)
Westglades	1,792	1,851	1,804	1,803	1,684	(119)
Westpine	1,022	1,054	1,029	949	922	(27)
William Dandy	1,003	909	911	867	785	(82)
TOTAL	43,419	43,600	42,142	40,697	39,107	(1,590)

Historic Benchmark Day Enrollment, 2018-19 through 2022-23 (continued)

Historic Benchmark Day Enrollment, 2018-19 High Schools	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	22-23 Inc/(Dec)
Atlantic Technical*	673	683	684	678	674	(4)
Blanche Ely	2,063	2,069	2,037	1,993	1,943	(50)
Boyd H. Anderson	1,808	1,730	1,896	1,982	2,056	74
Charles W. Flanagan	2,526	2,498	2,539	2,588	2,487	(101)
Coconut Creek	1,536	1,716	1,811	1,916	1,905	(11)
College Academy @ BC	445	442	451	451	449	(2)
Cooper City	2,368	2,358	2,343	2,347	2,357	10
Coral Glades	2,485	2,502	2,706	2,817	2,781	(36)
Coral Springs	2,816	2,723	2,555	2,495	2,326	(169)
Cypress Bay	4,807	4,788	4,676	4,852	4,717	(135)
Deerfield Beach	2,453	2,531	2,394	2,333	2,252	(81)
Everglades	2,352	2,267	2,146	2,020	2,053	33
Fort Lauderdale	2,132	2,248	2,325	2,336	2,234	(102)
Hallandale	1,236	1,186	1,178	1,084	1,106	22
Hollywood Hills	1,916	1,967	1,836	1,766	1,708	(58)
J. P. Taravella	3,150	2,901	2,813	2,752	2,585	(167)
Marjory Stoneman Douglas	3,319	3,244	3,350	3,575	3,511	(64)
McArthur	2,066	2,047	2,090	2,021	2,049	28
Miramar	2,432	2,296	2,112	2,095	1,942	(153)
Monarch	2,445	2,409	2,415	2,406	2,358	(48)
Northeast	1,693	1,627	1,612	1,587	1,555	(32)
Nova	2,238	2,248	2,295	2,279	2,248	(31)
Piper	2,439	2,287	2,221	2,229	2,325	96
Plantation	2,054	1,983	1,953	1,979	1,834	(145)
Pompano Beach	1,208	1,210	1,214	1,226	1,290	64
Sheridan Technical*	568	595	575	527	529	2
South Broward	2,309	2,354	2,327	2,308	2,407	99
South Plantation	2,290	2,291	2,323	2,275	2,232	(43)
Stranahan	1,411	1,452	1,521	1,499	1,443	(56)
West Broward	2,713	2,655	2,604	2,600	2,580	(20)
Western	3,383	3,496	3,575	3,592	3,583	(9)
William T. McFatter Technical*	612	613	603	591	605	14
TOTAL	67,946	67,416	67,180	67,199	66,124	(1,075)

*Atlantic Technical, Sheridan Technical, and William T. McFatter Technical also have adult enrollment which is not reflected in this report.

Combination Schools	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	22-23 Inc/(Dec)
Annabel C. Perry PK-8	735	709	695	678	629	(49)
Beachside Montessori Village	789	795	787	777	795	18
Broward Virtual Instruction Program	69	67	132	406	114	(292)
Broward Virtual School	357	405	704	708	593	(115)
Coral Springs PK-8*	692	671	628	583		(583)
Dillard 6-12	2,267	2,256	2,469	2,514	2,278	(236)
Gulfstream Academy of Hallandale Beach	1,598	1,527	1,391	1,455	1,298	(157)
Lauderhill 6-12	862	820	799	716	782	66
Millennium 6-12 Collegiate Academy	1,648	1,562	1,484	1,442	1,393	(49)
North Lauderdale PK-8*	762	774	742	663		(663)
Parkway	1,502	1,398	1,301	1,273	1,223	(50)
TOTAL	11,281	10,984	11,132	11,215	9,105	(2,110)

*Beginning in the 2022/23 school year, Coral Springs PK-8 and North Lauderdale PK-8 no longer serve grades six through eight and are now included in the elementary schools section.



Historic Benchmark Day Enrollment, 2018-19 through 2022-23 (continued)

ESE Contract Agency Schools	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	22-23 Inc/(Dec)
TOTAL	362	346	294	263	227	(36)

Centers	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	22-23 Inc/(Dec)
AMIKids of Greater Fort Lauderdale	44	16	14	16	15	(1)
Bright Horizons	151	152	145	132	143	11
Broward Detention Center	55	50	44	46	40	(6)
Broward Youth Treatment Center	38	31	13	28	42	14
Cross Creek School	140	141	133	124	102	(22)
Cypress Run Education Center	83	160	121	26	191	165
Dave Thomas Education Center West*	607	585	478	549	459	(90)
Gulfstream Early Learning Center		53	88	72	107	35
Henry D. Perry Education Center* **	1,532	1,196	1,281	885	993	108
Lanier-James Education Center	63	85	81	32	134	102
PACE Center for Girls, Inc.	76	82	66	67	53	(14)
Pine Ridge Education Center	70	59	60	34	38	4
Pompano Youth Treatment Center	21	21	16	13		(13)
Seagull School	205	255	197	176	145	(31)
The Quest Center	122	121	111	104	98	(6)
Whiddon Rogers Education Center*	938	798	650	620	615	(5)
Whispering Pines Exceptional Ed. Center	205	212	211	170	199	29
Wingate Oaks Center	97	94	100	86	124	38
	4,447	4,111	3,809	3,180	3,498	318

*Dave Thomas Education Center West, Henry D. Perry Education Center, and Whiddon Rogers Education Center also have adult enrollment which is not reflected in this report.

**Includes enrollment from Off Campus Learning Center, which merged with Henry D. Perry Ed. Center in 2017/18.

Charter Schools	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	22-23 Inc/(Dec)
TOTAL	45,919	46,704	48,208	48,046	49,663	1,617

DISTRICTWIDE SUMMARY	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	22-23 Inc/(Dec)
DISTRICT TOTAL WITHOUT CHARTERS	224,631	221,266	212,507	207,975	204,721	(3,254)
TOTAL CHARTERS	45,919	46,704	48,208	48,046	49,663	1,617
DISTRICT TOTAL WITH CHARTERS	270,550	267,970	260,715	256,021	254,384	(1,637)

Data Source: Student enrollment from TERMS

BCPS Historical and Five-Year Projected Enrollment										
BCPS		Hist	oric Enrollr	nent			Proje	cted Enrol	lment	
PK - 12 Schools	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24	2024-25	2025-26	2026-27	2027-28
District-Managed ⁽¹⁾	224,993	221,266	212,507	207,975	204,721	200,774	198,955	197,645	196,292	195,511
Charter Schools	45,919	46,704	48,208	48,046	49,663	50,334	51,206	52,077	52,949	53,820
District Total	270,912	267,970	260,715	256,021	254,384	251,108	250,161	249,722	249,241	249,331

(1) Includes VPK and Head Start students that do not generate FTE.

FLDOE Scholarships

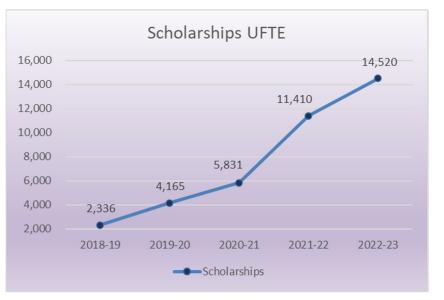
Prior to FY 2019-20, the scholarship program only included McKay Scholarships. During the 2019 Florida Legislative Session, the Family Empowerment Scholarship (FES) program was established, which provides private school scholarships for K-12 students from low-income and working-class families. In FY 2021-22, the FES program expanded to include students in the Gardiner Scholarship programs and increased the income eligibility limit to 375 percent of the federal poverty level (FPL). In FY 2022-23, the McKay Scholarship merged with FES program, and the current legislation further expanded FES to include dependents of Law Enforcement Officers, regardless of income, and exempt from the FES annual enrollment program cap. The enrollment cap for FES Unique Abilities (FES-UA) was also increased by 6,500 students in addition to an annual 1 percent cap increase.

On March 27, 2023, Governor Ron DeSantis signed into law House Bill 1, which expands available school choice options for all students in Florida. As of the 2023-24 school year, financial eligibility restrictions and the current enrollment cap for FES Educational Options (FES-EO) have been eliminated. Priority is given first to students whose household income level does not exceed 185% of the federal poverty level or who are in foster care or out-of-home care, then to students whose household income level exceeds 185% of the federal poverty level, but does not exceed 400%.

As previously noted, students enrolled in the FES program are not counted in the District's enrollment counts; however, Florida school districts are required to forecast and report the scholarship FTE. The funding generated through the scholarship FTE is adjusted back to FEFP and distributed directly from the FLDOE to the respective private schools.

The Scholarships UFTE graph represents the BCPS five-year historical scholarship UFTE. In FY 2018-19, only McKay Scholarships were included. The rising rate of increase in scholarship UFTE is directly attributed to the continued expansion of the FES program, most notably in FY 2021-22. Similar sharp increases are expected in FY 2023-24 with the elimination of financial eligibility requirements and enrollment caps.

7-24 🎆



STUDENT EXPENDITURES

Required Level of Detail

Section 1010.20, Florida Statutes requires program cost accounting and reporting on a school-byschool basis. Cost reporting has two central elements:

- Identification of direct program costs and aggregation of these costs by program.
- Attribution of indirect costs to programs on an appropriate basis.

Direct costs are classified into major objects. Indirect costs are classified as school level or district level. The distinction is made on the nature of the cost, rather than the cost center to which the expenditure is charged.

Three bases are used for attributing indirect costs to the instructional programs:

- Full-time equivalent students for those costs that tend to increase or decrease with the number of students or that are otherwise related to students, such as pupil personnel services and food service.
- Staff (number of full-time equivalent teachers paid from General Fund and Special Revenue Funds) for those costs that tend to increase or decrease with the number of teachers or that are otherwise more related to staff than students, such as instruction and curriculum development, instructional staff training, and general administration.
- Instructional Time/Space is used for those costs that vary with the amount of space used by programs, such as operation of plant, maintenance of plant, and facilities acquisition and construction.

Cost as a Percentage of Revenue

The cost information submitted to the Department of Education is used to develop the Cost as a Percentage of Revenue report (CAPOR).

The final expenditure data by type of Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) is part of the State required Cost as a Percent of Revenue (CAPOR) report. This report includes program expenditures per the Department of Education (DOE) Redbook and State Board of Education Rule 6A-1.014(2), which are coded to General Funds 1000, 1010, and Food Service Fund 4110. Listed below is a description of each column in the report, which is shown on the next page:

- The <u>Unweighted FTE (UFTE)</u> column lists each program category and the program's Unweighted FTE (Charter School UFTE is not included).
- The <u>FEFP Revenue</u> column indicates the revenue received from the DOE for each program (in thousands).
- The <u>Expenditures</u> columns include a <u>Total Direct</u> column that indicates instructional function expenditures. The <u>Total School</u> column combines direct and indirect (overhead) school-level expenditures, transportation, and allowable (State supplement) food service expenditures. The <u>Total Cost</u> column combines these school-level expenditures with the District's indirect (overhead) expenditures.
- The <u>Cost as a Percent of FEFP Revenue</u> columns indicate the percent of revenue expensed as <u>Total Direct</u>, <u>Total School</u>, and <u>Total Cost</u>.
- The <u>Cost per Unweighted FTE</u> columns compare cost for school years 2021-22 and 2020-21.

STUDENT EXPENDITURES

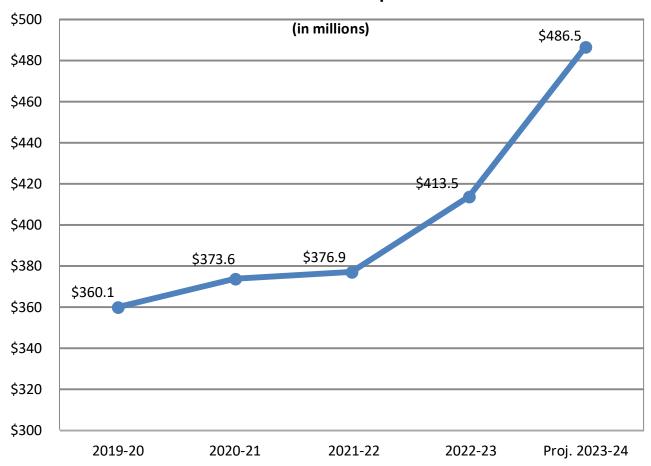
Cost as a Percentage of Revenue (cont.) An example of the CAPOR report showing the expenditure data for the 2021-22 school year is shown below:

	FEFP REVENUE (In thousands)	EXPENDITURES (In thousands)			COST AS A PERCENT OF FEFP REVENUE		OF	COST PER UNWTD FTE	
Unweighted FTE	Total Revenue	Total Direct	Total School	Total Cost	Total Direct	Total School	Total Cost	2021	2022
Basic Programs 137,476.20	\$905,850	\$572,295	\$965,674	\$1,008,105	63%		111%	\$ 7,448	\$ 7,333
ESOL Programs 15,892.39	117,047	70,317	118,490	124,066	60%	101%	106%	8,511	7,807
Exceptional Student F 43,337.28	Programs 362,941	355,229	556,934	578,807	98%	153%	159%	13,605	13,356
Vocational Programs 5,857.50	9-12 39,822	23,294	37,905	39,295	58%	95%	99%	6,630	6, 7 09
TOTAL K-12 202,563.37	\$1,425,660	\$1,021,13 5	\$1,679,003	\$1,750,273	72%	118%	123%	\$8,794	<mark>\$8,64</mark> 1



CHARTER SCHOOLS SHARE FTE AND EXPENDITURES

	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	Proj. 2023-24
Charter Schools Unweighted FTE	47,262.81	48,664.72	48,220.15	49,610.82	51,134.08

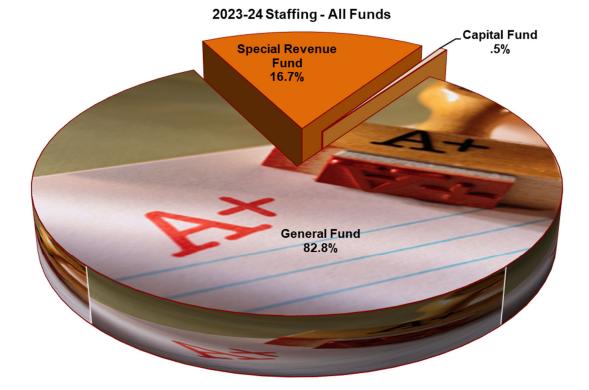


Charter Schools Expenditures

Note: Unweighted FTE for 2018-19 through 2022-23 as of FEFP final calculation. Projected unweighted FTE for 2023-24 based on DOE FTE Web Forecasting. Expenditures include Charter School Capital Outlay Funds. Expenditures for 2023-24 based on First Calculation.

2023-24 STAFFING – ALL FUNDS

The 2023-2024 Staffing - All Funds analysis shows that General Fund positions are 82.8% of the budgeted full time equivalent positions in the District. Positions within the Special Revenue Funds make up 16.7% of the total staffing, and .5% of District positions are in the Capital Fund. Budgeted positions include vacant positions as well as filled positions. Full time equivalent positions are determined by dividing the total of all standard salaries in a position by the standard salary for that position.



	Budgeted Full Time Equivalent Positions							
	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24	% to Total		
Fund:								
General Fund	24,114	23,587	22,338	22,418	22,829	82.8%		
Special Revenue Fund	4,251	4,243	5,615	5,077	4,621	16.7%		
Debt Service Fund	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%		
Capital Fund	187	188	194	133	133	0.5%		
Internal Services Fund	9	5	5	4	5	0.0%		
TOTAL	28,561	28,024	28,152	27,632	27,588	100.0%		

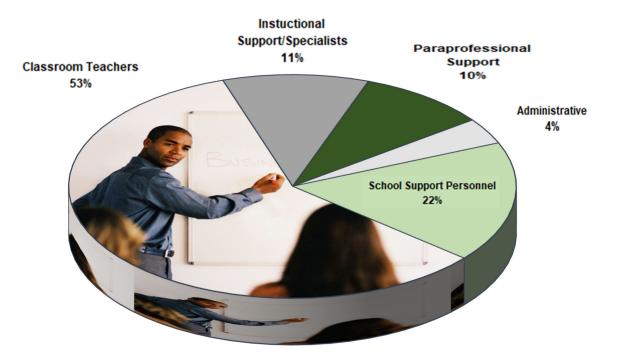
Overall, staffing from 2022-23 to 2023-24 is projected to decrease. Special Revenue decrease is attributed to decreased Funding Allocation. Capital Fund positions are projected to remain the same. Capital funded positions were reviewed as a result of Auditor General recommendations. Because of changes in the organization over time and the changes in the functions of certain positions those positions were moved to the general fund transfer because they support general fund maintenance/capital improvements and not capital budget projects. Capital transfer was increased to offset these costs. Internal Service Fund increased by 1 position in 2023-24.

2023-24 GENERAL FUND DETAILED PERSONNEL RESOURCE ALLOCATIONS

SCHOOL AND CENTER STAFF					Budgeted F/T Equiv Positions	Increase/
POSITIONS	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24	(Decrease)
ADMINISTRATIVE PERSONNEL:						
Principal	227.6	226.07	226.60	226.7	226.0	(0.7)
Assistant Principal	440.7	444.38	448.70	451.8	451.7	(0.1)
Supervisor, LPN, Nurse, & Specialists	55.2	51.85	47.70	46.3	42.2	(4.1)
TOTAL	723.4	722.3	723.0	724.8	719.9	(5.0)
INSTRUCTIONAL PERSONNEL:						
Classroom Teacher	11,617.1	11,189.4	10,149.7	9,976.9	10,022.0	45.1
TOTAL	11,617.1	11,189.4	10,149.7	9,976.9	10,022.0	45.1
INSTRUCTIONAL SUPPORT/SPECIALIST	S:					
Media Specialist/Librarian	116.4	105.7	100.0	114.6	127.9	13.3
Counselor/Director	483.6	477.8	492.3	512.4	514.9	2.6
ESE Specialist	174.0	181.7	171.6	179.6	177.2	(2.4)
Other	1,170.8	1,192.3	1,079.1	1,079.1	1,263.2	184.1
TOTAL	1,944.8	1,957.5	1,843.0	1,885.7	2,083.4	197.6
PARAPROFESSIONAL SUPPORT PERSO All Programs	DNNEL: 1.778.7	1,728.2	1,666.1	1,730.5	1,822.8	92.3
TOTAL	1,778.7	1,728.2	1,666.1	1,730.5	1,822.8	92.3
SCHOOL SUPPORT PERSONNEL: Clerical/Media Clerk Head/Asst. Facilities Serviceperson	1,692.7 445.0	1,676.5 448.1	1,553.2 444.5	1,692.9 448.6	1,692.5 448.0	(0.4) (0.6)
Facilities Serviceperson	933.6	922.7	959.3	937.2	938.4	1.2
Yardman Sagurity/Compute Manitor	18.0 541.3	17.0 221.1	18.4 181.2	17.7 911.3	17.0 962.9	(0.7) 51.6
Security/Campus Monitor Other	541.3 46.5	47.5	44.9	911.3 44.5	962.9 45.5	51.0 1.0
TOTAL	3,677.1	3,332.9	3,201.5	4,052.1	4,104.3	52.2
TOTAL SCHOOL AND CENTER	19,741.0	18,930.3	17,583.3	18,369.9	18,752.3	382.3
DIVISIONS					Budgeted F/T Equiv Positions	Increase/
POSITIONS	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24	(Decrease)
Administration	113.6	115.1	121.0	129.6	140.7	11.1
Technical	641.8	676.6	712.5	747.9	762.9	15.0
Clerical	641.5	645.2	653.8	674.1	679.0	4.9
Instructional Specialists	547.6	634.0	650.7	669.9	665.4	(4.5
Support*	1,908.0	2,586.1	2,616.5	1,826.4	1,828.9	2.5
Referendum - Security	521.0					0.0
Emergency IT Positions						0.0
TOTAL DEPARTMENT	4,373.5	4,657.0	4,754.5	4,047.9	4,076.9	28.9
GRAND TOTAL ALL STAFF	24,114.4	23,587.3	22,337.8	22,417.8	22,829.2	411.3

SCHOOL STAFFING – GENERAL FUND

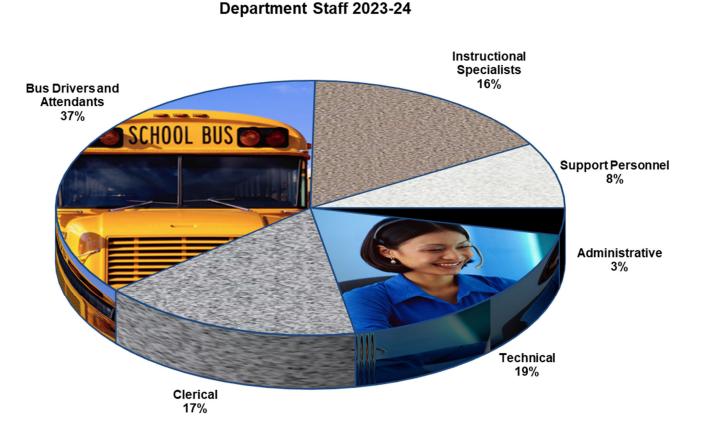
The 2023-24 School Staff analysis shows that teaching positions are 53% of the budgeted full time equivalent positions in schools. The remaining 47% are administrative and support positions, which include instructional support/specialists, paraprofessional support, clerical, security, and maintenance. Full time equivalent positions are determined by dividing the total of all standard salaries in a position by the average salary for that position.



SCHOOL STAFFING:	General Fund Budgeted Full Time Equiv. Positions			
	2023-24	% to Total		
Position:				
Classroom Teachers	10,022	53%		
Instructional Support/Specialists	2,083	11%		
Paraprofessional Support	1,823	10%		
Administrative	720	4%		
School Support Personnel	4,104	22%		
TOTAL	18,752	100%		

DEPARTMENT STAFFING – GENERAL FUND

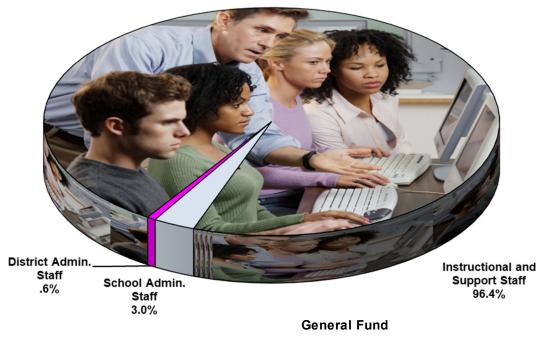
The 2023-24 Department Staff analysis shows that bus driver and attendant positions are 36% of the General Fund budgeted full time equivalent positions in departments and 17% are clerical. Instructional specialists, technical and support personnel, and administrators make up the remaining 47%. Full time equivalent positions are determined by dividing the total of all average salaries in a position by the average salary for that position.



DEPARTMENT STAFFING:	General Fund Budgeted Full Time Equiv. Positions		
	2023-24	% to Total	
Position:			
Administrative	141	3%	
Technical	763	19%	
Clerical	679	17%	
Bus Drivers and Attendants	1,487	37%	
Instructional Specialists	665	16%	
Support Personnel	342	8%	
TOTAL	4,077	100%	

ADMINISTRATIVE STAFFING – GENERAL FUND

School and District administrative budgeted full time equivalent positions make up 3.6% of the total budgeted full time equivalent positions. The remainder of the 22,010.6 budgeted full time equivalent positions are instructional and support staff. Full time equivalent positions are determined by dividing the total of all standard salaries in a position by the standard salary for that position.



Administrative Staff Comparison

	Budgeted Full Time	Equiv. Positions
	2023-24	% to Total
School Administrative Staff:		
Principals	226.0	1.0%
Assistant Principals	451.7	2.0%
Sub-Total	677.7	3.0%
District Administrative Staff:		
District Offices	140.7	0.6%
Sub-Total	140.7	0.6%
Total Administrative Staff	818.4	3.6%
Instructional and Support Staff	22,010.6	96.4%
TOTAL	22,829.0	100.0%

AMORTIZATION SCHEDULE CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION (COPs) - ALL SERIES

			Total Principal
Fiscal Year	Total Principal	Total Interest	& Interest
2023	87,225,000.00	67,472,972.90	154,697,972.90
2024	141,528,000.00	62,355,422.90	203,883,422.90
2025	100,710,000.00	57,774,672.90	158,484,672.90
2026	105,750,000.00	52,739,172.90	158,489,172.90
2027	162,675,000.00	47,451,672.90	210,126,672.90
2028	122,325,000.00	38,568,037.50	160,893,037.50
2029	129,425,000.00	32,451,787.50	161,876,787.50
2030	90,920,000.00	25,980,537.50	116,900,537.50
2031	78,980,000.00	21,434,537.50	100,414,537.50
2032	83,040,000.00	17,615,937.50	100,655,937.50
2033	69,785,000.00	13,463,937.50	83,248,937.50
2034	65,290,000.00	10,291,000.00	75,581,000.00
2035	68,550,000.00	7,026,500.00	75,576,500.00
2036	71,980,000.00	3,599,000.00	75,579,000.00
TOTAL	\$ 1,378,183,000.00	\$ 458,225,189.50	\$ 1,836,408,189.50

This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for the payment of debt principal, interest, and related costs on the long term certificates of participation (COPs). The Certificates of Participation are liquidated through the COP-Series Debt Service Fund from the proceeds of the capital millage levied by the District.

AMORTIZATION SCHEDULE CAPITAL OUTLAY BOND ISSUES (COBI) - ALL SERIES

						Total Principal
Fiscal Year	T	otal Principal	T	otal Interest		& Interest
2023		1,238,000.00		159,220.00		1,397,220.00
2024		407,000.00		114,620.00		521,620.00
2025		442,000.00		94,270.00		536,270.00
2026		479,000.00		72,170.00		551,170.00
2027		499,000.00		48,220.00		547,220.00
2028		543,000.00		23,270.00		566,270.00
2029		102,000.00		5,100.00		107,100.00
TOTAL	\$	3,710,000.00	\$	516,870.00	ç	4,226,870.00

The Capital Outlay Bond Issues (COBI) are retired by the State for the District. The bonds mature serially and are secured by a pledge of the District's share of revenue from the sale of license plates. The State Board of Administration determines the sinking fund requirements for these bonds annually.

AMORTIZATION SCHEDULE GENERAL OBLIGATION BOND ISSUES (GOBI) - ALL SERIES

			Total Principal
Fiscal Year	Total Principal	Total Interest	& Interest
2023	14,525,000.00	38,355,094.44	52,880,094.44
2024	16,820,000.00	36,059,762.50	52,879,762.50
2025	17,665,000.00	35,218,762.50	52,883,762.50
2026	18,545,000.00	34,335,512.50	52,880,512.50
2027	19,395,000.00	33,492,337.50	52,887,337.50
2028	20,300,000.00	32,580,637.50	52,880,637.50
2029	21,265,000.00	31,610,900.00	52,875,900.00
2030	22,275,000.00	30,610,550.00	52,885,550.00
2031	23,320,000.00	29,562,250.00	52,882,250.00
2032	24,415,000.00	28,464,300.00	52,879,300.00
2033	25,565,000.00	27,314,300.00	52,879,300.00
2034	26,770,000.00	26,109,650.00	52,879,650.00
2035	28,030,000.00	24,847,700.00	52,877,700.00
2036	29,355,000.00	23,525,800.00	52,880,800.00
2037	30,740,000.00	22,140,850.00	52,880,850.00
2038	32,190,000.00	20,689,950.00	52,879,950.00
2039	33,710,000.00	19,170,000.00	52,880,000.00
2040	35,300,000.00	17,577,650.00	52,877,650.00
2041	26,895,000.00	15,909,500.00	42,804,500.00
2042	28,240,000.00	14,564,750.00	42,804,750.00
2043	29,655,000.00	13,152,750.00	42,807,750.00
2044	31,140,000.00	11,670,000.00	42,810,000.00
2045	32,690,000.00	10,113,000.00	42,803,000.00
2046	34,325,000.00	8,478,500.00	42,803,500.00
2047	36,050,000.00	6,762,250.00	42,812,250.00
2048	26,190,000.00	4,959,750.00	31,149,750.00
2049	27,505,000.00	3,650,250.00	31,155,250.00
2050	28,880,000.00	2,275,000.00	31,155,000.00
2051	16,620,000.00	831,000.00	17,451,000.00
TOTAL	\$ 758,375,000.00	\$ 604,032,756.94	\$ 1,362,407,756.94

On November 14, 2014, the residents of Broward County approved the issuance of up to \$800 million of General Obligation Bond Funds; the "District" has also provided an additional \$516 million to aid in this project. This amount will be used to provide resources over a five-year period to fund critically needed projects and programs in Safety, Music and Art, Athletics, Renovation and Technology (SMART).

AMORTIZATION SCHEDULE FINANCIAL PURCHASES (FORMER CAPITAL LEASES)

			Total Principal
Fiscal Year	Total Principal	Total Interest	& Interest
2023	29,472,732.23	2,408,132.91	31,880,865.14
2024	28,050,614.96	1,831,208.25	29,881,823.21
2025	24,352,264.47	1,311,148.16	25,663,412.63
2026	15,970,533.28	841,476.14	16,812,009.42
2027	6,979,768.98	508,223.51	7,487,992.49
2028	6,207,921.04	369,619.32	6,577,540.36
2029	4,979,460.00	254,495.12	5,233,955.12
2030	2,509,769.88	64,466.28	2,574,236.16
2031	243,616.93	7,789.93	251,406.86
2032	259,803.90	4,020.21	263,824.11
TOTAL	\$ 119,026,485.67	\$ 7,600,579.83	\$ 126,627,065.50

Financial Purchases (former Capital Leases) effective FY 2023 should be included with Debt Service Funds due to the implementation of the GASB87.

School and Student Performance Background Information

Beginning in the 1990's, there has been an increasing interest in holding school personnel accountable for their students' academic success. All fifty states have designed and implemented a state accountability system that can be used to assess the success of individual school personnel in ensuring that students meet state-determined standards. Under Florida's A+ Plan for Education, schools are identified as being in one of the following five school performance grade categories based on points awarded for students who make annual learning gains or maintain high standardized test scores.

Scale Α 62% or greater Schools making excellent progress В 54%-61% Schools making above average progress Schools making satisfactory progress С 41%-53% Schools making less than satisfactory progress 32%-40% D Schools failing to make adequate progress F Below 32%

School Grade Scale (Effective 2015)

The school grade calculation was revised by the Florida Department of Education (FDOE) for the 2014-15 school year. The revision was intended to simplify the school grade formula and refocus on student outcomes in alignment with the 2015 Florida Statutes, specifically F.S. 1008.22. The revised formula consists of achievement, learning gains, acceleration, and graduation rate. Previously, additional factors were used to raise and lower school grades.

Additional changes include a more rigorous method for calculating learning gains, the requirement of schools to test 95 percent of their students to receive a school grade, and the creation of a new scale for assigning school grades which decompresses the range between grades such that there are at least five percentage points between each grade.

Achievement is based on the percent of students who achieve on-grade-level scores, defined as level 3 or higher, on the standardized tests. These tests include English Language Arts (ELA) in grades 3-10 and Mathematics in grades 3-8, the State Standardized Assessment for Science in grades 5 and 8, and End-of-Course exams for Algebra I, Biology, Civics, Geometry, and US History.

School year 2022-23 marks the first year for Florida Assessment of Student Thinking (FAST). The FAST replaces the FSA in ELA and Math. The FAST is based on Florida's newest standards, Benchmark for Excellent Student Thinking (B.E.S.T.) an adaptive performance-based test. The FAST differs from the FSA in that it is administered three times each year as a progress monitoring tool (PM1, PM2, and PM3) with PM3 results used for Accountability purposes. The Science tests and EOCs remain unchanged except Algebra 1 and Geometry are now aligned to the B.E.S.T. standards. The 2022-23 school year will also be the baseline year for school grades under the new testing requirements. School and district grades will be informational. School and district grades will not include learning gains and schools will not be subject to sanctions or penalties. School and district grades will not be released until winter of 2023 according to FDOE.

School and Student Performance Background Information (continued)

Elementary school grades are calculated by taking the average achievement score for ELA, Math, and Science. Achievement is the percent of students achieving a level 3 or higher on the FAST in the respective area. The Science component consists exclusively of performance on the 5th grade statewide science assessment. The charts below show the school grades components for the 2022-23 school year. The school grades for the 2022-23 school year do not include the learning gains components as shown by the strikethrough in the chart. When they resume in 2023-24, learning gains will continue to be part of school grades and will be based on end-of-year comparisons (PM3 to PM3). The 2022-23 school and district grades will be informational baseline grades.

Elementary School Grades Model (2022-23 Only)									
ELA Grade 3, 4, 5	Math Grades 3, 4, 5	Science Grade 5							
Achievement (0% to 100%)	Achievement (0% to 100%)	Achievement (0% to 100%)							
Learning Gains (0% - 100%)	Learning Gains (0% - 100%)								
Learning Gains of the Low 25% (0% - 100%)	Learning Gains of the Low 25% (0% - 100%)								

At the middle and high school levels, schools receive acceleration points for students who successfully complete accelerated coursework. In middle school, this means either taking high school level classes and passing the corresponding End of Course (EOC) exams or attaining industry certification. The middle school acceleration score is calculated as follows:

of students who passed high school EOC exams + # of students who passed industry certifications # of 8th grade students achieving a level 3 or higher on the 7th grade math achievement test + # of students who took high school EOC exams and/or industry certifications

	Middle Scho	ol Grades Model (2	2022-23 Only)	
ELA Grades 6,7,8	Math Grades 6,7,8	Science Grade 8	Social Studies (Civics EOC)	Acceleration Success
Achievement (0% to 100%)	Achievement (0% to 100%)	Achievement (0% to 100%)	Achievement (0% to 100%)	The number of students who
Learning Gains (0% to 100%)	Learning Gains (0% to 100%)			passed H.S. EOCs or industry
Learning Gains of the Low 25% (0% to 100%)	Learning Gains of the Low 25% (0% to 100%)			certifications divided by the number of students eligible for advanced coursework. (0% to 100%)

In high school, accelerated coursework consists of Advanced Placement (AP), International Baccalaureate (IB), Cambridge Advanced International Certificate in Education (AICE), Dual Enrollment, and industry certification. As with middle school, students need to pass EOC exams or earn industry certification to count for acceleration. High school grades also consist of the previous year's graduation rate and acceleration information. Acceleration is calculated as follows:

Students who were eligible to earn college credit through AP, IB, or AICE examinations + students who earned a C or better in dual enrollment + students who earned a CAPE certification (for prior year)

Graduation Cohort (for prior year)

	High School Grades Model (2022-23 Only)										
ELA Grades 9,10	Math (EOCs)	Science (Biology 1 EOC)	Social Studies (US History EOC)	Graduation Rate	Acceleration Success						
Achievement (0% to 100%)	Achievement (0% to 100%)	Achievement (0% to 100%)	Achievement (0% to 100%)	Overall, 4- year	Percent of students						
Learning Gains (0% to 100%)	Learning Gains (0% to 100%)			Graduation Rate from prior year	eligible to earn college credit through AP,						
Learning Gains of the Low 25% (0% to 100%)	Learning Gains of the Low 25% (0% to 100%)			(0% to 100%)	IB, AICE, dual enrollment or earning industry certification (0% to 100%)						

School and Student Performance Background Information (continued)

Florida Assessment of Student Thinking (FAST)

Standardized test scores are the primary means of assessing progress in Broward County. Beginning with the 2022–23 school year, Florida's statewide, standardized assessments in Reading, Writing, and Mathematics will be aligned with the Benchmarks for Excellent Student Thinking (B.E.S.T.). The Florida Assessment of Student Thinking (FAST), which includes VPK through grade 10 Reading and VPK

through grade 8 Mathematics assessments, will be administered as a progress monitoring assessment, which students will participate in three times per year. B.E.S.T. assessments that are not part of the FAST progress monitoring program include grades 4–10 Writing and end-of-course (EOC) assessments in Algebra 1 and Geometry.

> Level 1: Inadequate Level 2: Below Satisfactory Level 3: On-Grade-Level Level 4: Proficient Level 5: Mastery



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PERFORMANCE ACCOMPLISHMENTS

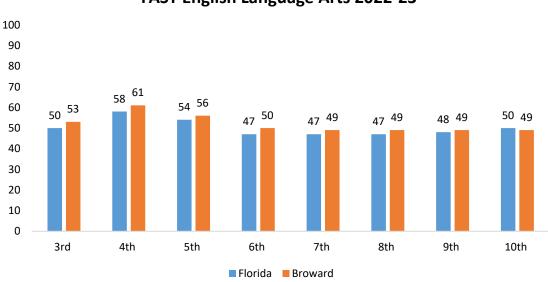
School Performance

The table below shows school grade distributions for the 2018-19 and 2021-22 school years.

					•••		Tra	aditional	and	Char	ter So	chools								
		Elem	entary			Mic	idle			Hi	gh		(Combi	inatio	n		To	tal	
~ 1	20	19	202	22	20	19	20	22	20	19	20	22	20	19	20)22	20	19	202	22
Grade	п	%	п	%	п	%	п	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	п	%	п	%	п	%
	57	34	61	37	17	35	12	27	16	43	14	35	15	44	18	55	105	36	105	37
A B	37 45	54 27	48	37 29	17	33 27	12	27	4	43 11	14 6	35 15	6	44 18	18 6	55 18	68	36 24	71	37 25
C D	54	32	44	27	19	39	21	47	16	43	19	48	12	35	9	27	101	35	93	33
D	12	7	8	5	0	0	1	2	0	0	1	2	1	3	0	0	13	5	10	4
F	0	0	3	2	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	3	1
Total	168		164		49		45		37		40		34		33		288		282	
									Trad	itiona	l Sch	ools								
А	44	33	46	34	9	26	6	20	14	45	12	38	2	20	2	25	69	33	66	32
В	37	27	42	31	11	31	5	17	3	10	4	12	3	30	2	25	54	26	53	26
C	47	35	38	28	15	43	18	60	14	45	16	50	4	40	4	50	80	38	76	37
D F	0	5 0	6 2	5 2	0	$\begin{array}{c} 0\\ 0\end{array}$	1	3 0	0	$\begin{array}{c} 0\\ 0\end{array}$	0	0	1 0	10 0	0	0	8 0	4 0	7 2	3
		0		Z		0	0	0		0	0	0		0		0	-	0		1
Total	135		134		35		30		31		32		10		8		211		204	
									Cha	arter	Schoo	ls								
Α	13	39	15	50	8	57	6	40	2	33	2	25	13	54	16	64	36	47	39	50
B	8	24	6	20	2	14	6	40	1	17	2	25	3	13	4	16	14	18	18	23
C D	7 5	21 15	6 2	20 7	4 0	29 0	3 0	20 0	2 0	33 0	3	38 12	8 0	33 0	5 0	20 0	21 5	27 6	17 3	22 4
F F	0	0	1	3	0	0	0	0	1	17	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	5 1	4 1
Total	33	0	30	5	14	0	15	v	6	17	8	0	24	0	25	Ŭ	77	1	78	1

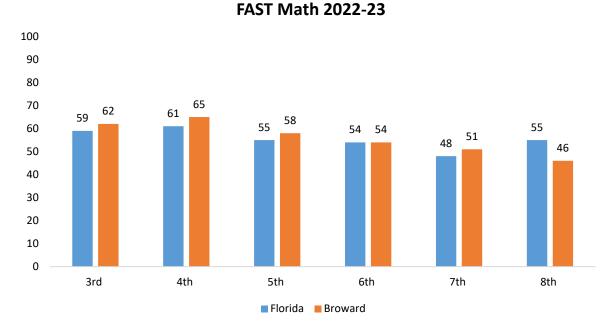
School Grade Distributions 2018-19 & 2021-22*

Student Performance – State Standardized Tests*

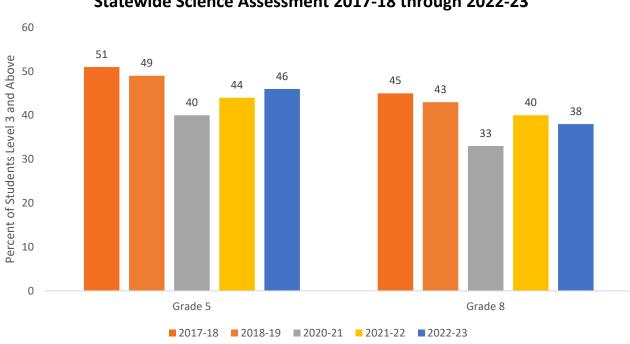


FAST English Language Arts 2022-23

* There are no updates for School Grades for 2023 until Standard Setting has occurred during the 2023-23 Summer. School grades are anticipated to be released in the Winter of 2023.

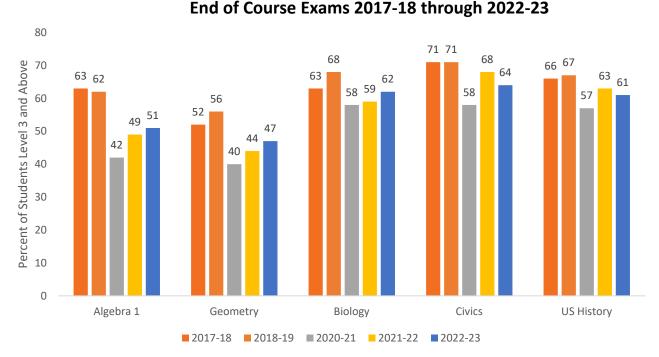


Student Performance – State Standardized Tests (continued)*



Statewide Science Assessment 2017-18 through 2022-23

* There are no updates for School Grades for 2023 until Standard Setting has occurred during the 2023-23 Summer. School grades are anticipated to be released in the Winter of 2023.



Student Performance – State Standardized Tests (continued)*

* There are no updates for School Grades for 2023 until Standard Setting has occurred during the 2023-23 Summer. School grades are anticipated to be released in the Winter of 2023.

College Entrance Testing

Each year, the District's high school students participate in college entrance testing. The two most common assessments are the American College Test (ACT) and SAT (note the SAT used to stand for Scholastic Aptitude Test, then Scholastic Assessment Test, and is currently the official name rather than an acronym). Students elect to take the ACT and/or SAT based on personal preference or requirements of the college of their choice. They can also use scores from these exams to satisfy English Language Arts (ELA) graduation criteria if they were unable to achieve the necessary score on the grade 10 FSA ELA or the Algebra I EOC. For school year 2020-21, students needed to achieve a scale score of 350 on the grade 10 FSA ELA and a scale score of 497 on the Algebra I EOC to meet graduation requirements; however, students who are unable to achieve these scores can satisfy the ELA graduation requirement by earning a score of either a 430 on the Evidence-Based Reading and Writing portion of the SAT, a score of 24 on the reading portion of the SAT, or a score of 19 on the ACT. Students can satisfy the Algebra I EOC graduation requirement by scoring a 114 on the Postsecondary Education Readiness Test (PERT). Beginning with the school year 2018-19, students were also able to satisfy the Algebra I requirement by earning a score of 420 or higher on the SAT Math section, or a 430 on the PSAT Math section. Across most of the nation, the ACT and SAT are administered strictly as college entrance exams to college-bound eleventh and twelfth-grade students; however, in Florida, the ACT and SAT may also be taken by struggling students to satisfy alternate graduation requirements. Therefore, Broward and Florida results on these assessments typically reflect lower average scores than at the national level due to the dissimilarity between tested populations.

American College Test (ACT)

Many students opt to take the ACT as their ELA graduation requirement replacement test. School year 2022-23 average scores are lower than ACT's College Readiness Benchmark scores for all subtests. The table below displays information on districtwide ACT participation and subtest mean scores for students in grade 12, as well as ACT College Readiness Benchmark Scores. As stated on ACT, Inc.'s website, the benchmark scores represent "the level of achievement required for students to have a 50 percent chance of obtaining a B or higher or about a 75 percent chance of obtaining a C or higher in corresponding credit-bearing first-year college courses." Scores were higher in 2021 than in previous years due to the pandemic. Those who opted to come in to test during the pandemic were better prepared than were the groups who tested in prior years.

			College-Readiness Benchmark Scores, ACT						
			Reading	English	Science				
		-	22	22	18	23			
				Average ACT So	ores, BCPS				
Year	Grade	n	Reading	Mathematics	English	Science			
2019	12	4,880	20.5	18.3	18.3	18.4			
2020	12	4,796	19.9	18.0	18.1	18.4			
2021	12	1,843*	22.8	20.2	21.5	21.0			
2022	12	3,464	19.5	17.4	17.8	18.0			
2023	12	4,538	19.5	17.4	17.9	17.9			
m - accurat									

n = count

**n* is lower for 2021 due to the pandemic.

SAT

The SAT is a comprehensive, standardized college entrance test used to provide information for college admission. The SAT measures verbal and mathematical abilities deemed critical for successful college academic performance. Broward County Public Schools (BCPS) offered an SAT School Day administration for the first time in 2016 to all 11th grade students at its traditional schools. This new initiative was put in place to eliminate the economic and logistical barriers that have limited students' participation in the SAT in the past. To increase SAT participation throughout the District, BCPS partnered with the College Board to provide a school day administration of the SAT to all 11th grade students enrolled in the District's traditional schools. BCPS held the eighth annual SAT School Day on March 1, 2023 and, like in previous years, invited all 12th grade students who had not yet met the English Language Arts (ELA) graduation testing requirement to participate as well. Following a change in Algebra 1 concordance rules to include the SAT, 12th graders who had not met the Algebra 1 End of Course graduation test requirements were offered the test for the first time in March 2019. The following data summarize 11th grade student participation and scores (Evidence-Based Reading and Writing, or EBRW, and Math) from the 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, and 2023 SAT School Day administrations.

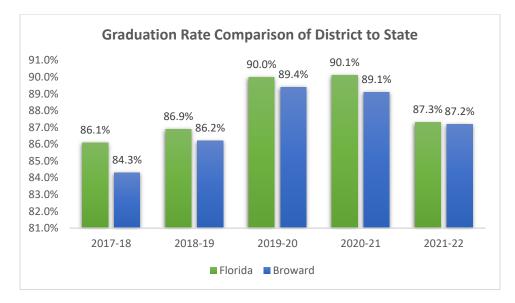
	Grade 11	n	%	Average	Scores
	Enrollment	Scores	Tested	EBRW	Math
2019	17,509	15,974	91.2%	496	469
2020	16,876	15,075	89.3%	492	465
2021	17,145	13,383	78.1%	499	464
2022	17,031	14,582	85.6%	493	452
2023	17,168	15,015	87.5%	494	452

SAT Grade 11 – SAT School Day

n = count

Graduation Rate

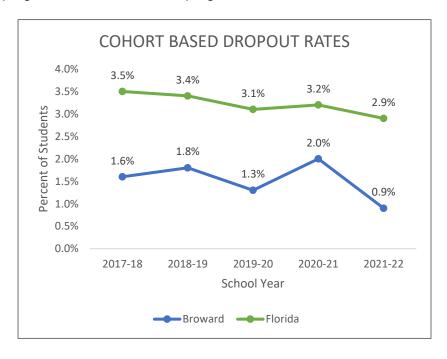
BCPS' 2021-22 graduation rate was 87.2 percent. The graduation rates for the past five years for both BCPS and the State are illustrated below. The graduation rate is calculated using the Federal Graduation Rate, which includes all on-time graduates who earn a standard diploma and excludes both special diplomas and GEDs. The graduation rate calculation is as follows:



[On-time graduates in year x] / [(first-time entering 9th graders in year x-4) + (transfers in) – (transfers out)]

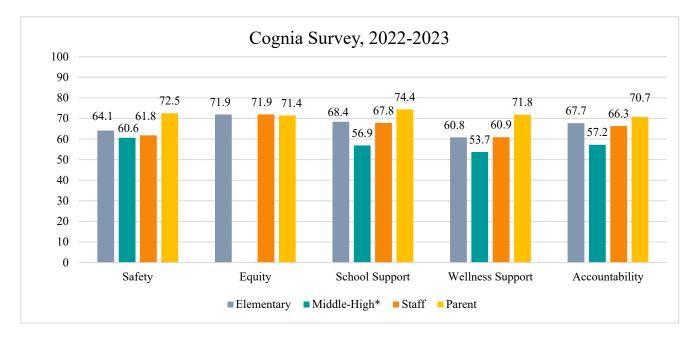
Dropout Rate

The cohort dropout rate is the percentage of students who drop out of school within four years of their first enrollment in ninth grade. Deceased students and students who transfer out after enrollment are removed from the calculation. Students transferring in are included in the rate. A dropout is defined as a student who withdraws from school for any of several reasons without transferring to another school, home education program, or adult education program.



Cognia Survey

In the 2022-2023 school year, BCPS conducted the Cognia survey to assess the impressions of the BCPS school system among students, teachers, non-instructional staff, and parents. Although each group of respondents received different survey questions, they were all asked about the same five domains regarding their school environment. Questions within these domains were aligned to the 2022-2027 Strategic Plan Guardrails: Safety, Equity, School Support, Wellness Support, and Accountability. The graph above illustrates the percentage of agreement or strong agreement from each group, regarding positive statements made about each domain. Elementary school students and staff expressed high satisfaction with BCPS, with more than sixty percent of each group agreeing with positive statements across nearly all domains. Satisfaction levels were more varied among middle and high school students, with just over fifty percent of these students agreeing with positive statements in all categories except Safety. Overall, the survey data revealed predominantly positive attitudes towards BCPS across various stakeholder groups, with high levels of satisfaction observed among elementary school students, parents, and staff.



Note. Equity on the Middle-High survey could not be evaluated due to items that did not assess customer satisfaction. As a result, the percentage of positive responses could not be calculated and reported.

PERFORMANCE ACCOMPLISHMENTS

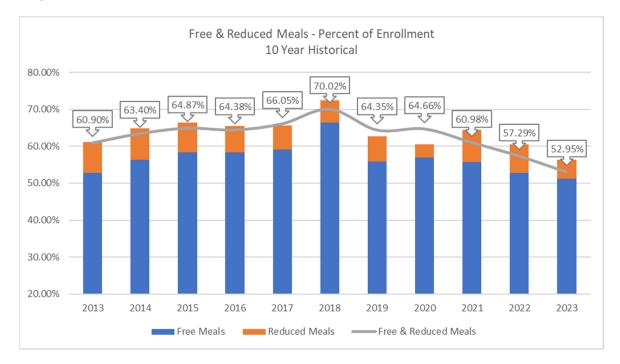
SCHOOL LUNCH PROGRAM

In FY23, the district moved to a hybrid model of the National School Lunch Program (NSLP) by implementing the Community Eligibility Provision (CEP). CEP is a non-pricing meal service option for schools and school districts in low-income areas that allows the qualifying schools and districts to serve breakfast and lunch at no cost to all enrolled students without collecting household meal applications. 167 Schools qualified and became CEP schools based on April data collected and submitted to the FDOACS. The April data is derived from direct certification students that qualify from SNAP, TANF, Head Start, homeless, migrant, foster. The 61 Schools that did not qualify for CEP continued operating the National School Lunch and Breakfast Program with universal free breakfast. Applications are required to establish student eligibility in the Free and Reduced National School Lunch Program for claiming student meals.

For FY24 the district will expand the CEP program to 180 schools. The remaining 47 schools will continue with universal free breakfast, while implementing a pilot for Universal Free Lunch where all students will eat free for both breakfast and lunch. Free and Reduce meal applications will be required in these 47 schools to establish student eligibility in the Free and Reduced National School Lunch Program for claiming student meals.

There is a continued decrease in the Free and Reduced percentage as no Free and Reduced Meal Applications were permitted to be processed for the 167 CEP sites, with only Direct Certification data being captured and utilized for those school sites.

FY19 through FY22 were impacted by COVID-19. The Food and Nutrition Services Department implemented Summer Feeding program for part of FY19, FY20 and FY21, where meals were available at no cost regardless of student meal eligibility, then moved to the Summer Seamless Option (SSO) beginning August 18, 2021, through June 9, 2022, where students continued to eat at no charge at the school they were enrolled in, regardless of their individual meal eligibility status. During these fiscal years and programs implemented, it limited the need for households to apply for meal benefits, reducing the percentage of Free and Reduced students. Communication continued with parents and guardians through Parent Link, recommending households complete the meal benefit application and the meal benefit disclosure in an effort to establish student meal eligibilities and stabilize the Free and Reduced percentages.



GLOSSARY

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Accretion

Asset growth, by internal expansion or acquisition.

Accrual Basis of Accounting

An accounting method where revenue or expenses are recorded when a transaction occurs rather than when payment is received or made.

Additional Support

Requested funding by various locations and approved by Department Head, Cabinet Member, and CFO to meet legislation, federal requirement, or initiative.

Ad Valorem Tax

A tax levied primarily on the value of real property. The amount of tax is determined by multiplying the taxable assessed value of the property times the millage rate.

Advanced International Certificate of Education (AICE) Bonus FTE

Additional FTE funding earned by students scoring a level E or higher on a subject exam or earns an AICE diploma. The AICE teacher bonus payments are distributed from these funds.

Advanced Placement (AP)

Advanced placement consists of coursework and examinations created by the College Board to allow students to complete college-level course credits while still in high school.

Advanced Placement (AP) Bonus FTE

Additional FTE funding earned by student enrolled in AP courses and earns a score of a level three or higher on each College Board AP Subject examination. The AP teacher bonus payments are distributed from these funds.

Allocation

Component of an appropriation earmarking expenditures for a specific purpose.

Allotment

The portion of an appropriation that may be encumbered or spent during a specified period.

Alternative to External Suspension Program (AES)

Program offered to students for a period comparable to the anticipated length of suspension, as per the District's discipline matrix.

Appropriation

Funds set aside for a specific purpose.

At-Large

Electors chosen to represent the whole of a district, in distinction from those chosen to represent specific areas within the district.

Balanced Budget

A budget is balanced when the sum of estimated net revenues, including beginning fund balance, is equal to the sum of the estimated appropriations, including ending fund balance.

Base Student Allocation (BSA)

The dollar amount set annually by the Legislature to provide Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) base funding for kindergarten through grade 12 students.

BASIS (Behavioral and Academic Support Information System)

A comprehensive electronic database that provides data needed to drive decision-making and instruction in schools. The data includes student assessment results, attendance data, discipline information, and demographic information.

BECON (Broward Education Communications Network)

Owned and operated by Broward County Public Schools (BCPS), provides curriculum-based instructional programs for classroom teachers and broadcast programming on BECON-TV, a division of BECON, licensed by the FCC to provide non-commercial, educational programming to the South Florida community. BECON also provides online courses for BCPS students through Broward Virtual School and video conferencing services for schools, the community, and local businesses.



GLOSSARY -

Board

The elected or appointed body that has been created according to state law and vested with responsibilities for educational activities in a given administrative unit. Included under the Board are the Board Attorney and other legal services, independent auditors, and internal auditors that report directly to the Board, negotiators, lobbyists, etc.

Bonds

A debt instrument requiring the issuer (also called the debtor or borrower) to repay to the lender/investor amount borrowed plus interest (coupons) over a specified period.

Budget

A plan of financial activity for a specified fiscal year indicating all planned revenues and expenses for the budget period.

Capital Outlay

Expenditures related, but not limited, to the procurement of land, the purchase of furniture and equipment, and the acquisition or construction of educational facilities.

Capital Outlay & Debt Service (CO & DS)

Allocated by the Office of Educational Facilities, Budgeting and Financial Management, these funds may be used in acquiring, building, constructing, altering, remodeling, improving, enlarging, furnishing, equipping, maintaining, renovating, or repairing of capital outlay projects. These funds are spent on projects on the Project Priority List presented to the State Department of Education.

Capital Outlay Bond Issue (COBI)

Bonds issued by the State of Florida on behalf of a school district for capital outlay purposes. Funds may be used for survey-recommended projects included on a school district's project priority list. Repayment of bonds is from Capital Outlay and Debt Service (CO & DS) revenues.

Capital Outlay Funds

These funds are used to account for financial resources that are restricted to acquisition, construction, improving and maintaining capital assets, such as land, building and equipment.

Career and Professional Education Act (CAPE) Bonus FTE

Additional FTE is earned by students who successfully complete a career-themed course and are issued an industry certification identified on the CAPE Industry Certification Funding List. The CAPE teacher bonus payments are distributed from these funds.

Career and Professional Education Act (CAPE) Digital Tools Bonus FTE

Elementary and middle school students who successfully complete an embedded CAPE Digital Tools course and issued a CAPE Digital Tools certification earn an additional 0.025 FTE. Additional FTE for elementary and middle school students cannot exceed 0.1 FTE. The CAPE Digital Tools teacher bonus payments are distributed from these funds.

Castaldi Analysis

An analysis used by the Florida Department of Education (FLDOE) to validate the Educational Plant Survey or an amendment to the survey. It is a mathematical computation to determine if it is more cost effective to build a new educational facility or to remodel, add to, or upgrade the existing facility.

Categorical Program Funds

Categorical program funds are added to the FEFP allocation that is distributed to districts. Categorical programs include Class Size Reduction (CSR) Program and the District Discretionary Lottery and Florida School Recognition Program.

C,D,F or Unsatisfactory rated schools

Schools issued grades of C, D, or F by the State of Florida school improvement rating system.

Central Services

Activities, other than general administration, which support each of the other instructional and supporting service programs. These activities are defined in the following functions: Planning, Research, Development and Evaluation Services, Information Services, Staff Services, Statistical Services, Data Processing Services, Internal Services, and Other Central Services.



Certificates of Participation (COP)

Certificates of Participation are used to finance the construction of state approved educational facilities and the purchase of land and equipment by the acceleration of funds to a school district through the issuance of debt. The debt service is paid from the proceeds of the Capital Millage (1.500 mills). Since the source of funds for repayment of COPs is from an authorized source, voter approval is not needed. COPs are not considered to be debt because the School Board is not legally required to appropriate funds to make lease payments. COPs may only be used for those projects designated in the official lease document.

CHAMPs (Conversation, Help, Activity, Movement, and Participation)

A classroom and behavior management technique which implements a positive approach method that focuses on Conversation, Help, Activity, Movement, and Participation.

Class Size Reduction (CSR)

In the 2002 elections, Florida voters passed the class size reduction amendment to the state's constitution that obligated the state to fund the reduction of class sizes. By the beginning of the 2010 school year, there was to be a sufficient number of public school classrooms so that the maximum number of students in each room does not exceed 18 students for grades Pre-K through 3, 22 students for grades 4 through 8, and 25 students for grades 9 through 12. Class size requirements do not apply to extracurricular classes.

Cohort Graduation Rate

A group of students on the same schedule to graduate. The graduation rate measures the percentage of students who grade within four years of their first enrollment in ninth grade.

Cohort Survival Method

This method assumes that the historical survival rate of the members of a designated cohort (or group such as a kindergarten class which is tracked through graduation) can be used as the basis for predicting the size of similar cohorts (other kindergarten classes) as they progress through the system.

Committed Project Balances

Funds appropriated in previous fiscal year budgets that are committed to ongoing construction projects, other capital improvements, and planned equipment purchases.

Community Eligibility Provision (CEP)

CEP is a non-pricing meal service option for schools and school districts in low-income areas that allows the qualifying schools and districts to serve breakfast and lunch at no cost to all enrolled students without collecting household meal applications.

Community Services

The activities that are not directly related to providing education for students in a school system. These include non-instructional services provided by the school system for the community.

Concurrency

The implementation of a system to effectively plan for public elementary and secondary school facilities to meet the current and future needs of county's public-school population.

Coronavirus Aide, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act

Signed into law on March 27, 2020, to provide significant financial support to mediate the impact that COVID-19 has had on schools. The act includes \$770.2 million in Elementary and Secondary Emergency Relief (ESSER) funds that may be spent at considerable discretion by the Florida school districts, but are particularly intended to support remote learning, especially for disadvantaged and atrisk students and their teachers.

Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA)

An increase in wages or salary that compensates for inflation in the amount of money needed to cover basic expenses such as housing, food, taxes, and healthcare in a certain area and time period.

COVID Mitigation

Funding for the fee-based program deficits due to loss of revenue due to COVID-19.

Debt Service

Represents the payments of principal and interest to service debt and expenditures related to issuance and retirement of debt.



GLOSSARY -

Debt Service Funds

These funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of interest and principal on general long-term debt.

Debt Service Millage

The Debt Service Millage refers to the millage levy necessary to meet principal and interest payments on general obligation bonds issued by the District. The amount of the Debt Service Millage is computed each year based upon the required principal and interest payments on the general obligation bonds outstanding. The Debt Service Millage should decrease as the amount of principal is being paid off and if the tax roll continues to grow; however, if the growth in the tax roll is diminished as a result of legislation or a decline in the housing market, then the millage rate would be adjusted accordingly and could increase.

Declining Enrollment Supplement

Additional FEFP funding allocation provided to districts fewer unweighted FTE for the current to unweighted FTE of the prior year. In those districts where there is a decline in unweighted FTE, twenty-five percent of the decline is multiplied by the prior year base funding per unweighted FTE.

Deficit

The excess of liabilities of a fund over its assets, usually the result of expenditures exceeding revenues over the life of the fund. Florida law mandates the school district budgets must be in balance, i.e., cannot be in a deficit condition.

Department of Juvenile Justice (DJJ) Supplement

The total K-12 weighted full-time equivalent student membership in juvenile justice education programs in each school district shall be multiplied by the amount of the state's average class-size reduction factor multiplied by the district's cost differential. An amount equal to the sum of this calculation shall be allocated in the FEFP to each school district to supplement other sources of funding for students in juvenile justice education programs.

Digital Classroom Allocation

A FEFP allocation to support school district and school efforts to integrate technology in classroom teaching and learning to ensure students have access to high-quality electronic and digital instructional materials and resources.

Direct Cost

Costs directly attributable to the instruction of students, such as salaries, materials and supplies, etc.

Discipline Matrix

Sets forth the guidelines for assessing consequence for violations of the School Board policies.

Discretionary Millage

The discretionary part of the millage levy which is permitted by law to enhance operating revenues received in the Florida Education Finance Program and State Categorical Programs. The maximum rate is determined annually by the legislature.

District Cost Differential (DCD)

A factor used to adjust FEFP funding to reflect each district's cost of living. The District Cost Differential (DCD) is computed annually based on a three-year average of the Florida Price Level Index (FPLI) as adjust by various factors.

Dual Enrollment (DE) Bonus FTE

Student who complete a general education course through the dual enrollment program with a grade of "A" or better, earn an additional 0.08 FTE. In addition, students with a 3.0 GPA or better who receive an associates degree through the dual enrollment program following completion of taken earn 0.30 FTE. School districts must allocate at least half of the funds received from dual enrollment bonus FTE funding to the schools that generate the funds.

Early High School Graduation Bonus FTE

Each student who earns 24 credits and graduates one semester in advance of the student's cohort earns an additional 0.25 FTE, and each student who earns 24 credits and graduates one year or more in advance of the student's cohort earns an additional FTE of 0.50.



Educational Facilities Security Grant

Funds appropriated for the school hardening grant program that provides awards to schools to fund, in whole or in part, the fixed capital outlay costs associated with improving the physical security of school buildings as identified by a security risk assessment by a school district or charter school.

Egress

A continuous and unobstructed way of exit travel from any point in a building or structure.

Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER)

Includes \$770.2 million to Florida school districts that may be spent at the considerable discretion by school districts, but particularly intended to support remote learning, especially for disadvantaged and at-risk students and their teachers.

Employee Benefits

Amounts paid by the district on behalf of employees. These amounts are not included in gross salary.

Encumbrances

Obligations that are chargeable to an appropriation and for which a part of the appropriation is reserved.

Energy Services

Expenditures for various types of energy used by the school district, such as electricity, gasoline, diesel fuel, heating oil, natural and bottled gas.

English for Speakers of Other Languages (ESOL)

Education and services provided to those students whose first language is not English.

Enterprise Funds

Funds established to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods and services. The use of an enterprise fund is required if: 1) the activity is financed with debt that is secured solely by a pledge of the net revenues from fees and charges of the activity, 2) laws or regulations require that the activity's costs of providing services, including capital costs, be recovered with fees and charges, rather than with taxes or similar revenues, and 3) the pricing policies of the activity establish fees and charges designed to recover its costs, including capital costs.

Entitlement Programs

Government programs that will guarantee certain benefits to a particular group or segment of the population.

End of Course Exam (EOC)

End of Course Exam (EOC) refers to summative course exams occurring at the end of the school year for selected courses.

ESE (Exceptional Student Education)

In the state of Florida, ESE is the designation for special education of students with disabilities, as well as services provided to students who meet criteria for gifted eligibility.

ESE Guaranteed Allocation

A FEFP allocation that provides supplemental funding for students who have a low to moderate handicapping condition(s) and/or are gifted.

Expendable Trust Funds

Asset accounts paying operational expenses with principal and interest.

Expenditure

Spending of funds; money paid out.

Facilities Acquisition and Construction

Consists of those activities concerned with the acquisition of land and buildings, remodeling buildings, construction of buildings and additions, initial installation or extension of service systems and other built-in equipment, and improvements to sites.

Facility

Refers to the school or office location that is the center of accumulation of costs.

GLOSSARY -

Family Empowerment Scholarship (FES)

Provides students in families that have limited financial resources the option to enroll in another public school within or adjacent to their home district or to apply for a scholarship to attend a participating private school. To be eligible, the student's household income level must not exceed 375 percent of the federal poverty level (FPL), which is an increase from the previous 300 percent of the FPL. Scholarship amounts are based on 95 percent of the funds per unweighted (UFTE) in the FEFP for a student in a basic program, plus a per FTE share for all categorical programs except for the ESE Guaranteed Allocation.

Federal Support

The Florida State Board of Education may approve plans for cooperating with the federal government in carrying out any phase of the education program and must provide for the proper administration of funds apportioned to the state from federal appropriations. Federal funds are typically used to supplement state and local funds authorized by the Florida Legislature to support various education programs.

Fiduciary Funds

Funds identified as pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose funds, and agency funds that are used to report resources held by a governmental unit in a trustee or agency capacity for others and, therefore, cannot be used to support the government's own program.

Financial Aid Fund Trust (FAFT)

Districts are authorized I Section 1009.22, F.S., to assess financial aid fees for students enrolled in career certificate and applied technology diploma programs (up to ten percent of the standard tuition rate and out-of-state fee). Districts currently collect this fee locally and distribute the funds in financial aid awards to students with financial need who are enrolled in their post-secondary programs.

Fiscal Services

Consists of those activities concerned with the fiscal operation of the school system. This function includes budgeting, receiving and disbursing cash, financial accounting, payroll, inventory control, and internal auditing.

Fiscal Year

The fiscal year for Broward County Public Schools begins July 1st and ends the following June 30th. The fiscal year is established by state law and is the same for all public-school districts in Florida.

Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP)

The Florida Education Finance Program is the method used by the state to distribute funds in Florida for education.

Florida Price Level Index (FPLI)

A comparable wage index that represents the relative cost of hiring comparable personnel among Florida's school districts. The FPLI was established by the Legislature as the bases for the DCD in the FEFP.

Florida Public Education Lottery Act

Enables the people of the state to benefit from significant additional monies for education. The intent of the Legislature is that the net proceeds of lottery games conducted pursuant to this act be used to support improvements in public education.

Florida Retirement System (FRS)

Florida state-administered retirement plan for those employed at all levels of government (state, counties, district school boards, universities, community colleges, cities, and special districts). Monthly employer-employee contributions are paid to a trust for all FRS members.

Florida School Recognition Program

When funded, the Florida School Recognition Program provides monetary awards to schools that earn an "A" grade, improve at least one performance grade from the previous year or sustain the previous year's improvement of mor than on letter grade. No funding was appropriated to this program for SY2020-21.

Florida Standards Assessment (FSA)

Designed to measure student performance and learning gains. The FSA achievement levels, and learning gains are used in the calculation of the school grade, along with other components.



Florida Tax Credit Scholarship Program

Florida scholarships funded directly by private voluntary contributions to nonprofit scholarship-funding organizations for student who qualify for free or reduced-price school lunches under the National School Lunch Act and students in foster care.

Food and Nutrition Services (BCPSFNS)

This function includes the preparation and serving of regular and incidental meals, lunches, or snacks in connection with school activities, and the delivery of food. Food purchased and served outside the district's defined Food Services program is to be charged as a purchased service of the applicable function.

Fringe Benefits

Amount paid by the district on behalf of employees. These amounts are not included in the gross salary. Such payments, while not paid directly to the employees, are part of the cost of employing staff.

FTE Recalibration

All FTE student enrollment is capped at 1.0 FTE per student for the year except FTE reported by DJJ students beyond the 180-day school year. School districts report all FTE student enrollment, and FLDOE combines all FTE student enrollment reported for the student by all school districts, including FLVS. FLDOE then recalibrates all reported FTE student enrollment for each to student to 1.0 FTE if the total reported FTE exceeds 1.0.

FTE Student

For FEFP funding purposes is one student in membership in one or more FEFP programs for a school year or its equivalent and is limited to 1.0 unweighted FTE (UFTE) during the 180-day school year, providing exception for DJJ students reported beyond the 180-day school year.

Full-Time Equivalent (FTE)

Districts that participate in the state appropriations for the FEFP must operate all schools for a term of 180 actual teaching days, or the hourly equivalent of 180 actual teaching days. The hourly equivalent for kindergarten through 3rd grade is 720 instructional hours and 900 instructional hours for students in 4th through 12th grade

Function

The objective or purpose of an expenditure. Functions are the activities performed to accomplish the objectives of the organization. The activities of a local school system are classified into six broad areas: Instruction, Student and Instructional Support Services, General Support Services, Community Services, Debt Service and Capital Outlay.

Fund

A fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and other financial resources, together with all related liabilities and residual equities or valances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

Fund Balance

Governmental Funds report the difference between their assets and liabilities as fund balance. Under GAAP, fund balance is divided into reserved and unreserved portions.

General Administration

Consists of those activities performed by the superintendent and assistant superintendents in the general direction and management of all affairs of the school system. This includes all personnel and materials in the office of the superintendent.

General Fund

The primary operating funds of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in other funds.

General Obligation Bonds (GOB)

Debt instruments for which a school district pledges its full faith and credit for repayment.

GLOSSARY -

General Support Services

Activities associated with establishing policy, operating schools, and school system, and providing the necessary facilities and services for staff and students. This includes salaries and expenditures for the School Board, Administration, Facilities, Acquisition and Construction, Fiscal Services, Food Services, Central Services, Student Transportation Services, Operation and Maintenance of Plant and Administrative Technology.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) – Statement 34

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement 34, <u>Basic Financial</u> <u>Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments</u> that requires all governments, including special-purpose governments such as school districts, to implement a new financial reporting model. The model includes management's discussion and analysis (MD&A), basic financial statement notes to the financial statements, and certain other required supplementary information (RSI) other than MD&A.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) – Statement 45

For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2008, the District implemented Governmental Accounting Standard Board Statement No. 45, <u>Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for post-employment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)</u>, for certain post-employment benefits including continued coverage for the retiree and dependents in the Medical/Prescription Plans as well as participating in the dental group plan sponsored by the District. Retirees are also eligible to continue the sponsored term life insurance policy provided by the District. The requirement of this statement was implemented prospectively, with the actuarially determined liability of \$105.6 million as of January 1, 2006, being amortized over 30 years.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) – Statement 54

<u>Fund Balance Reporting and Government Fund Type Definitions</u> provides for two major fund balance classifications. The current standard has two major categories of fund balance classifications, reserved and unreserved. The standard requires the reserved fund balance to be categorized into non-spendable, restricted or committed, and the unreserved fund balance to be categorized into assigned and unassigned.

Governmental Funds

Funds to account for tax-supported activities. There are four types of government funds used by the District: General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Capital Project Funds and Debt Services Funds. The fifth type of governmental funds is Permanent Funds, which is not used by BCPS.

Governor's Emergency Education Relief (GEER)

Supported by the CARES Act, provides Florida school districts \$64 million for summer recovery to reduce academic achievement gaps exacerbated by COVID-19 and \$30 million to cover districts' increased costs for cleaning and sanitation due to COVID-19.

Grant

State and Federal refers to code numbers assigned by the FLDOE for reporting state and federal grants.

Hold Harmless Allocation

Provides additional FEFP funding for school districts whose funds per unweighted FTE student in the prior year were less than the statewide average or whose DCD in the current year is less than the prior year.

Homestead Exemption

Florida law allows up to \$50,000 to be deducted from the assessed value of a primary permanent residence. The first \$25,000 of value is entirely exempt. The second \$25,000 applies to the value between \$50,000 to \$75,000 and does not include an exemption for public school tax.

Hope Scholarship Program

Students enrolled in a Florida public school in kindergarten through grade 12 who have been subjected to an incident of battery, harassment, hazing, bullying, kidnapping, physical attack, robbery, sexual offenses, assault, threat, intimidation or fighting at school have the opportunity transfer to another public school or enroll in an approved private school.



International Baccalaureate (IB)

An advanced international academic program based on standards and curriculum created by the International Baccalaureate Organization based in Geneva, Switzerland.

Impact Fees

A one-time tax imposed on all new residential and commercial construction by local governments to defray the cost of growth impact on vital services such as schools, parks, roads, ambulance, and fire service and other infrastructure needs.

Indirect Cost

Represents the expenses of doing business that are not readily or accurately identified within a program. Indirect cost are expenditures related to fiscal operations, other general administrative and business support services. Also referred to as Facilities and Administrative (F&A) costs.

Industry Certifications

Credentials that secondary students have an opportunity to earn through advanced training and exams in a particular industry or technical trade.

Innovative Programs

Magnet programs offer educational choices to students regardless of student's BCPS school boundary. Each Magnet program emphasizes a specialized theme and attracts students by offering unique opportunities for in-depth experiences in specific areas of interest.

Instruction

The activities dealing directly with the teaching of students or the interaction between teachers and students.

Instruction and Curriculum Development Services

Activities designed to aid teachers in developing the curriculum, preparing, and utilizing special curriculum materials, and understanding and appreciating the various techniques that stimulate and motivate pupils. Included in this function are the following instructional support specialists: primary, technology, learning sources, and behavioral.

Instructional Materials

Funds are allocated annually to purchase instructional materials. This includes the purchase of instructional content, technology equipment and infrastructure, core subject materials, library/media materials, science lab materials and digital instructional materials for students with disabilities.

Instructional Media Services

Those activities concerned with the use of all teaching and learning resources, including hardware and content materials. Educational media are defined as any devices, content materials, methods, or experiences used for teaching and learning purposes, including printed and non-printed sensory materials. Included are school media centers (school libraries) and central media center operations, as well as routine repair and maintenance of audio-visual equipment.

Instructional Staff Training Services

Activities designed to contribute to the professional or occupational growth and competence of members of the instructional staff during the time of their service to the District. Among these activities are workshops, demonstrations, school visits, courses for college credits, and sabbatical leaves.

Internal Service Funds

These funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or other departments of the governmental units on a cost reimbursement basis. These funds are used to account for printing and other services provided to other governmental funds.

International Baccalaureate (IB) Bonus FTE

Additional FTE is earned by students enrolled in an IB course and receive a score of four our higher on the IB subject exam or receive an IB diploma. The IB teacher bonus payments are distributed from these funds.

GLOSSARY

Levy

Taxes imposed for the support of governmental activities.

Local Support

Local revenue for school support is derived almost entirely from property taxes levied by Florida's 67 counties, each of which constitutes a school district.

Maintenance of Plant

Consists of activities that are concerned with keeping the grounds, buildings, and equipment at an acceptable level of efficiency through repairs or preventative maintenance.

Major Fund

The District's major fund is the general fund, which is the operating budget.

Market Value

The most probable price that a property should bring in a competitive and open market under all condition's requisite to a fair sale, based on comparable sales, construction cost and consideration of income derived from income producing properties, such as rental apartments and warehouses, as of January 1st of each year.

Materials and Supplies

Amounts paid for items of an expendable nature that are consumed, work out or deteriorated by used, or items that lose their identity through fabrication or incorporation into different or more complex units or substances.

McKay Scholarship Program

This program provides Florida students with special needs the opportunity to attend a participating private school. The McKay Scholarship Program also offers parents public school choice.

Mental Health Assistance Allocation (MHAA)

The FEFP funds are allocated to establish or expand school-based mental health care. Each school district will receive a minimum of \$100,000, and the remaining balance will be distributed proportionally to districts based on their total unweighted student enrollment.

Mill

One thousandth of a dollar of assessed value.

Minimum Basic Operations (MBO)

The minimum activities necessary to maintain the value of inventory, preserve plant and equipment condition, ensure security, process payroll and employee benefits, and facilitate employees working remotely, provided such businesses shall practice, and ensure persons interacting with and within such businesses practice, physical distancing and all other measures as advised by the CDC.

Modified Accrual

Revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the fiscal period. Expenditures are generally recognized when the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable.

Modular Buildings

Type IV (non-combustible construction) buildings that are one-room classrooms or classrooms contained within a complete modular building. Modular buildings are air-conditioned and placed on engineered grade level foundations. The buildings are of several types of construction, ranging in sizes necessary to meet the educational specifications for the facility they will serve. Florida Building Code requires a restroom within classrooms that are used for primary grades (kindergarten through third grade). All these classrooms meet the Florida Building Code requirements for permanent construction.

Non-Expendable Trust Fund

Funds where the principal must be preserved intact. Only the interest earnings and not principal may be spent.



Non-program Charges

Include debt service, which is payments of principal and interest for the retirement of debt, and transfers, which are nonreciprocal inter-fund activities represented by disbursement of cash or goods from one fund within the district to another fund without an equivalent return and with a requirement for repayment.

Non-voted Millage

Property tax levy rates set by the governing body of the county or municipality that does not require voter approval, unlike Voted Millage.

Object

Identifies the service or commodity obtained as a result of a specific expenditure. There are seven major object categories: Salaries, Employee Benefits, Purchased Services, Energy Services, Materials and Supplies, Capital Outlay and Other Expenses.

Operation of Plant

Consists of activities concerned with keeping the physical plant open and ready for use. Major components of this function are utilities, including telephone service, custodial costs, and insurance costs associated with school buildings. Includes cleaning, disinfecting, heating, moving furniture, caring for grounds, school crossing guards, security, and other such activities that are performed on a daily, weekly, monthly, or seasonal basis. Operation of plant does not encompass repairs and replacements of facilities and equipment.

Prior Period Funding Adjustment Millage

The prior period funding adjustment millage must be levied by a school district if the prior period unrealized Required Local Effort (RLE) funds are greater than zero. The Commissioner of Education shall calculate the amount of the prior period unrealized RLE funds and the millage required to generate that amount.

Program

The activities, operations or organizational units designated to accomplish an objective or purpose. Education programs are established by law for Florida school districts are the basis for the program cost accounting and reporting system.

Program Cost Factors

The weighted factors assigned to the FEFP educational programs to assure that each program receives an equitable share of funds in relation to its relative cost per student. Program cost factors are determined by the Florida Legislature and represent relative cost differences among the FEFP programs.

Project

The classification that is used to identify expenditures related to a specific activity, such as a construction project or project funded through grants.

Project Priority List (PPL)

This listing is required by the State Constitution Section (9)(d) Article XII and relates to the order of priority of capital outlay projects. The projects are also listed in the Education Plant Survey. If a project is on the list, it qualifies for use of Capital Outlay and Debt Service (CO & DS) funds, and COBI bond sales. These funds come from state motor vehicle license tag fees.

Proration to Appropriations

State revenue collections are not sufficient to fund the amount appropriated for the FEFP, a special session may be held to reduce the appropriations and allocations. If the program calculates an amount that exceeds the appropriation, a proration of available funds will be deducted from the districts' calculated funding in proportion to each district's relative share of state and local FEFP dollars.

GLOSSARY

Public Education Capital Outlay (PECO)

A state program that provides funds to school districts from revenue derived from a tax collected on the gross receipts for sale of utility service. There are three types of PECO funds for school districts: PECO maintenance dollars, PECO new construction dollars, and Charter School Capital Outlay from PECO that is required to flow through the District.

Purchased Services

Amounts paid for personal services rendered by personnel who are not on the payroll of the District School Board, and other services that the Board may purchase.

Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCB)

Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCB) are issued with principal only repaid by the District, no interest, and the investor receives a tax credit in lieu of interest payment. QSCBs may be issued to construct, rehabilitate, or repair a public-school facility or they may be used to acquire land on which such facility to be contracted with such proceeds. They are authorized by the Federal Government under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) of 2009.

Qualified Zone Academy Bonds (QZAB)

A provision of the tax code that provides a source of funding that may be used for renovating school buildings, purchasing equipment, developing curricula, and training school personnel. The proceeds of the bonds may not be used for new construction. This is a tax credit bonds program, not a grant program.

Reading Program Allocation

The FEFP funding allocation for a K-12 comprehensive, district-wide system of research-based reading instruction. The amount of \$115,000 shall be allocated to each district, and the remaining balance shall be allocated based on each district's proportion of the total K-12 base funding. These funds shall provide for an additional hour of intensive reading instruction beyond the normal school day for each day of the entire school year for the students in the 300 lowest performing elementary schools.

Referendum

The principle or practice of submitting to popular vote a measure passed on or proposed by a legislative body or by popular initiative.

Required Local Effort (RLE)

The FEFP is funded with both state revenue and local revenue derived from property tax. In order to receive state funding, school districts must contribute to the FEFP with local property tax revenue. This is called Required Local Effort (RLE). The Legislature sets the total statewide amount school districts must contribute and the statewide average millage rate necessary to generate the total RLE. The statewide average millage rate is adjusted for each district to limit the amount of total FEFP funding based on district property values.

Revenue

The income of a government from taxation and non-tax sources, appropriated to the payment of public expenses.

Revenue Anticipation Notes (RANS)

A note or short-term loan that may be issued by the district in anticipation of the receipt of current school funds. These notes may not exceed one year but may be extended on a year-by-year basis for a total of five years. These obligations may not exceed one-fourth of the district's tax revenues for operations for the preceding year. These funds may be utilized for School Board approved purchases to include school buses, land, equipment for educational purposes, remodeling, renovation, and new construction of educational and administrative facilities. RANS are authorized by section 1011.14, F.S.

Rolled Back Rates

The millage that would be necessary to generate the same amount of dollars as the previous fiscal year, after adjusting for new construction. The proposed millage rate is compared to the rolled back rate and translated into a percentage of change.



Safe-school officer (SSO)

For the protection and safety of school personnel, property, students, and visitors, each district shall assign one more SSO to each school facility within the district. Florida SB 7030 defines four SSO options as a school resource officer, school safety officer, school guardian, and a school security guard.

Safe Schools Appropriation Allocation

The General Appropriations Act provides the Safe Schools funding. These funds guarantee each Florida school district a minimum allocation of \$250,000. Of the remaining amount, one-third shall be allocated to each school district based on the latest Florida Crime Index provided by Florida Department of Law Enforcement, and two-thirds shall be allocated based on each district's share of the state's total unweighted student enrollment. Safe School funds are to be used by districts to help them comply with sections 1006.07 through 1006.4193, F.S., with priority given to establishing a School Resource Officer Program pursuant to section 1006.12, F.S.

Salaries

Amounts paid to employees of the school system who are considered to be in positions of a permanent nature, including personnel under written contract substituting for individuals in permanent positions.

Save-Our-Homes (SOH) Value

After the first year a home receives a homestead exemption and the property appraiser assesses it at just value, the assessment for each following year cannot increase more than three percent of the percent of change in the Consumer Price Index (CPI), whichever is less.

School Administration

Activities concerned with directing and managing the operation of an individual school. This function includes activities performed by the principal, assistant principal, and other assistants in the general supervision of all operations of the school, evaluations of staff members of the school, assignment of duties to staff members, supervision, and maintenance of the records of the school, and coordination of school instructional activities with the instructional activities of the school system. It includes clerical staff for the activities and bookkeeping associated with processing time reports for Title I personnel working additional hours in title I, Part A, School Improvement Grant Programs.

School Advisory Council (SAC)

SAC is an elected counsel of parents, school staff, and community representatives at each school who evaluate the needs of their school and develop and monitor the School Improvement Plan. The SAC composition must reflect the demographics of the school, and at least 51 percent of its members must not be persons employed at the school.

School Improvement Plan (SIP)

Identifies the academic and priority goals along with strategies for each school to improve student achievement, while preparing every student to graduate. These plans, designed to implement state education goals, Sunshine State Standards, and District Strategic Plan Goals are based on a needs assessment and include goals, baseline data, indicators of student progress, strategies, action plans, and evaluation procedures. All SIPs must be approved by the School Board.

Single Point of Entry (SPE)

As a part of the District's SMART initiative safety and security enhancements, BCPS established SPE projects at all schools, which limit visitor access to a single entrance during the school day. All perimeter gates must be locked once the school day begins and must always be monitored by a staff member.

SMART Bond Program (Safety, Music & Art, Athletics, Renovation, Technology)

Focuses on improving schools and the educational experience of students and faculty at 231 SMART funded Broward County Public Schools, in the categories of Safety, Music & Art, Athletics, Renovation, and Technology. Funded by a \$800 million bond referendum approved by Broward County voters in November 2014. The improvement to school facilities include technology equipment, indoor air quality, school safety systems, and music and athletic equipment.

Sparsity Supplement

The FEFP funding allocation for smaller school districts with relatively higher operating cost due to sparse student populations through a statutory formula in which the variable factor is a sparsity index.



GLOSSARY

Special Revenue Funds

These funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted or committed to expenditures for specific purposes, such as food services and miscellaneous special revenue which require revenues to be expended for specific purposes.

State Categorical Funds

State categorical funds are appropriations by the state for specific categorical purposes, such as instructional materials. State categorical programs generally must be expended during a fiscal year, returned to the state, or re-budgeted for that specific purpose during the next fiscal year.

State Support

Funds for state support to school districts are provided primarily by legislative appropriations. The major portion of state support is distributed through the FEFP.

Student and Instructional Support Services

Administrative, technical, and logistical support to facilitate and enhance instruction. Student and Instructional Support Services, Instructional Media Services, Instruction and Curriculum Development Services, Instructional Staff Training services and Instruction-Related Technology.

Student Support Services

Those activities which are designed to assess and improve the well-being of pupils and to supplement the teaching process. These activities are classifiable under the following functions: Attendance and Social Work, Guidance Services, Health Services, Psychological Services, Parental Involvement and Other Pupil Personnel Services.

Student Transportation Allocation

The FEFP funding allocation used to transport students living more than two miles from school. Funding is based on enrollment, but the statutory allocation formula adjusts the funding to consider students with special transportation needs, efficient bus utilization, hazardous walking conditions, rural population and other factors.

Summer Seamless Option (SSO)

A Food and Nutrition Services Department summer program where students continued to eat at no charge at the school they were enrolled in, regardless of their individual meal eligibility status.

Supplemental Academic Instruction (SAI)

The FEFP funding allocation used for remediation, drop-out prevention, summer school programs, extended school year, and similar programs for at-risk and low-performing students. A portion of SAI funding is earmarked to be used, along with funds from the Reading Allocation, to provide an additional hour of reading instruction for students in schools low performing elementary schools as identified by statewide assessment results.

Taxable Value

Amount used to calculate the taxes for all taxing authorities.

Teacher Classroom Assistance Program

This FEFP appropriation provides an allocation to each school district based on the prorated total of each district's share of the total K-12 unweighted FTE student enrollment. Pursuant to section 1012.71, F.S., the funds are to be used only by certified classroom teachers for the purchase of classroom instructional materials and supplies for use in teaching students.

Teacher Salary Increase Allocation

Eighty percent of the allocation are provided to school districts to increase the salaries of full-time district and charter school classroom teachers, included certified pre-kindergarten teachers funded through FEFP, to at least \$47,500 or the maximum amount achievable based on the district's allocation. Twenty percent of this allocation, along with any unused funds from the eighty percent, is to provide salary increases to full-time classroom teachers who did not receive an increase or received an increase of less than two percent, or other full-time instructional personnel excluding substitute teachers.



Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)

TANF is a time-limited program that helps families when parents or other relatives cannot provide for the family's basic needs.

Traffic Analysis Zones (TAZ)

A special area delineated by state and/or local transportation officials for tabulating traffic-related data. Consist of one or more census blocks, block groups or census tracts.

Transfers

Nonreciprocal inter-fund activity represented by disbursement of cash or goods from one fund with the school district to another fund without an equivalent return or with a requirement for repayment.

Trust and Agency Funds

These funds are used to account for assets held by Expendable Trust Funds, Nonexpendable Trust Funds, and Agency Funds.

Truth in Millage (TRIM)

Florida Legislature passed the Truth in Millage (TRIM) Act in 1980. This law is designed to inform taxpayers which governmental entity is responsible for the taxes levied and the amount of tax liability taxpayers owe to each taxing authority. The property appraiser sends this information, known as the TRIM notice, to the property owner. TRIM establishes the statutory requirements that all taxing authorities levying a mileage must follow, in including all notices and budget hearing requirements.

Turnaround School Supplemental Services Allocation (TSSSA)

The State of Florida appropriates to provide eligible schools with the funds to improve the overall academic and community welfare of students and their families, pursuant to s. 1001.62(21), F.S. Eligible schools will receive up to \$500 per FTE student.

Unencumbered Balance

A concept in governmental accounting. The portion of an appropriation that has not yet been spent or tagged for use and is available for use.

Unweighted FTE (UFTE)

Unweighted FTE refers to the number of Full Time Equivalent and accounts for the segments of time of a student during the school day. The Full Time Equivalent hourly equivalent for kindergarten through grade three is 720 instructional hours and 900 instructional hours for students in grades four through grade twelve for 180 actual teaching dates as prescribed by Section 1011.60(2) 1.04511, Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.). Time allotted for lunch and changing classes are not used to calculate the hourly equivalent.

Voted Millage

Property ad valorem taxes in excess of maximum millage amounts authorized by law approved for periods not longer than two years by a majority vote from the voters in that specific district or community. Voted Millage or "voted levies" does not include levies approved by voter referendum not required by general law or the State Constitution.

GLOSSARY

Weighted FTE (WFTE)

The weighted FTE accounts for the student by program participation during the school day. Multiplying the unweighted FTE students for a program by the FEFP program cost factors produces the "weighted FTE". This calculation weights the unweighted FTE to reflect the relative cost of the programs, as represented by the program cost factors.

The programs and cost factors for the 2022-23 school year are as follows:

<u>Program</u>	<u>Grade</u>	Cost Factor
Basic Education	PK-3	1.126
Basic Education	4-8	1.000
Basic Education	9-12	0.999
Basic Education with ESE Services	PK-3	1.126
Basic Education with ESE Services	4-8	1.000
Basic Education with ESE Services	9-12	0.999
English for Speakers of Other Languages	KG-12	1.206
Exceptional Student Education, Level 4	PK-12	3.674
Exceptional Student Education, Level 5	PK-12	5.401
Career Education	9-12	0.999

Weighted FTE (WFTE) Cap

FEFP Program Group 2 has an enrollment ceiling (cap) that is established based on each district's estimates of FTE in each FEFP program. District estimates are reviewed and approved by a student enrollment estimating conference. The appropriated FTE in each program is multiplied by the program's cost factor. The resulting WFTE, aggregated by program group, establishes the group cap.

Workforce Development Fund Allocations

Operating funds for school district career and adult education programs are provided in the Workforce Development Fund. Allocations to districts are made annually in the General Appropriations Act (GAA) and must be used for the delivery of Workforce Development Education Fund program by school districts and shall be used for other purpose. Workforce Development Education programs include adult education programs, technical certificate programs, applicated technology diploma programs and apprenticeship programs.

21 st CCLS	21 st Century Community Learning Centers
AAP	Acts Against Persons
ACE	Adult and Community Educators
ACFR	Annual Comprehensive Financial Report
ACT	American College Test
ADA	Americans with Disabilities Act
ADAAA	Americans with Disabilities Act Amendments Act
AEAP	Anti-Terrorism Emergency Response Program
AED	Automatic External Defibrillator
AES	Alternative to External Suspension
AICE	Advanced International Certificate of Education
AP	Advanced Placement
ARNP	Advanced Registered Nurse Practitioner
ARP	American Rescue Plan
ARRA	American Recovery and Reinvestment Act
ASBO	Association of School Business Officials
ASCA	American School Counselor Association
ASD	Autism Spectrum Disorder
ASSO	Armed safe-school officer
AYP	Adequate Yearly Progress
BASCC	Before and After School Child Care
BASIS	Behavior and Academic Support Information System
BC	Broward College
BCPA	Broward County Property Appraiser
BCPS	
	Broward County Public Schools
BCPSFNS	BCPS Food and Nutrition Services
BCURV	Broward Comprehensive Universal Reduction of Violence
BECON	Broward Education and Communication Network
BEEP	Broward Enterprise Education Portal
BEST	Benchmarks for Excellent Student Thinking
BJA	Bureau of Justice Assistance
BRACE	Broward Advisors for Continuing Education
BRITE	Broward's Innovative Tool for Education
BSA	Base Student Allocation
BSC	Business Support Center
BSO	Broward Sheriff's Office
BTIP	Broward Truancy Intervention Program
BVS	Broward Virtual School
BVU	Broward Virtual University
CAPE	Career and Professional Education
CAPOR	Cost as a Percentage of Revenue
CARES	Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act
CBA	•
	Collective Bargaining Agreements
CBT	Cognitive Behavior Therapy
000	Citizens Concerned about our Children
CDC	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention
CFO	Chief Financial Officer
CGCS	Council of the Great City Schools
CHAMP	Conversation, Help, Activity, Movement and Participation
CIA	Collaboration Internship for All
CO	Capital Outlay
CO&DS	Capital Outlay and Debt Services
COB	Capital Outlay Bond



COBI COP CPI CSHS CSM CSR CTACE DCD DCF DE DEP DEFP DGA DJJ DOE DOP DOJ DOJ DROP DS DSOC DWH EAP EBD EBRW EETF	Capital Outlay Bond Issue Certificate of Participation Consumer Price Index Coordinated Student Health Services Campus Security Manager Class Size Reduction Career, Technical, Adult and Community Education District Cost Differential Department of Children and Families Dual Enrollment Demographics & Enrollment Planning District Educational Facilities Plan Dietary Guidelines for Americans Department of Juvenile Justice Department of Energy Dropout Prevention Department of Justice Deferred Retirement Option Program Debt Services District Security Operations Center Data Warehouse Employee Assistance Program Emotional Behavior Disorder Evidence-Based Reading and Writing Education Enhancement Trust Fund
EL	Equity Liaisons
ELA ELL	English Language Arts English Language Learners
EMS	Emergency Management Suite
EOC	End-of Course
ERP	Enterprise Resource Planning
ES	Elementary School
ESE	Exceptional Student Education
ESEA	Elementary and Secondary Education Act
ESF	Educational Stabilization Fund
ESLS	Exceptional Student Learning Support
ESOL	English Speakers of Other Languages
ESS	Employee Self Service
ESSA	Every Student Succeeds Act
ESSER	Elementary & Secondary School Emergency Relief
ESY	Extended School Year
FAC	Florida Administrative Code
FACE	Family and Community Engagement
FAFT	Financial Aid Fund Trust
FAST	Florida Assessment of Student Thinking
FCAT FCP	Florida Comprehensive Assessment Test
FDLE	Family Counseling Program Florida Department of Law Enforcement
FDOACS	Florida Department of Agriculture & Consumer Services
FEFP	Florida Education Finance Program
FEMA	Federal Emergency Management Agency
FES	Family Empowerment Scholarship
FISH	Florida Inventory of School Houses

FLDOE FLDOH FLDRS	Florida Department of Education Florida Department of Health Florida Diagnostic & Learning Resources System
FPL	Federal Poverty Level
FPLI	Florida Price Level Index
FRL	Free and Reduced Lunch
FRS	Florida Retirement System
FS	Florida Statue
FSA	Florida Standards Assessments
FSAA	Florida Standards Alternative Assessments
FSSAT	Florida Safe Schools Assessment Tool
FTE FY	Full-Time Equivalent Fiscal Year
GAA	General Appropriations Act
GAAP	Governmental Generally Accepted Accounting Principals
GASB	Governmental Accounting Standards Board
GCSCORED	Global Center for Counseling Outcome Research Eval & Development
GED	General Equivalency Diploma
GEER	Governor's Emergency Education Relief Fund
GFOA	Government Finance Officers Association
GOB	General Obligation Bond
GOBI	General Obligation Bond Issues
GSB HEART	Gardiner Scholarship Program Homeless Education Resource Team
HIPAA	Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act
HIV	Human Immunodeficiency Virus
HRSS	Human Resource Support Services
HS	High School
HVAC	Heating, Ventilation, and Air Conditioning
IA	Instructional Allocation
IAQ	Indoor Air Quality
IB	International Baccalaureate
	Intellectual Disability
IDEA IEP	Individual with Disabilities Education Act Individualized Education Plan
ILA	Interlocal Agreement
IT	Information and Technology Department
JRTOC	Junior Reserve Officer Training Corps
KPI	Key Performance Indicator
L&D	Lost and Damaged
LAB	Learning Across Broward
LAN	Local Area Network
LEA	Local Education Agency
	Leadership Experiences and Administrative Department
LEED LEP	Leadership in Energy and Environment Design Limited English Proficiency
LI	Language Impaired
	Local Option Millage Levy
LPN	Licensed Practical Nurse
МВО	Minimum Basic Operation
MHAA	Mental Health Assistance Allocation
MS	Middle School

MSAP MSDHS MSID MTSS NASP NBPTS NCSSLE NGSSS NMSQT NRT NSLP OaO OCA OCP OPEB OSPA PA PCG PE PECO PERT PECO PERT PK PLC PMOR PMOT PMOT PPE PPFAM PPO	Magnet Schools Assistance Program Marjory Stoneman Douglas High School Master School Identification Multi-Tier System of Supports National Association of School Psychologist National Board for Professional Teaching Standards National Board for Professional Teaching Standards National Center on Safe Supportive Learning Environment Next Generation Sunshine State Standards National Merit Scholarship Qualifying Test Norm-Referenced Test National School Lunch Program Office of Academics Office of the Chief Auditor Office of Capital Programs Other Post-Employment Benefits Office of School Performance and Accountability Public Announcement Public Consulting Group Physical Education Public Education Capital Outlay Postsecondary Education Readiness Test Pre-Kindergarten Professional Learning Communities Project Management Oversight Team Personal Protection Equipment Prior Period Funding Adjustment Millage Physical Plant Operations
PREPaRE PSAP	Prevent Reaffirm Evaluate Provide and Respond Examine Public Safety Access Point
PSAT	Preliminary Scholastic Assessment Test
PSFE	Public School Facilities Element
QSCB	Qualified School Construction Bonds
RANs	Revenue Application Notes
RFP	Request for Proposal
RLE	Required Local Effort
RN	Registered Nurse
ROTC	Reserve Officers Training Corps
Rtl	Response to Intervention
RUMERTIME	Recognize Understand Manage Express and Reflect on Thoughts
	Interaction Mindset and Emotions
SAC	School Advisory Council
SACS	Southern Association of Colleges and Schools
SAF	School Advisory Forum
SAFR	Superintendent's Annual Financial Report
SAI SAP	Supplemental Academic Instruction Systems, Applications and Products
SAT	Scholastic Assessment Test
SAVE	Students Against Violence Everywhere
SB	Senate Bill
SBA	State Board of Administration
SBBC	School Board of Broward County

SC&D SEAS SEDNET SERV SES SESIR SI SIM SIP SIS SIU SMART SNAP SOH SPE SREF SRO SSAE SSEP SSO SSAE SSEP SSO SSOS SSRA STA STARS STEAM STEM	School Climate & Discipline Student Enrichment through the Arts Students with Emotional/Behavioral Disabilities Network School Emergency Response to Violence Supplemental Education Services School Environmental Safety Incident Report Speech Impaired Strategic Initiative Management School Improvement Plan Student Information System Special Investigative Unit Safety, Music and Arts, Athletics, Renovations and Technology Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Save Our Homes Single Point of Entry State Requirements for Educational Facilities School Resource Officer Statement on Standards for Attestation Engagements Security and Emergency Preparedness Safe-school officer Student Success Opportunity Schools School Security Risk Assessment Student Threat Assessment Student Threat Assessment Student Focus – Teaching Excellence – Accountability Respect Safety Science, Technology, Engineering, Arts and Mathematics
SY TAZ	Staff, Teachers, Organizations, Parents & Students School Year Traffic Analysis Zone
TERMS	Total Education Resource Management System
TF-CBT TIF	Trauma Focus – Cognitive Behavior Teacher Incentive Fund
ToT TRIM	Training of Trainer Truth in Millage
TSA	Tax Shelter Annuity
TSSSA UFTE	Turnaround School Supplemental Services Allocation Unweighted Full-Time Equivalent
USDA	United States Department of Agriculture
USDOE USDOJ	United States Department of Education United States Department of Justice
VoIP	Voice Over Internet Phone
VPK	Voluntary Pre-Kindergarten
WAN WDIS	Wide Area Network Workforce Development Information System
WFE	Workforce Education
WFTE	Weighted Full-time Equivalent

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Educating Today's Students to Succeed in Tomorrow's World.

